# House of Representatives



General Assembly

*File No. 189* 

January Session, 2025

Substitute House Bill No. 6876

House of Representatives, March 24, 2025

The Committee on Banking reported through REP. DOUCETTE of the 13th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

### AN ACT ESTABLISHING FIRST-TIME HOMEBUYER SAVINGS ACCOUNTS AND A RELATED TAX DEDUCTION AND CREDIT.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2026*) (a) For the purposes of this
 section:

3 (1) "Account holder" means an individual who, either individually or
4 jointly with another individual, establishes a first-time homebuyer
5 savings account;

6 (2) "Allowable closing costs" means the disbursements listed on a
7 settlement statement concerning a transaction involving the purchase of
8 a one-to-four family residence in this state by a qualified beneficiary to
9 serve as the qualified beneficiary's primary residence;

10 (3) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Revenue Services;

(4) "Eligible costs" means the down payment and all allowable closingcosts paid or reimbursed by a qualified beneficiary to purchase a one-

#### sHB6876

to-four family residence in this state to serve as the qualifiedbeneficiary's primary residence;

(5) "Financial institution" means a bank, out-of-state bank,
Connecticut credit union, federal credit union or out-of-state credit
union, as those terms are defined in section 36a-2 of the general statutes,
and any affiliate or third-party provider of such entities;

(6) "First-time homebuyer" means an individual who did not own or
purchase, either individually or jointly with another person, a one-tofour family residence prior to the closing date of a real estate transaction
involving the purchase of a one-to-four family residence in this state by
the individual;

(7) "First-time homebuyer savings account" means an account
established by one or more account holders with a financial institution
that the account holders designate as an account exclusively containing
funds to pay or reimburse eligible costs incurred by the qualified
beneficiary of the account;

(8) "One-to-four family residence" means a residential dwelling
consisting of not more than four dwelling units, including, but not
limited to, a mobile manufactured home, as defined in section 21-64 of
the general statutes, or a residential unit in a cooperative, common
interest community or condominium, as such terms are defined in
section 47-202 of the general statutes;

(9) "Qualified beneficiary" means a first-time homebuyer who (A) is
an account holder and designated as the qualified beneficiary of a firsttime homebuyer savings account, and (B) resides in the one-to-four
family residence in this state that is purchased with the funds deposited
in such account; and

(10) "Settlement statement" means the statement of receipts and
disbursements for a transaction related to real estate, including, but not
limited to, a statement prescribed pursuant to the Real Estate Settlement
Procedures Act of 1974, 12 USC Section 2601 et seq., as amended from

44 time to time, and regulations adopted thereunder.

45 (b) For purposes of implementing the deduction allowed under 46 subparagraph (B) of subdivision (20) of subsection (a) of section 12-701 47 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and the credit allowed 48 under section 3 of this act, the commissioner shall prepare forms for (1) 49 the designation of accounts as first-time homebuyer savings accounts, 50 (2) the designation of qualified beneficiaries, and (3) account holders to 51 submit to the commissioner the information described in subparagraph 52 (B) of subdivision (1) of subsection (d) of this section and any additional 53 information that the commissioner reasonably requires pursuant to the 54 provisions of this section.

55 (c) An individual may establish one or more first-time homebuyer 56 savings accounts with a financial institution. Two individuals may 57 jointly establish and serve as the account holders of a first-time 58 homebuyer savings account, provided such account holders shall file a 59 joint return for the tax imposed under chapter 229 of the general statutes 60 for each taxable year during which such account exists. The account 61 holder or account holders shall, not later than April fifteenth of the 62 taxable year immediately following the taxable year during which such 63 account holder or account holders established a first-time homebuyer 64 savings account, designate the qualified beneficiary of such account. 65 The account holder or account holders of a first-time homebuyer savings 66 account may designate a new qualified beneficiary of the account at any 67 time, provided there shall not be more than one qualified beneficiary of 68 such account at any time. No individual may establish or serve as an 69 account holder of multiple first-time homebuyer savings accounts that 70 have the same qualified beneficiary. First-time homebuyer savings 71 accounts shall exclusively contain cash and there shall be no limit on the 72 amount of contributions made to, or contained in, such accounts. Any 73 person may contribute to a first-time homebuyer savings account, 74 including, but not limited to, employers of the account holder or account 75 holders of such account. If an account holder of a first-time homebuyer 76 savings account leaves employment with an employer that contributed 77 to such account while such account holder was employed by such employer, such employer shall not seek reimbursement of any
contribution to such account. The account holder or account holders
may invest funds deposited in a first-time homebuyer savings account
in money market funds.

82 (d) (1) Each account holder shall:

(A) Not use any portion of the funds deposited in a first-time
homebuyer savings account to pay any administrative fees or expenses,
other than service fees imposed by the depository financial institution,
for such account; and

(B) Submit to the commissioner such account holder's tax return for
each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2026, during which a
first-time homebuyer savings account established by such account
holder exists, along with:

(i) Any information required by the commissioner concerning such
first-time homebuyer savings account for purposes of implementing the
deduction allowed under subparagraph (B) of subdivision (20) of
subsection (a) of section 12-701 of the general statutes, as amended by
this act, and the credit allowed under section 3 of this act;

96 (ii) The Internal Revenue Service Form 1099 issued by the depository97 financial institution for such first-time homebuyer savings account; and

(iii) If such account holder withdrew funds from such first-time
homebuyer savings account during the taxable year that is the subject
of such return, a detailed accounting of all eligible costs and ineligible
costs paid or reimbursed using such funds during such taxable year and
the balance of funds remaining in such account.

(2) Each account holder may withdraw all, or any portion of, the
 funds contributed to and deposited in a first-time homebuyer savings
 account and deposit such funds in another first-time homebuyer savings
 account established by such account holder at any financial institution.

107 (e) (1) The commissioner may require that financial institutions

108 furnish certain information about each first-time homebuyer savings109 account.

(2) No financial institution shall be required to (A) designate an
account as a first-time homebuyer savings account, (B) track the use of
any funds withdrawn from a first-time homebuyer savings account, or
(C) allocate funds in a first-time homebuyer savings account among
account holders.

115 (3) No financial institution shall be liable or responsible for (A) 116 determining whether, or ensuring that, an account satisfies the 117 requirements established in this section concerning first-time homebuyer savings accounts or the funds in first-time homebuyer 118 119 savings accounts are used to pay or reimburse eligible costs, or (B) 120 disclosing or remitting taxes or penalties concerning first-time 121 homebuyer savings accounts unless such disclosure or remittance is 122 required by applicable law.

(4) Upon receiving proof of the death of an account holder and all
other information required by any contract governing a first-time
homebuyer savings account established by the account holder, the
depository financial institution shall distribute the funds in the firsttime homebuyer savings account in accordance with the terms of such
contract.

129 (f) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, each account holder who withdraws funds from a first-time homebuyer 130 131 savings account for any reason other than paying or reimbursing the 132 qualified beneficiary of such account for eligible costs incurred by such 133 qualified beneficiary shall be liable to this state for a civil penalty in an 134 amount equal to ten per cent of the withdrawn amount. Such civil 135 penalty shall be collectible by the commissioner. If such funds were 136 deducted by an account holder in accordance with subparagraph (B) of 137 subdivision (20) of subsection (a) of section 12-701 of the general 138 statutes, as amended by this act, then such withdrawn funds shall be 139 considered income.

140	(2) No account holder shall be liable for a penalty under subdivision		
141	(1) of this subsection, nor shall funds withdrawn from a first-time		
142	homebuyer savings account be considered income, if the funds		
143	withdrawn from the first-time homebuyer savings account:		
144	(A) Are deposited in another first-time homebuyer savings account		
145	pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection (d) of this section;		
146	(B) Are withdrawn due to the death or disability of an account holder		
147	who established such account;		
148	(C) Constitute a disbursement of the assets of such account pursuant		
149	to a filing for protection under the United States Bankruptcy Code, as		
150	amended from time to time; or		
151	(D) Are not claimed as a deduction pursuant to subparagraph (B) of		
152	subdivision (20) of subsection (a) of section 12-701 of the general		
153	statutes, as amended by this act, by the account holder on a return for		
154	the tax imposed under chapter 229 of the general statutes.		
155	(g) The commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance with the		
156	provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the		
157	provisions of this section.		
158	Sec. 2. Subparagraph (B) of subdivision (20) of subsection (a) of		
159	section 12-701 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is		
160	substituted in lieu thereof ( <i>Effective January 1, 2026</i> ):		
161	(B) There shall be subtracted therefrom:		
162	(i) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal		
163	income tax purposes, any income with respect to which taxation by any		
164	state is prohibited by federal law;		
165	(ii) To the extent allowable under section 12-718, exempt dividends		
166	paid by a regulated investment company;		
167	(iii) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal		
168	income tax purposes, the amount of any refund or credit for		

overpayment of income taxes imposed by this state, or any other state
of the United States or a political subdivision thereof, or the District of
Columbia;

(iv) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal
income tax purposes and not otherwise subtracted from federal
adjusted gross income pursuant to clause (x) of this subparagraph in
computing Connecticut adjusted gross income, any tier 1 railroad
retirement benefits;

(v) To the extent any additional allowance for depreciation under
Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code for property placed in
service after September 27, 2017, was added to federal adjusted gross
income pursuant to subparagraph (A)(ix) of this subdivision in
computing Connecticut adjusted gross income, twenty-five per cent of
such additional allowance for depreciation in each of the four
succeeding taxable years;

(vi) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal
income tax purposes, any interest income from obligations issued by or
on behalf of the state of Connecticut, any political subdivision thereof,
or public instrumentality, state or local authority, district or similar
public entity created under the laws of the state of Connecticut;

(vii) To the extent properly includable in determining the net gain or loss from the sale or other disposition of capital assets for federal income tax purposes, any gain from the sale or exchange of obligations issued by or on behalf of the state of Connecticut, any political subdivision thereof, or public instrumentality, state or local authority, district or similar public entity created under the laws of the state of Connecticut, in the income year such gain was recognized;

(viii) Any interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase
or carry obligations or securities the interest on which is subject to tax
under this chapter but exempt from federal income tax, to the extent that
such interest on indebtedness is not deductible in determining federal
adjusted gross income and is attributable to a trade or business carried

201 on by such individual;

202 (ix) Ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the 203 taxable year for the production or collection of income which is subject 204 to taxation under this chapter but exempt from federal income tax, or 205 the management, conservation or maintenance of property held for the 206 production of such income, and the amortizable bond premium for the 207 taxable year on any bond the interest on which is subject to tax under 208 this chapter but exempt from federal income tax, to the extent that such 209 expenses and premiums are not deductible in determining federal 210 adjusted gross income and are attributable to a trade or business carried 211 on by such individual;

212 (x) (I) For taxable years commencing prior to January 1, 2019, for a 213 person who files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried 214 individual whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is 215 less than fifty thousand dollars, or as a married individual filing 216 separately whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is 217 less than fifty thousand dollars, or for a husband and wife who file a 218 return under the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly 219 whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than 220 sixty thousand dollars or a person who files a return under the federal 221 income tax as a head of household whose federal adjusted gross income 222 for such taxable year is less than sixty thousand dollars, an amount 223 equal to the Social Security benefits includable for federal income tax 224 purposes;

225 (II) For taxable years commencing prior to January 1, 2019, for a 226 person who files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried 227 individual whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is 228 fifty thousand dollars or more, or as a married individual filing 229 separately whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is 230 fifty thousand dollars or more, or for a husband and wife who file a 231 return under the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly 232 whose federal adjusted gross income from such taxable year is sixty 233 thousand dollars or more or for a person who files a return under the

federal income tax as a head of household whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is sixty thousand dollars or more, an amount equal to the difference between the amount of Social Security benefits includable for federal income tax purposes and the lesser of twenty-five per cent of the Social Security benefits received during the taxable year, or twenty-five per cent of the excess described in Section 86(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code;

241 (III) For the taxable year commencing January 1, 2019, and each 242 taxable year thereafter, for a person who files a return under the federal 243 income tax as an unmarried individual whose federal adjusted gross 244 income for such taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, 245 or as a married individual filing separately whose federal adjusted gross 246 income for such taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, 247 or for a husband and wife who file a return under the federal income tax 248 as married individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross 249 income for such taxable year is less than one hundred thousand dollars 250 or a person who files a return under the federal income tax as a head of 251 household whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is 252 less than one hundred thousand dollars, an amount equal to the Social 253 Security benefits includable for federal income tax purposes; and

254 (IV) For the taxable year commencing January 1, 2019, and each 255 taxable year thereafter, for a person who files a return under the federal 256 income tax as an unmarried individual whose federal adjusted gross 257 income for such taxable year is seventy-five thousand dollars or more, 258 or as a married individual filing separately whose federal adjusted gross 259 income for such taxable year is seventy-five thousand dollars or more, 260 or for a husband and wife who file a return under the federal income tax 261 as married individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross 262 income from such taxable year is one hundred thousand dollars or more 263 or for a person who files a return under the federal income tax as a head 264 of household whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year 265 is one hundred thousand dollars or more, an amount equal to the 266 difference between the amount of Social Security benefits includable for federal income tax purposes and the lesser of twenty-five per cent of the 267

#### sHB6876

Social Security benefits received during the taxable year, or twenty-five
per cent of the excess described in Section 86(b)(1) of the Internal
Revenue Code;

(xi) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal
income tax purposes, any amount rebated to a taxpayer pursuant to
section 12-746;

(xii) To the extent properly includable in the gross income for federal
income tax purposes of a designated beneficiary, any distribution to
such beneficiary from any qualified state tuition program, as defined in
Section 529(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, established and
maintained by this state or any official, agency or instrumentality of the
state;

(xiii) To the extent allowable under section 12-701a, contributions to
accounts established pursuant to any qualified state tuition program, as
defined in Section 529(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, established and
maintained by this state or any official, agency or instrumentality of the
state;

(xiv) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal
income tax purposes, the amount of any Holocaust victims' settlement
payment received in the taxable year by a Holocaust victim;

(xv) To the extent properly includable in the gross income for federal
income tax purposes of a designated beneficiary, as defined in section
3-123aa, interest, dividends or capital gains earned on contributions to
accounts established for the designated beneficiary pursuant to the
Connecticut Homecare Option Program for the Elderly established by
sections 3-123aa to 3-123ff, inclusive;

(xvi) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal
income tax purposes, any income received from the United States
government as retirement pay for a retired member of (I) the Armed
Forces of the United States, as defined in Section 101 of Title 10 of the
United States Code, or (II) the National Guard, as defined in Section 101

299 of Title 10 of the United States Code;

300 (xvii) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 301 income tax purposes for the taxable year, any income from the discharge 302 of indebtedness in connection with any reacquisition, after December 303 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt instrument or 304 instruments, as those terms are defined in Section 108 of the Internal 305 Revenue Code, as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery 306 and Reinvestment Act of 2009, to the extent any such income was added 307 to federal adjusted gross income pursuant to subparagraph (A)(xi) of 308 this subdivision in computing Connecticut adjusted gross income for a 309 preceding taxable year;

(xviii) To the extent not deductible in determining federal adjusted
gross income, the amount of any contribution to a manufacturing
reinvestment account established pursuant to section 32-9zz in the
taxable year that such contribution is made;

314 (xix) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 315 income tax purposes, (I) for the taxable year commencing January 1, 316 2015, ten per cent of the income received from the state teachers' 317 retirement system, (II) for the taxable years commencing January 1, 318 2016, to January 1, 2020, inclusive, twenty-five per cent of the income 319 received from the state teachers' retirement system, and (III) for the 320 taxable year commencing January 1, 2021, and each taxable year 321 thereafter, fifty per cent of the income received from the state teachers' 322 retirement system or, for a taxpayer whose federal adjusted gross 323 income does not exceed the applicable threshold under clause (xx) of 324 this subparagraph, the percentage pursuant to said clause of the income 325 received from the state teachers' retirement system, whichever 326 deduction is greater;

(xx) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal
income tax purposes, except for retirement benefits under clause (iv) of
this subparagraph and retirement pay under clause (xvi) of this
subparagraph, for a person who files a return under the federal income
tax as an unmarried individual whose federal adjusted gross income for

#### sHB6876

332 such taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, or as a 333 married individual filing separately whose federal adjusted gross 334 income for such taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, 335 or as a head of household whose federal adjusted gross income for such 336 taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, or for a husband 337 and wife who file a return under the federal income tax as married 338 individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross income for such 339 taxable year is less than one hundred thousand dollars, (I) for the taxable 340 year commencing January 1, 2019, fourteen per cent of any pension or 341 annuity income, (II) for the taxable year commencing January 1, 2020, 342 twenty-eight per cent of any pension or annuity income, (III) for the 343 taxable year commencing January 1, 2021, forty-two per cent of any 344 pension or annuity income, and (IV) for the taxable years commencing 345 January 1, 2022, and January 1, 2023, one hundred per cent of any 346 pension or annuity income;

347 (xxi) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 348 income tax purposes, except for retirement benefits under clause (iv) of 349 this subparagraph and retirement pay under clause (xvi) of this 350 subparagraph, any pension or annuity income for the taxable year 351 commencing on or after January 1, 2024, and each taxable year 352 thereafter, in accordance with the following schedule, for a person who 353 files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual 354 whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than 355 one hundred thousand dollars, or as a married individual filing 356 separately whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is 357 less than one hundred thousand dollars, or as a head of household 358 whose federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than 359 one hundred thousand dollars:

T1	Federal Adjusted Gross Income	Deduction
T2	Less than \$75,000	100.0%
T3	\$75,000 but not over \$77,499	85.0%
T4	\$77,500 but not over \$79,999	70.0%
Т5	\$80,000 but not over \$82,499	55.0%

	sHB6876	File No. 189
T6	\$82,500 but not over \$84,999	40.0%
Τ7	\$85,000 but not over \$87,499	25.0%
Т8	\$87,500 but not over \$89,999	10.0%
Т9	\$90,000 but not over \$94,999	5.0%
T10	\$95,000 but not over \$99,999	2.5%
T11	\$100,000 and over	0.0%

360 (xxii) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 361 income tax purposes, except for retirement benefits under clause (iv) of 362 this subparagraph and retirement pay under clause (xvi) of this 363 subparagraph, any pension or annuity income for the taxable year 364 commencing on or after January 1, 2024, and each taxable year 365 thereafter, in accordance with the following schedule for married 366 individuals who file a return under the federal income tax as married 367 individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross income for such 368 taxable year is less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars:

T12	Federal Adjusted Gross Income	Deduction
T13	Less than \$100,000	100.0%
T14	\$100,000 but not over \$104,999	85.0%
T15	\$105,000 but not over \$109,999	70.0%
T16	\$110,000 but not over \$114,999	55.0%
T17	\$115,000 but not over \$119,999	40.0%
T18	\$120,000 but not over \$124,999	25.0%
T19	\$125,000 but not over \$129,999	10.0%
T20	\$130,000 but not over \$139,999	5.0%
T21	\$140,000 but not over \$149,999	2.5%
T22	\$150,000 and over	0.0%

369 (xxiii) The amount of lost wages and medical, travel and housing
370 expenses, not to exceed ten thousand dollars in the aggregate, incurred
371 by a taxpayer during the taxable year in connection with the donation
372 to another person of an organ for organ transplantation occurring on or
373 after January 1, 2017;

374 (xxiv) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal

#### sHB6876

income tax purposes, the amount of any financial assistance received
from the Crumbling Foundations Assistance Fund or paid to or on
behalf of the owner of a residential building pursuant to sections 8-442
and 8-443;

(xxv) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal
income tax purposes, the amount calculated pursuant to subsection (b)
of section 12-704g for income received by a general partner of a venture
capital fund, as defined in 17 CFR 275.203(l)-1, as amended from time to
time;

(xxvi) To the extent any portion of a deduction under Section 179 of
the Internal Revenue Code was added to federal adjusted gross income
pursuant to subparagraph (A)(xiv) of this subdivision in computing
Connecticut adjusted gross income, twenty-five per cent of such
disallowed portion of the deduction in each of the four succeeding
taxable years;

390 (xxvii) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 391 income tax purposes, for a person who files a return under the federal 392 income tax as an unmarried individual whose federal adjusted gross 393 income for such taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, 394 or as a married individual filing separately whose federal adjusted gross 395 income for such taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, 396 or as a head of household whose federal adjusted gross income for such 397 taxable year is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, or for a husband 398 and wife who file a return under the federal income tax as married 399 individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross income for such 400 taxable year is less than one hundred thousand dollars, for the taxable 401 year commencing January 1, 2023, twenty-five per cent of any 402 distribution from an individual retirement account other than a Roth 403 individual retirement account;

404 (xxviii) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal
405 income tax purposes, for a person who files a return under the federal
406 income tax as an unmarried individual whose federal adjusted gross
407 income for such taxable year is less than one hundred thousand dollars,

408 or as a married individual filing separately whose federal adjusted gross 409 income for such taxable year is less than one hundred thousand dollars, 410 or as a head of household whose federal adjusted gross income for such 411 taxable year is less than one hundred thousand dollars, (I) for the taxable 412 year commencing January 1, 2024, fifty per cent of any distribution from 413 an individual retirement account other than a Roth individual 414 retirement account, (II) for the taxable year commencing January 1, 2025, 415 seventy-five per cent of any distribution from an individual retirement 416 account other than a Roth individual retirement account, and (III) for 417 the taxable year commencing January 1, 2026, and each taxable year 418 thereafter, any distribution from an individual retirement account other 419 than a Roth individual retirement account. The subtraction under this 420 clause shall be made in accordance with the following schedule:

T23	Federal Adjusted Gross Income	Deduction
T24	Less than \$75,000	100.0%
T25	\$75,000 but not over \$77,499	85.0%
T26	\$77,500 but not over \$79,999	70.0%
T27	\$80,000 but not over \$82,499	55.0%
T28	\$82,500 but not over \$84,999	40.0%
T29	\$85,000 but not over \$87,499	25.0%
T30	\$87,500 but not over \$89,999	10.0%
T31	\$90,000 but not over \$94,999	5.0%
T32	\$95,000 but not over \$99,999	2.5%
T33	\$100,000 and over	0.0%

421 (xxix) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 422 income tax purposes, for married individuals who file a return under 423 the federal income tax as married individuals filing jointly whose 424 federal adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than one 425 hundred fifty thousand dollars, (I) for the taxable year commencing 426 January 1, 2024, fifty per cent of any distribution from an individual 427 retirement account other than a Roth individual retirement account, (II) 428 for the taxable year commencing January 1, 2025, seventy-five per cent 429 of any distribution from an individual retirement account other than a

#### sHB6876

\_\_\_\_

Roth individual retirement account, and (III) for the taxable year
commencing January 1, 2026, and each taxable year thereafter, any
distribution from an individual retirement account other than a Roth
individual retirement account. The subtraction under this clause shall
be made in accordance with the following schedule:

T34	Federal Adjusted Gross Income	Deduction
T35	Less than \$100,000	100.0%
T36	\$100,000 but not over \$104,999	85.0%
T37	\$105,000 but not over \$109,999	70.0%
T38	\$110,000 but not over \$114,999	55.0%
T39	\$115,000 but not over \$119,999	40.0%
T40	\$120,000 but not over \$124,999	25.0%
T41	\$125,000 but not over \$129,999	10.0%
T42	\$130,000 but not over \$139,999	5.0%
T43	\$140,000 but not over \$149,999	2.5%
T44	\$150,000 and over	0.0%

435 (xxx) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 436 income tax purposes, for the taxable year commencing January 1, 2022, 437 the amount or amounts paid or otherwise credited to any eligible 438 resident of this state under (I) the 2020 Earned Income Tax Credit 439 enhancement program from funding allocated to the state through the 440 Coronavirus Relief Fund established under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, 441 and Economic Security Act, P.L. 116-136, and (II) the 2021 Earned 442 Income Tax Credit enhancement program from funding allocated to the 443 state pursuant to Section 9901 of Subtitle M of Title IX of the American 444 Rescue Plan Act of 2021, P.L. 117-2;

(xxxi) For the taxable year commencing January 1, 2023, and each taxable year thereafter, for a taxpayer licensed under the provisions of chapter 420f or 420h, the amount of ordinary and necessary expenses that would be eligible to be claimed as a deduction for federal income tax purposes under Section 162(a) of the Internal Revenue Code but that are disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal Revenue Code because marijuana is a controlled substance under the federal 452 Controlled Substance Act; 453 (xxxii) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 454 income tax purposes, for the taxable year commencing on or after 455 January 1, 2025, and each taxable year thereafter, any common stock 456 received by the taxpayer during the taxable year under a share plan, as 457 defined in section 12-217ss; 458 (xxxiii) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 459 income tax purposes, the amount of any student loan reimbursement 460 payment received by a taxpayer pursuant to section 10a-19m; 461 (xxxiv) Contributions to an ABLE account established pursuant to 462 sections 3-39k to 3-39q, inclusive, not to exceed five thousand dollars for 463 each individual taxpayer or ten thousand dollars for taxpayers filing a 464 joint return; [and] 465 (xxxv) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 466 income tax purposes, the amount of any payment received pursuant to 467 subsection (c) of section 3-122a; 468 (xxxvi) For an account holder, as defined in section 1 of this act, who 469 files a return under the federal income tax as an unmarried individual, 470 a married individual filing separately or a head of household, whose 471 federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year is less than one 472 hundred thousand dollars or who files a return under the federal 473 income tax as married individuals filing jointly whose federal adjusted 474 gross income for the taxable year is less than two hundred thousand 475 dollars: 476 (I) To the extent not deductible in determining federal adjusted gross 477 income, for the taxable year commencing January 1, 2027, an amount 478 equal to the contributions deposited during the taxable years 479 commencing January 1, 2026, and January 1, 2027, in a first-time 480 homebuyer savings account established pursuant to subsection (c) of 481 section 1 of this act, less any amounts withdrawn during said taxable

482 years by the account holder from such account under subparagraph (D)

of subdivision (2) of subsection (f) of section 1 of this act. The amount 483 484 claimed under this subclause shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars for each such taxable year for an unmarried individual, 485 486 a married individual filing separately or a head of household and five 487 thousand dollars for each such taxable year for married individuals 488 filing jointly; 489 (II) To the extent not deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income, for the taxable year commencing January 1, 2028, and each 490 491 taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to the contributions deposited during the taxable year in a first-time homebuyer savings account 492 493 established pursuant to subsection (c) of section 1 of this act, less any 494 amounts withdrawn during the taxable year by the account holder from 495 such account pursuant to subparagraph (D) of subdivision (2) of 496 subsection (f) of section 1 of this act. The amount allowed to be claimed under this subclause for the taxable year shall not exceed two thousand 497 498 five hundred dollars for an unmarried individual, a married individual 499 filing separately or a head of household and five thousand dollars for 500 married individuals filing jointly; and (III) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal 501 502 income tax purposes, for the taxable year commencing January 1, 2027,

and each taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to the sum of all
 interest accrued on a first-time homebuyer savings account, established

- 505 pursuant to subsection (c) of section 1 of this act, during the taxable year;
- 506 <u>and</u>

507 (xxxvii) To the extent properly includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, for an account holder who is a qualified 508 509 beneficiary of a first-time homebuyer savings account, as those terms 510 are defined in section 1 of this act, and who files a return under the 511 federal income tax as an unmarried individual, a married individual filing separately or a head of household, whose federal adjusted gross 512 513 income for the taxable year is less than one hundred thousand dollars 514 or who files a return under the federal income tax as married individuals 515 filing jointly whose federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year is

516 less than two hundred thousand dollars, for taxable years commencing
517 on or after January 1, 2027, an amount equal to any withdrawal from
518 such account that is used to pay or reimburse such qualified beneficiary
519 for eligible costs, as defined in section 1 of this act, incurred by the
520 qualified beneficiary.

521 Sec. 3. (NEW) (Effective January 1, 2026) (a) (1) For the taxable or 522 income year commencing on or after January 1, 2027, but prior to 523 January 1, 2028, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed 524 under chapter 208 or 229 of the general statutes, other than the liability 525 imposed by section 12-707 of the general statutes, for contributions 526 deposited by the employer of an account holder in a first-time 527 homebuyer savings account established pursuant to subsection (c) of 528 section 1 of this act during the taxable or income years commencing on 529 or after January 1, 2026, but prior to January 1, 2028, provided such 530 account holder was employed by such employer at the time such 531 contributions were made.

532 (2) For the taxable or income years commencing on or after January 533 1, 2028, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed under 534 chapter 208 or 229 of the general statutes, other than the liability 535 imposed by section 12-707 of the general statutes, for contributions 536 deposited by the employer of an account holder in a first-time 537 homebuyer savings account established pursuant to subsection (c) of 538 section 1 of this act during the taxable or income year, provided such 539 account holder was employed by such employer at the time such 540 contributions were made.

(3) The amount of the credit allowed under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection shall be equal to ten per cent of the amount of the contributions made by the taxpayer into the first-time homebuyer savings accounts of account holders of such accounts during the income or taxable year, provided the amount of the credit allowed for any income or taxable year with respect to a specific account holder shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars.

548 (b) If the taxpayer is an S corporation or an entity treated as a **sHB6876 / File No. 189 19**  549 partnership for federal income tax purposes, the credit may be claimed 550 by the shareholders or partners of the taxpayer. If the taxpayer is a single 551 member limited liability company that is disregarded as an entity 552 separate from its owner, the credit may be claimed by such limited 553 liability company's owner, provided such owner is a person subject to 554 the tax imposed under chapter 208 or 229 of the general statutes. Any taxpayer claiming the credit shall provide to the Department of Revenue 555 556 Services documentation supporting such claim in the form and manner prescribed by the Commissioner of Revenue Services. 557

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:			
Section 1	January 1, 2026	New section	
Sec. 2	January 1, 2026	12-701(a)(20)(B)	
Sec. 3	January 1, 2026	New section	

**BA** Joint Favorable Subst.

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

### **OFA Fiscal Note**

#### State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 26 \$	FY 27 \$
Department of Revenue Services	GF - Cost	None	Up to
			175,000
Department of Revenue Services	GF - Revenue	None	None
	Loss		

Note: GF=General Fund

#### Municipal Impact: None

#### Explanation

The bill, which establishes a first-time homebuyer savings account program and associated personal income tax deduction and business tax credit, results in a General Fund revenue loss of up to \$713,000 in FY 28 and up to \$970,000 in FY 29. The revenue loss would grow in FY 30 and beyond subject to program utilization rates.

The bill also results in a one-time cost of up to \$175,000 to the Department of Revenue Services in FY 27 associated with programming updates to the CTax tax administration system and myconneCT online portal, form modification, and printing/mailing costs.

#### The Out Years

#### **Personal Income Tax Deduction**

The personal income tax deduction for qualifying account contributions, accrued interest, and withdrawals is estimated to result in a revenue loss of up to \$113,000 in FY 28 and up to \$80,000 in FY 29.<sup>1</sup> The revenue loss could approach \$430,000 by FY 36.

#### **Business Tax Credit**

The credit for employer contributions is estimated to result in a revenue loss of up to \$600,000 in FY 28 and up to \$890,500 in FY 29. The revenue loss could annualize to approximately \$800,000 beginning in FY 31. This estimate assumes that the same level of qualifying accounts as the estimate for the personal income tax deduction.

Sources: Iowa Department of Revenue

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The estimated revenue loss is larger in FY 28 as the bill specifies that, for the 2027 tax year only, account holders may deduct the amount contributed (less withdrawals) for both the 2026 and 2027 tax years.

### OLR Bill Analysis sHB 6876

### AN ACT ESTABLISHING FIRST-TIME HOMEBUYER SAVINGS ACCOUNTS AND A RELATED TAX DEDUCTION AND CREDIT.

### SUMMARY

This bill creates a first-time homebuyer savings program, generally allowing individuals and employers to contribute into specialized savings accounts to be used for a beneficiary's eligible homebuying expenses and receive tax benefits for doing so.

Specifically, the bill creates (1) personal income tax deductions for certain individuals who contribute to, or are the qualified beneficiaries of, funds deposited into a first-time homebuyer savings account and (2) a tax credit for employers who similarly contribute to the accounts of their employees. It requires the Department of Revenue Services (DRS) commissioner to implement the tax deduction and credit, including by preparing associated forms, and allows him to adopt implementing regulations.

Under the bill, individuals may open at financial institutions (i.e. banks, out-of-state banks, credit unions, or their affiliates or third-party providers) savings accounts that are dedicated to paying for or reimbursing the down payment and closing costs of an account holder who is a first-time homebuyer and resides in a Connecticut one- to four-family residence purchased with account funds (i.e. the "qualified beneficiary"). The bill designates "first-time homebuyers" as those who have not previously owned or purchased, either individually or with someone else, a one- to four-family residence (including a mobile manufactured home or a unit in a cooperative, common interest community, or condominium).

To qualify for the bill's tax deductions, account holders must have a

federal adjusted gross income (AGI) below \$100,000 for single filers or \$200,000 for joint filers. They may deduct (1) the contributions deposited in the account, generally capped at \$2,500 for single filers and \$5,000 for joint filers annually; (2) accrued interest; and (3) for an account holder who is also the account's qualified beneficiary, the amount withdrawn that is used to pay or reimburse him or her for program eligible costs. For the bill's tax credit, employers may annually claim 10% of their contributions to employees' accounts against the corporation business or personal income tax, but the amount is capped at \$2,500 for any specific employee. Deductions and credits start in the 2027 tax or income year, as applicable, but the 2027 deduction or credit may include contributions made in the 2026 tax or income year.

If funds are withdrawn from a first-time homebuyer savings account for a reason other than an allowed purpose, the bill generally imposes a civil penalty of 10% of the withdrawn amount.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 1, 2026

#### ACCOUNT CONTRIBUTIONS

The bill allows anyone to contribute to a first-time homebuyer savings account with no limit on contributions made to, or contained in, an account. Accounts must only contain cash, but account holders may invest the funds in money market funds.

It prohibits employers of account holders from seeking reimbursement for contributions they make to an employee's account if his or her employment is terminated.

### USE OF ACCOUNT FUNDS

The bill limits the use of account funds to (1) a qualified beneficiary's down payment and closing costs to purchase a one- to four-family residence in the state as his or her primary residence (i.e. "eligible costs") and (2) the financial institution's account service fees. Allowable closing costs are the disbursements listed on the settlement statement associated with the home purchase. The bill allows an account holder to withdraw funds from an account to be deposited into another account

established for the same purpose.

# ACCOUNT HOLDER POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES Establishing the Account

Under the bill, an individual may establish one or more accounts. Individuals who file a joint tax return may jointly establish and hold accounts, so long as they jointly file tax returns for each taxable year that the account exists.

The bill prohibits an account holder from using any funds deposited into an account for administrative fees or expenses, other than the financial institution's service fees.

### Designating the Beneficiary

The bill requires individual or joint account holders to designate the account's qualified beneficiary. They must do so by April 15 of the year immediately after the taxable year during which the account was established.

Under the bill, account holders may designate a new qualified beneficiary at any time, but there may be only one qualified beneficiary associated with an account at a time. In addition, the bill prohibits anyone from establishing or holding more than one account with the same qualified beneficiary.

### Tax Reporting

The bill requires an account holder to submit to the DRS commissioner the following information for each tax year during which the holder has a first-time homebuyer savings account:

- 1. his or her tax return;
- 2. any information the commissioner requires about the account to implement the tax deduction and credit;
- 3. the IRS Form 1099 issued by the financial institution for the account; and

 if the account holder withdrew funds from the account during the taxable year, (a) a detailed accounting of the eligible and ineligible costs paid or reimbursed with account funds and (b) the remaining account balance.

### Withdrawing Funds

The bill establishes a civil penalty, collectible by the DRS commissioner, of 10% of the withdrawn amount for an account holder who withdraws account funds for a reason other than transferring the funds to another such account or paying or reimbursing the qualified beneficiary for the home purchase down payment or closing costs. If the account holder deducted these withdrawn funds for state income tax purposes, the withdrawn funds are considered income.

The bill waives the withdrawal penalty and does not consider the withdrawn funds as income under the following circumstances:

- 1. the account holder did not claim the funds for a state income tax deduction,
- 2. the withdrawn funds were subsequently deposited in another account under the first-time homebuyer savings program,
- 3. the withdrawal was due to the death or disability of an account holder who established the account, or
- 4. the withdrawal is considered an asset disbursement as part of a bankruptcy proceeding.

### **Commissioner Responsibilities**

To implement the deduction and credit, the bill requires the DRS commissioner to prepare forms to:

- designate (a) accounts as first-time homebuyer savings accounts and (b) qualified beneficiaries and
- 2. collect from account holders information for tax purposes and any other information the commissioner needs to perform his

program duties.

### Financial Institution Responsibilities

The bill authorizes the DRS commissioner to require that financial institutions provide certain unspecified information about each firsttime homebuyer account. However, it limits the role of financial institutions by specifying that they are not required to:

- 1. designate an account as a "first-time homebuyer savings account,"
- 2. track the use of funds withdrawn from an account, or
- 3. allocate account funds among account holders.

Additionally, under the bill, a financial institution is not liable or responsible for:

- 1. determining if, or ensuring that, an account meets the bill's requirements;
- 2. determining if account funds are used to pay for or reimburse eligible costs; or
- 3. disclosing or remitting taxes or penalties unless applicable law requires it.

However, the bill requires a financial institution to distribute funds in a first-time homebuyer savings account in accordance with the contract governing the account when it receives proof of an account holder's death and all other information required by the contract.

# TAX BENEFIT - INDIVIDUAL DEDUCTION

Beginning with the 2027 tax year, the bill establishes three tax deductions for first-time homebuyer account holders for (1) qualifying contributions, (2) accrued interest, and (3) withdrawals. The deductions apply only to the extent the income is included in the taxpayer's federal AGI.

### Income Thresholds

To qualify for the deductions, account holders must meet the following income thresholds:

- 1. for single filers (i.e. unmarried individuals, married individuals filing separately, and heads of household), a federal AGI of less than \$100,000 and
- 2. for joint filers, a federal AGI of less than \$200,000.

# **Deduction Amounts**

**Contributions.** The bill establishes a deduction for contributions that generally equals the amount contributed to an account during the applicable tax year, minus any funds withdrawn during the tax year that were not already claimed for a deduction, up to \$2,500 for single filers and \$5,000 for joint filers for each such tax year.

For the 2027 tax year only, account holders may deduct the amount contributed (less withdrawals) for both the 2026 and 2027 tax years, so allowing an aggregate deduction of up to \$5,000 for single filers and \$10,000 for joint filers.

**Accrued Interest.** The bill allows account holders to deduct the total interest accrued on their accounts during each tax year.

**Qualified Beneficiary Deduction.** For an account holder who is a qualified beneficiary, the bill establishes a tax deduction in the amount of any withdrawal from an account that is used to pay, or reimburse, the eligible costs he or she incurs (i.e. the income from a withdrawal used to pay eligible expenses is offset by this tax deduction).

# TAX BENEFIT – EMPLOYER CREDIT

Beginning with the 2027 tax or income year, as applicable, the bill establishes a tax credit for employers that contribute to a current employee's first-time homebuyer savings account, which they may claim against the corporation business tax or personal income tax (but not the withholding tax). The bill sets the annual credit amount at 10%

of the employer's contributions to the employees' accounts, capped at \$2,500 for any specific employee. (Corresponding with the bill's individual deductions, the 2027 credit includes contributions made during the 2026 and 2027 tax or income years.)

Under the bill, if the employer is an S corporation or a partnership for federal income tax purposes, the employer's shareholders or partners may claim the credit. For a single-member limited liability company that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, the owner may claim the credit if he or she is subject to business corporation or income tax. Taxpayers claiming the credit must provide DRS supporting documentation, as the commissioner requires.

### **COMMITTEE ACTION**

**Banking Committee** 

Joint Favorable Substitute Yea 12 Nay 0 (03/06/2025)