STATE OF CONNECTICUT

House of Representatives

General Assembly

File No. 115

January Session, 2025

House Bill No. 6972

House of Representatives, March 18, 2025

The Committee on Aging reported through REP. GARIBAY of the 60th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the bill ought to pass.

AN ACT CONCERNING TRANSFERS AND DISCHARGES IN RESIDENTIAL CARE HOMES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 19a-535a of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):
- 3 (a) As used in this section:
- 4 (1) "Facility" means a residential care home, as defined in section 19a-5 490;
- 6 (2) "Emergency" means a situation in which a resident of a facility
- 7 presents an imminent danger to the resident's own health or safety, the
- B health or safety of another resident or the health or safety of an
- 9 employee or the owner of the facility;
- 10 (3) "Department" means the Department of Public Health; and
- 11 (4) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Public Health, or the

12 commissioner's designee.

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(b) A facility shall permit each resident to remain in the facility, and not transfer or discharge a resident [from the facility] unless (1) the transfer or discharge is necessary to meet the resident's welfare and the resident's welfare cannot be met in the facility, (2) the transfer or discharge is appropriate because the resident's health has improved sufficiently so the resident no longer needs the services provided by the facility, (3) the health or safety of individuals in the facility is endangered, (4) the resident has failed, after reasonable and appropriate notice, to pay for a stay or a requested service at the facility, or (5) the facility ceases to operate.

(c) In the case of an involuntary transfer or discharge, the facility shall, in a form and manner prescribed by the commissioner, provide written notice to the resident and, if known, the resident's legally liable relative, guardian or conservator not less than thirty days prior to the proposed transfer or discharge date, except when the facility has requested an immediate transfer or discharge in accordance with subsection [(e)] (f) of this section. Such notice shall include (1) the reason for the transfer or discharge, (2) the effective date of the transfer or discharge, (3) the location to which the resident will be transferred or <u>discharged</u>, (4) the right of the resident to appeal a transfer or discharge by the facility pursuant to subsection [(d)] (e) of this section, [and] (5) the resident's right to represent himself or herself or be represented by legal counsel, J. Such notice shall be in a form and manner prescribed by the commissioner, as modified from time to time, and shall include the name, mailing address and telephone number of the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman and be sent by facsimile or electronic communication to the Office of the Long-Term Care Ombudsman on the same day as the notice is given to the resident] (6) the name, mailing address and telephone number of the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman, and (7) an attestation by the facility that such notice has been submitted to the Internet web site portal maintained by the State Ombudsman in accordance with subsection (h) of this section. Such notice shall be submitted to the Internet web site portal maintained by the State

Ombudsman on the same day such notice is provided to the resident. If the facility knows the resident has, or the facility alleges that the resident has, a mental illness or an intellectual disability, the notice shall also include the name, mailing address and telephone number of the entity designated by the Governor in accordance with section 46a-10b to serve as the Connecticut protection and advocacy system. If any information provided in a notice provided pursuant to the provisions of this subsection changes prior to effecting the transfer or discharge of a resident, the facility shall update each recipient of the notice in writing as soon as practicable once the updated information becomes available. No resident shall be involuntarily transferred or discharged from a facility if such transfer or discharge presents imminent danger of death to the resident.

[(c)] (d) The facility shall be responsible for assisting the resident in finding an alternative residence. A discharge plan, prepared by the facility, in a form and manner prescribed by the commissioner, as modified from time to time, shall include the resident's individual needs and shall be submitted to the resident not later than seven days after the notice of transfer or discharge is issued to the resident. The facility shall submit the discharge plan to the commissioner at or before the hearing held pursuant to subsection [(d)] (e) of this section.

[(d)] (e) (1) A resident or the resident's legally liable relative, guardian or conservator who has been notified by a facility, pursuant to subsection [(b)] (c) of this section, that the resident will be transferred or discharged from the facility may appeal such transfer or discharge to the Commissioner of Public Health by filing a request for a hearing with the commissioner not later than ten days after the receipt of such notice. Upon receipt of any such request, the commissioner shall hold a hearing to determine whether the transfer or discharge is being effected in accordance with this section. Such a hearing shall be held not later than seven business days after the receipt of such request. The commissioner shall issue a decision not later than twenty days after the closing of the hearing record. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 54.

(2) Any involuntary transfer or discharge that is appealed under this subsection shall be stayed pending a final determination by the commissioner.

- (3) The commissioner shall send a copy of the decision regarding a transfer or discharge to the facility, the resident and the resident's legal guardian, conservator or other authorized representative, if known, or the resident's legally liable relative or other responsible party, and the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman.
- [(e)] (f) (1) In the case of an emergency, the facility may request that the commissioner make a determination as to the need for an immediate transfer or discharge of a resident by submitting a sworn affidavit attesting to the basis for the emergency transfer or discharge. The facility shall provide a copy of the request for an immediate transfer or discharge and the notice described in subsection [(b)] (c) of this section to the resident. After receipt of such request, the commissioner may issue an order for the immediate temporary transfer or discharge of the resident from the facility. The temporary order shall remain in place until a final decision is issued by the commissioner, unless earlier rescinded. The commissioner shall issue the determination as to the need for an immediate transfer or discharge of a resident not later than seven days after receipt of the request from the facility. A hearing shall be held not later than seven business days after the date on which a determination is issued pursuant to this section. The commissioner shall issue a decision not later than twenty days after the date on which the hearing record is closed. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54.
- (2) The commissioner shall send a copy of the decision regarding an emergency transfer or discharge to the facility, the resident and the resident's legal guardian, conservator or other authorized representative, if known, or the resident's legally liable relative or other responsible party and the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman.
- (3) If the commissioner determines, based upon the request, that an emergency does not exist, the commissioner shall proceed with a

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113 hearing in accordance with the provisions of subsection [(d)] (e) of this 114 section.

115 [(f)] (g) A facility or resident who is aggrieved by a final decision of 116 the commissioner may appeal to the Superior Court in accordance with 117 the provisions of chapter 54. Pursuant to subsection (f) of section 4-183, the filing of an appeal to the Superior Court shall not, of itself, stay 119 enforcement of an agency decision. The Superior Court shall consider 120 an appeal from a decision of the commissioner pursuant to this section as a privileged case in order to dispose of the case with the least possible 122 delay.

123 [(g) Not later than six months after May 23, 2022, a] (h) A facility shall 124 electronically report each involuntary transfer or discharge (1) in a 125 manner prescribed by the State Ombudsman, appointed pursuant to 126 section 17a-405, and (2) on an Internet web site portal maintained by the 127 State Ombudsman in accordance with patient privacy provisions of the 128 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, P.L. 104-129 191, as amended from time to time.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2025	19a-535a

AGE Joint Favorable

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The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact: None

Municipal Impact: None

Explanation

The bill makes procedural and technical changes to the existing process documenting involuntarily transfers or discharges from a residential care home, which have no fiscal impact.

OLR Bill Analysis HB 6972

AN ACT CONCERNING TRANSFERS AND DISCHARGES IN RESIDENTIAL CARE HOMES.

SUMMARY

Under existing law, if a residential care home involuntarily transfers or discharges a resident, the facility must give written notice to the resident and (if known) the resident's legally liable relative, guardian, or conservator. The facility must send the notice at least 30 days in advance except in an emergency.

The bill requires the written notice to include (1) the location to which the resident is being transferred or discharged and (2) an attestation by the facility that the notice was submitted to the Long-Term Care Ombudsman's website portal the same day it was given to the resident.

Under the bill, if the information in the written notice changes before the transfer or discharge of the resident, the facility must update the notice as soon as practically possible.

The bill also makes technical and conforming changes.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2025

COMMITTEE ACTION

Aging Committee

Joint Favorable Yea 13 Nay 0 (03/04/2025)