# **House of Representatives**



General Assembly

File No. 151

January Session, 2025

Substitute House Bill No. 7026

House of Representatives, March 19, 2025

The Committee on Human Services reported through REP. GILCHREST of the 18th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

# AN ACT CONCERNING EXCEPTIONS TO THE NURSING HOME BED MORATORIUM.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 17b-354 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
- 3 passage):
- 4 (a) The Department of Social Services shall not accept or approve any
- 5 requests for additional nursing home beds, except (1) beds restricted to
- 6 use by patients with acquired immune deficiency syndrome or by
- 7 patients requiring neurological rehabilitation; (2) beds associated with a
- 8 continuing care facility, as described in section 17b-520, provided such
- beds are not used in the Medicaid program; [. For the purpose of this
- subsection, beds associated with a continuing care facility are not subject
- 11 to the certificate of need provisions pursuant to sections 17b-352 and
- 12 17b-353;] (3) Medicaid certified beds <u>either</u> to be relocated from one
- 13 licensed nursing facility to another licensed nursing facility to meet a
- 14 priority need identified in the strategic plan developed pursuant to
- 15 subsection (c) of section 17b-369 or new beds added to an existing

16 facility or a new facility with preference given to a nontraditional, small-17 house-style nursing home facility that incorporates the goals for nursing 18 facilities referenced in the department's strategic plan for long-term care, as outlined in section 17b-355, as amended by this act, to address 19 20 priority needs reflected by area census trends; (4) licensed Medicaid 21 nursing facility beds to be relocated from one or more existing nursing 22 facilities to a new nursing facility, including a replacement facility, 23 provided (A) no new Medicaid certified beds are added, (B) at least one 24 currently licensed facility is closed in the transaction as a result of the 25 relocation, (C) the relocation is done within available appropriations, 26 (D) the facility participates in the Money Follows the Person 27 demonstration project pursuant to section 17b-369, (E) the availability of 28 beds in the area of need will not be adversely affected, (F) the certificate 29 of need approval for such new facility or facility relocation and the 30 associated capital expenditures are obtained pursuant to sections 17b-31 352 and 17b-353, and (G) the facilities included in the bed relocation and 32 closure shall be in accordance with the strategic plan developed 33 pursuant to subsection (c) of section 17b-369; and (5) proposals to build 34 a nontraditional, small-house style nursing home designed to enhance 35 the quality of life for nursing facility residents, provided that the 36 nursing facility agrees to reduce its total number of licensed beds by a 37 percentage determined by the Commissioner of Social Services in 38 accordance with the department's strategic plan for long-term care. For 39 the purposes of this subsection, beds associated with a continuing care 40 facility are not subject to the certificate of need provisions pursuant to 41 sections 17b-352 and 17b-353.

Sec. 2. Section 17b-355 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) In determining whether a request submitted pursuant to sections 17b-352 to 17b-354, inclusive, as amended by this act, will be granted, modified or denied, the Commissioner of Social Services shall consider the following: (1) The financial feasibility of the request and its impact on the applicant's rates and financial condition, (2) the contribution of the request to the quality, accessibility and cost-effectiveness of the

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delivery of long-term care in the region, (3) whether there is clear public need for the request, (4) the relationship of any proposed change to the applicant's current utilization statistics and the effect of the proposal on the utilization statistics of other facilities in the applicant's service area, (5) the business interests of all owners, partners, associates, incorporators, directors, sponsors, stockholders and operators and the personal background of such persons, and (6) any other factor which the Department of Social Services deems relevant. In considering whether there is clear public need for any request for the relocation of beds to a replacement facility, or for new beds added to an existing facility or a new facility, the commissioner shall consider whether there is a demonstrated bed need in the towns within a fifteen-mile radius of the town in which the beds are proposed to be located and whether the availability of beds in the applicant's service area will be adversely affected.

(b) Any proposal to relocate nursing home beds from an existing facility to a new facility shall not increase the number of Medicaid certified beds and shall result in the closure of at least one currently licensed facility. The commissioner may request that any applicant seeking to replace an existing facility reduce the number of beds in the new facility by a percentage that is consistent with the department's strategic state-wide long-term rebalancing plan for long-term care. If an applicant seeking to replace an existing facility with a new facility owns or operates more than one nursing facility, the commissioner may request that the applicant close two or more facilities before approving the proposal to build a new facility. The commissioner shall also consider whether an application to establish a new or replacement nursing facility proposes a nontraditional, small-house style nursing facility and incorporates goals for nursing facilities referenced in the department's strategic state-wide long-term rebalancing plan for longterm care, including, but not limited to, (1) promoting person-centered care, (2) providing enhanced quality of care, (3) creating community space for all nursing facility residents, and (4) developing stronger connections between the nursing facility residents and the surrounding community.

[Bed] (c) Demonstrated bed need shall be based on the recent occupancy percentage of area nursing facilities [and the] with occupancy above ninety-six per cent for a minimum of two consecutive quarters. The department may consider projected bed need [for no more than five years] into the future at [ninety-seven and one-half per cent] occupancy above ninety-six per cent using the latest [official population projections by town and age as published by the Office of Policy and Management and the latest available state-wide nursing facility utilization statistics by age cohort from the Department of Public Health] strategic state-wide long-term rebalancing plan for long-term care as published by the department. The commissioner may also consider area specific utilization and reductions in utilization rates to account for the increased use of less institutional alternatives.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following					
sections:					
Section 1	from passage	17b-354(a)			
Sec. 2	from passage	17b-355			

# Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

In Section 2(c), "<u>for long-term care</u>" was added after "<u>strategic state-wide long-term rebalancing plan</u>" for internal consistency.

**HS** Joint Favorable Subst. -LCO

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

### **OFA Fiscal Note**

# State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 26 \$	FY 27 \$
Social Services, Dept.	GF - Potential	See Below	See Below
_	Cost		

Note: GF=General Fund

## Municipal Impact: None

## Explanation

The bill could result in increased Medicaid costs to the Department of Social Services (DSS) associated with allowing DSS to approve requests to add new Medicaid-certified beds to existing or new nursing homes. To the extent this results in a higher cost per bed than Medicaid would otherwise support or new costs related to a new facility, the state will incur associated allowable Medicaid expenditures. The actual fiscal impact is dependent on the scope and approval of such requests.

#### The Out Years

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact identified above would continue into the future subject to inflation.

# OLR Bill Analysis sHB 7026

# AN ACT CONCERNING EXCEPTIONS TO THE NURSING HOME BED MORATORIUM.

### SUMMARY

Existing law establishes a nursing home bed moratorium that generally prohibits the Department of Social Services (DSS) from accepting or approving certificate of need (CON, see BACKGROUND) requests for more nursing home beds, with certain exceptions.

This bill adds a new exception that allows DSS to approve a request to add new Medicaid-certified beds to existing or new nursing homes. When doing so, the department must give preference to nontraditional, small-house style nursing homes whose goals are in keeping with the department's long-term care strategic plan to address facility needs in priority census tracts.

Under existing law and the bill, the DSS commissioner must consider several factors when reviewing these requests, such as whether there is clear public need to add new Medicaid-certified beds. When determining public need, the commissioner must consider whether there is a demonstrated bed need in the towns within a 15-mile radius of the town where the new beds will be added. (Existing law also requires the commissioner to do this when considering requests to relocate beds to a replacement nursing home.)

The bill also modifies how bed need is determined for CON requests. Under the bill, a service area with a demonstrated bed need is one whose nursing home occupancy is above 96% for at least two consecutive quarters. The DSS commissioner may also consider the service area's projected future bed need above 96% occupancy using its latest strategic statewide long-term care rebalancing plan.

Currently, demonstrated bed need is based on a service area's

nursing home occupancy (the law does not specify a percentage) and projected bed need for up to five years at 97.5% occupancy using the (1) Office of Policy and Management's latest population projections by town and age and (2) Department of Public Health's latest available nursing home utilization statistics by age cohort.

The bill also makes technical changes.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon passage

### **BACKGROUND**

## **DSS CON Program**

By law, nursing homes, rest homes, and intermediate care facilities for people with intellectual disabilities must generally receive CON approval from DSS when (1) introducing new services, (2) changing ownership, (3) relocating licensed beds or decreasing bed capacity, (4) terminating a service, or (5) incurring certain capital expenditures.

## **Exceptions to Nursing Home Bed Moratorium**

For over thirty years, the state has placed a moratorium on new nursing home beds, except for those:

- 1. restricted to use by patients with AIDS or who require neurological rehabilitation;
- associated with a continuing care facility, if they are not used for Medicaid patients;
- 3. that are Medicaid-certified and relocated from one licensed nursing home to another or to a new facility, under certain conditions; and
- 4. in certain nontraditional, small-house style nursing homes.

### COMMITTEE ACTION

**Human Services Committee** 

Joint Favorable Yea 23 Nay 0 (03/04/2025)