House of Representatives



General Assembly

File No. 61

January Session, 2025

Substitute House Joint Resolution No. 6

House of Representatives, March 6, 2025

The Committee on Veterans' and Military Affairs reported through REP. FOSTER of the 57th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the substitute joint resolution ought to be adopted.

RESOLUTION HONORING THE MEMBERS OF THE 6888TH CENTRAL POSTAL DIRECTORY BATTALION.

Resolved by this Assembly:

WHEREAS, in November 1944, the United States War Department
 lifted the ban on African-American and Latina women serving in the
 Women's Army Corps, leading to the formation of the 6888th Central
 Postal Directory Battalion; and

5 WHEREAS, the 6888th Central Postal Directory Battalion was a 6 unique unit of the United States Army in that said unit had the 7 distinction of being the only battalion deployed to the European Theater 8 of Operations during World War II predominantly composed of 9 African-American and Latina women; and

WHEREAS, eight hundred fifty-five African-American and Latina
women, consisting of eight hundred twenty-four enlisted personnel and
thirty-one officers, served in "the Six Triple-Eight", which was
commissioned from February 1945 to March 1946; and

WHEREAS, the specific mission of the 6888th Battalion was to sort
and clear a multiyear backlog of mail for members of the United States
Army, Navy and Air Force, American Red Cross workers and
uniformed civilian specialists, who were stationed in Europe,
representing roughly seven million persons awaiting mail; and

WHEREAS, the 6888th Battalion trained at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia,
and learned to identify enemy aircraft, ships and weapons, to climb
ropes, jump trenches and crawl under logs wearing gas masks, to board
and evacuate ships and to march long distances with rucksacks; and

WHEREAS, in February 1945, the first of the 6888th Battalion embarked from Camp Shank, New York, to sail across the Atlantic Ocean aboard the *Ile de France*, during which voyage said ship survived close encounters with German U-boats and a German V-1 rocket explosion near the dock upon arrival in Glasgow, Scotland; and

WHEREAS, upon reaching Birmingham, England, by train, the
6888th Battalion was met with warehouses stacked to their ceilings with
letters and packages; and

WHEREAS, despite enduring air raids and inhumane working conditions in dark, unheated and rat-infested aircraft hangars with broken windows, the 6888th Battalion developed a new mail tracking system, worked seven days a week in three separate eight-hour shifts to process an average of sixty-five thousand parcels each shift and cleared a six-month backlog in three months; and

WHEREAS, the 6888th Battalion then traveled to its next assignment
in Rouen, France, where it encountered undelivered mail dating as far
back as three years and proceeded to successfully process and clear that
backlog in three months; and

WHEREAS, upon conclusion of its final assignment in Paris, France,
the last of the 6888th Battalion returned to the United States aboard the *Claymont Victory*, and said battalion was disbanded in March 1946 at
Fort Dix, New Jersey, with no parade, public appreciation or official

45 recognition of its accomplishments; and

WHEREAS, the 6888th Battalion adhered to its motto of "No mail, low morale" and provided essential support to the United States military in Europe by connecting servicemembers to their loved ones back home, thereby achieving unprecedented success and efficiency in overcoming the military's postal problems; and

51 WHEREAS, the 6888th Battalion was the largest contingent of 52 African-American and Latina women to ever serve overseas, dispelled 53 stereotypes and represented a change in racial and gender roles in the 54 military; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2009, the 6888th Battalion was honored
by President Barack Obama at the Women in Military Service for
America Memorial at Arlington National Cemetery; and

58 WHEREAS, on November 30, 2018, a monument inscribed "Women 59 of Determination, Dedication and Distinction" was dedicated to the 60 6888th Battalion at the Buffalo Soldier Commemorative Area in Fort 61 Leavenworth, Kansas; and

WHEREAS, the 6888th Battalion was awarded the Women's Army
Corps Service Medal, the European-African-Middle Eastern Campaign
Medal, the Army Good Conduct Medal and the World War II Victory
Medal.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Connecticut General
Assembly hereby recognizes the 6888th Central Postal Directory
Battalion and honors said battalion for its outstanding contributions to
the United States military during World War II.

VA Joint Favorable Subst.

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact: None

Municipal Impact: None

Explanation

The resolution recognizes the 6888th Central Postal Directory Battalion for its contributions to the United States military during World War II, resulting in no fiscal impact to the state.

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State Impact: None

Municipal Impact: None

OLR Bill Analysis

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RESOLUTION HONORING THE MEMBERS OF THE 6888TH CENTRAL POSTAL DIRECTORY BATTALION.

SUMMARY

The Office of Legislative Research does not analyze Resolutions.

COMMITTEE ACTION

Veterans' and Military Affairs Committee

Joint Favorable Substitute Yea 20 Nay 0 (02/18/2025)