# **OFFICE OF FISCAL ANALYSIS**

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## sHB-6229

AN ACT CONCERNING A REDUCTION OF SINGLE-USE PLASTICS AND POLYSTYRENE WASTE.

## **OFA Fiscal Note**

#### State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 26 \$	FY 27 \$
Department of Administrative	App Fund - Cost	None	None
Services; Various State Agencies			
Consumer Protection, Dept.	GF - Cost	None	None
State Comptroller - Fringe	GF - Cost	None	None
Benefits <sup>1</sup>			
Resources of the General Fund	GF - Potential	None	None
	Revenue Gain		
Various State Agencies	All Funds -	None	See Below
<u> </u>	Potential Cost		

Note: App Fund=All Appropriated Funds; GF=General Fund; All Funds=All Funds

#### Municipal Impact:

Municipalities	Effect	FY 26 \$	FY 27 \$
Local and Regional School	STATE	None	None
Districts	MANDATE <sup>2</sup>		
	- Cost		
Various Municipalities	STATE	None	See Below
	MANDATE		
	- Cost		

## Explanation

The bill, which establishes a number of requirements and criteria

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The fringe benefit costs for most state employees are budgeted centrally in accounts administered by the Comptroller. The estimated active employee fringe benefit cost associated with most personnel changes is 40.71% of payroll in FY 26.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> State mandate is defined in Sec. 2-32b(2) of the Connecticut General Statutes, "state mandate" means any state initiated constitutional, statutory or executive action that requires a local government to establish, expand or modify its activities in such a way as to necessitate additional expenditures from local revenues.

with regard to single-use plastics and polysterene waste, results in the following fiscal impacts:

**Section 2** requires water fountains in state and municipal buildings to be replaced with water filling stations whenever such water fountains need to be replaced, or when capital projects are undertaken in those buildings. These requirements conform to current practice for certain state agencies, local and regional school districts, and municipalities. The requirements result in a cost to the extent state agencies, local and regional school districts, do not currently conform to these requirements beginning in FY 27. The cost of replacing a water fountain with a water filling station is between \$5,000 and \$10,000 per unit, which is \$1,000 to \$2,000 more than replacing the old fountain with a similar water fountain.

**Section 3**, which establishes a task force to study the reduction of single-use plastics in the state, does not result in a fiscal impact to the state or municipalities because the task force has the expertise to carry out these requirements.

## The Out Years

## State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 28 \$	FY 29 \$	FY 30 \$
Department of	App Fund - Cost	1.3 million	1.3 million	1.3 million
Administrative				
Services;				
Various State				
Agencies				
Consumer	GF - Cost	101,195	101,195	101,195
Protection, Dept.				
State	GF - Cost	40,179	40,179	40,179
Comptroller -				
Fringe Benefits				
Resources of the	GF - Potential	See Below	See Below	See Below
General Fund	Revenue Gain			
Various State	All Funds -	See Below	See Below	See Below
Agencies	Potential Cost			

Note: App Fund=All Appropriated Funds; GF=General Fund; All Funds=All Funds

#### Municipal Impact:

MunicipalitiesEffectFY 28 \$FY 29 \$FY 30\$
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Local and	STATE	Potential	Potential	Potential
Regional School	MANDATE	Significant	Significant	Significant
Districts	- Cost			
Various	STATE	See Below	See Below	See Below
Municipalities	MANDATE			
_	- Cost			

**Section 1,** effective July 1, 2027, bans polystyrene foodware and packaging products and single-use plastic straws, stirrers, and sticks by various entities including, state and municipal agencies, schools, vendors with government contracts.

The ban requires the state to renegotiate various food contracts to meet the new requirements resulting in a cost of \$1.3 million per year beginning in FY 28. The ban results in a potential cost to local and regional school districts starting in FY 28, to the extent school districts are not compliant with the requirements of the bill. School districts may have to renegotiate various contracts and may require additional equipment and staffing for dishwashing, or need to purchase disposable items that comply with the bill. For districts that do not currently comply with the bill's requirements, the costs may be significant. The ban may also result in a potential cost to municipalities to the extent they have to renegotiate contracts to meet these requirements.

In addition, **Section 1** requires the Department of Consumer Protection (DCP) and the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP)<sup>3</sup> to regulate and enforce the provisions of the bill resulting in a cost to the state. To meet the requirements of the bill DCP would need to hire one state program manager for a salary and other expenses cost of \$101,195 in FY 28 and \$98,695 in FY 29 and FY 30, along with an annual associated fringe benefit cost of \$40,179. This employee is needed to conduct educational outreach, provide guidance and resources to help business and institutions transition to sustainable alternatives, and enforce the provisions of the bill.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>It is anticipated that DEEP can meet the requirements of the bill with existing resources.

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The bill includes a \$250 penalty for second and subsequent violations resulting in a potential revenue gain to the state to the extent this occurs.