



General Assembly

January Session, 2025

Raised Bill No. 6849

LCO No. 3952



Referred to Committee on GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION
AND ELECTIONS

Introduced by:
(GAE)

***AN ACT CONCERNING THE LEGISLATIVE COMMISSIONERS'
RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MINOR AND TECHNICAL REVISIONS TO
THE GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION AND ELECTIONS STATUTES.***

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General
Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Subdivision (9) of section 3-56a of the general statutes is
2 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*
3 *1, 2025*):

4 (9) "Mineral" means gas; oil; other gaseous, liquid [.] and solid
5 hydrocarbons; oil shale; cement material; sand and gravel; road
6 material; building stone; chemical raw material; gemstone; fissionable
7 and nonfissionable ores; colloidal and other clay; steam and other
8 geothermal resource; or any other substance defined as a mineral by the
9 law of this state;

10 Sec. 2. Subsection (c) of section 4-8 of the general statutes is repealed
11 and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

12 (c) Each department head may appoint such deputies as may be

13 necessary for the efficient conduct of the business of the department.
14 Each department head shall designate one deputy who shall, in the
15 absence or disqualification of the department head or upon the
16 department head's death, exercise the powers and duties of the
17 department head until the department head resumes his or her duties
18 or the vacancy is filled, as applicable. Such deputies shall serve at the
19 pleasure of the department head. Subject to the provisions of chapter 67,
20 each department head shall appoint such other employees as may be
21 necessary for the discharge of the department head's duties.

22 Sec. 3. Subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of section 9-4a of the general
23 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
24 (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

25 (2) The name, party affiliation and contact information of each
26 candidate who is nominated or qualifies as a petitioning candidate for
27 election to the office of President of the United States, Vice-President of
28 the United States, senator in Congress, representative in Congress,
29 Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State Treasurer,
30 State Comptroller, Secretary of the State, state senator or state
31 representative at the state election. As used in this section, "contact
32 information" means any or all of the following information received by
33 the Secretary of the State in the course of the secretary's elections duties
34 or by the Federal Election Commission: A candidate's campaign mailing
35 address, telephone number, facsimile number, electronic mail address
36 and web site. The voter guide may provide contact information for a
37 candidate for the office of President of the United States, Vice-President
38 of the United States, senator in Congress or representative in Congress
39 by an electronic link to such information on the Federal Election
40 Commission's Internet web site;

41 Sec. 4. Subdivision (6) of subsection (b) of section 9-31l of the general
42 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
43 (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

44 (6) The decision of the commission shall determine the person's right
 45 to be or remain an elector. If any such decision is adverse to such
 46 individual's right, the commission shall order both registrars to remove
 47 the elector's name from the town's active and inactive registry list and
 48 any enrollment list. Any person whose name has been so removed may
 49 reapply for admission as an elector with the registrars of voters of the
 50 same town at any time. If such application is made within four years
 51 after the commission's decision, both registrars may approve such
 52 application only after they find that there has been a substantial change
 53 in the circumstances that provided the basis for the commission's
 54 decision and that the individual is eligible to be an elector. Registrars
 55 who approve an individual's application for admission within this time
 56 period without a substantial change in circumstances may be subject to
 57 a civil penalty imposed by the commission in accordance with
 58 subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 9-7b if the commission
 59 determines, following a written complaint filed with the commission
 60 pursuant to [said] section 9-7b, that the registrars' action was without
 61 good cause and constitutes a wilful violation of a prior order of the
 62 commission.

63 Sec. 5. Subsection (b) of section 9-32 of the general statutes is repealed
 64 and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

65 (b) No elector's name shall be removed from the registry list,
 66 pursuant to section 9-35, unless (1) the elector confirms in writing that
 67 the elector has moved out of the municipality, or (2) the elector has been
 68 sent, by forwardable mail, a notice and a postage prepaid preaddressed
 69 return card in accordance with the National Voter Registration Act of
 70 1993, P.L. 103-31, as amended from time to time, four years prior to
 71 removal from the registry list and such elector has failed to respond and
 72 has not restored the elector's name to the active registry list under
 73 section 9-42 or voted in an election or primary in the municipality
 74 during the period beginning on the date of the notice and ending four
 75 years later. If a registrar or a registrar's designee conducts a telephone
 76 canvass, a telephone call by any such person shall constitute an attempt

77 to contact the elector only if the elector's household has a published
 78 telephone number and the telephone is in operating order. If a registrar,
 79 or a registrar's designee, during a telephone canvass contacts a
 80 telecommunication device for the deaf in an elector's household, such
 81 call shall not constitute an attempt to contact the elector unless the
 82 registrar, or the registrar's designee, uses a similar device or uses a
 83 message relay center. No elector's name shall be removed from the
 84 active registry list pursuant to [said] section 9-35 as a result of
 85 information obtained during a telephone canvass, unless the registrar
 86 believes such information is reliable and sufficient to enable the registrar
 87 to determine if the elector is entitled to remain on the list under the
 88 provisions of this chapter.

89 Sec. 6. Section 9-35c of the general statutes is repealed and the
 90 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

91 Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 9-238, 9-406 and 9-436
 92 and other provisions of the general statutes, the names of electors on the
 93 inactive registry list compiled under section 9-35 shall not be counted
 94 for purposes of computing the number of petition signatures required.
 95 Each elector on such inactive registry list who, in the determination of
 96 the registrars, has signed a petition pursuant to the general statutes,
 97 giving the same address as appears on the inactive registry list, shall
 98 forthwith be placed on the active registry list compiled under [said]
 99 section 9-35. Each such elector shall be counted for purposes of future
 100 computations of the number of signatures required on future petitions
 101 issued for other electoral events. The names of electors on the inactive
 102 registry list compiled pursuant to section 9-35 shall not be counted for
 103 purposes of computing the minimum percentage of the number of
 104 electors required in any charter or special act, if such charter or special
 105 act requires approval of a referendum by a minimum percentage of
 106 electors qualified on the last-completed registry list or has a similar
 107 requirement.

108 Sec. 7. Section 9-153a of the general statutes is repealed and the

109 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

110 The form of absentee ballot application provided by any federal
 111 department or agency, referred to in section 9-140, may be used only by
 112 a person in any one of the following categories who is eligible to vote
 113 and who expects to be unable to appear at his proper polling place for
 114 any reason specified in section 9-135: (1) Members of the armed forces,
 115 (2) the spouses and dependents of such members, (3) members of
 116 religious groups or welfare agencies assisting members of the armed
 117 forces, who are officially attached to and serving with the armed forces,
 118 and their spouses and dependents, (4) civilian employees of the United
 119 States in all categories serving outside the territorial limits of the several
 120 states of the United States and the District of Columbia and their
 121 spouses and dependents when residing with or accompanying them,
 122 whether or not the employee is subject to the civil service laws and the
 123 Federal Classification Act of 1949, and whether or not paid from funds
 124 appropriated by the Congress, (5) citizens of the United States
 125 temporarily residing outside of the territorial limits of the several states
 126 of the United States and the District of Columbia and (6) overseas
 127 citizens qualified to vote under the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens
 128 Absentee Voting Act, 100 Stat. 924, 42 USC 1973ff et seq., as amended
 129 from time to time. Any such person may apply for an absentee ballot in
 130 the manner provided in [said] section 9-140, either on the form
 131 prescribed by the Secretary of the State under [said] section 9-140, or on
 132 the application form provided by any federal department or agency
 133 hereinbefore referred to.

134 Sec. 8. Subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 9-158c of the general
 135 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
 136 (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

137 (a) (1) Not earlier than forty-five days before the election and not later
 138 than the close of the polls on election day, each former resident who
 139 desires to vote in a presidential election under sections 9-158a to 9-158m,
 140 inclusive, may apply for a "presidential ballot" to the municipal clerk of

141 the town in which such former resident is qualified to vote on the form
142 prescribed in section 9-158d. Application for a "presidential ballot" may
143 be made in person or absentee, in the manner provided for applying for
144 an absentee ballot under section 9-140, except as provided in [said]
145 sections 9-158a to 9-158m, inclusive.

146 Sec. 9. Subdivision (3) of subsection (c) of section 9-163k of the general
147 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
148 (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

149 (3) For a municipal election, each registrar of voters shall appoint at
150 least one absentee ballot coordinator for each two hundred persons who
151 voted by absentee ballot in the most recent municipal election. For a
152 municipal primary, each registrar of voters shall appoint at least one
153 absentee ballot coordinator for each two hundred persons who voted by
154 absentee ballot in the most recent municipal primary. [A registrar of
155 voter's] The appointment of an absentee ballot coordinator by a registrar
156 of voters shall not be effective until the registrar files the appointment
157 with the municipal clerk;

158 Sec. 10. Section 9-264 of the general statutes is repealed and the
159 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

160 An elector who requires assistance to vote, by reason of blindness,
161 disability or inability to write or to read the ballot, may be given
162 assistance by a person of the elector's choice, other than (1) the elector's
163 employer, (2) an agent of such employer, (3) an officer or agent of the
164 elector's union, or (4) a candidate for any office on the ballot, unless the
165 elector is a member of the immediate family of such candidate. The
166 person assisting the elector may accompany the elector into the voting
167 booth at the polling place, the location designated for same-day election
168 registration or the location designated for the conduct of early voting,
169 as applicable. Such person shall register such elector's vote upon the
170 ballot as such elector directs. Any person accompanying an elector into
171 the voting booth at the polling place or the location designated for

172 election day registration who deceives any elector in registering the
 173 elector's vote under this section or seeks to influence any elector while
 174 in the act of voting, or who registers any vote for any elector or on any
 175 question other than as requested by such elector, or who gives
 176 information to any person as to what person or persons such elector
 177 voted for, or how such elector voted on any question, shall be guilty of
 178 a class D felony. As used in this section, "immediate family" [means
 179 "immediate family" as defined] has the same meaning as provided in
 180 section 9-140b.

181 Sec. 11. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 9-311 of the general statutes
 182 are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
 183 *October 1, 2025*):

184 (a) If, within three days after an election, it appears to the moderator
 185 that there is a discrepancy in the returns of any voting district, such
 186 moderator shall forthwith within said period summon, by written
 187 notice delivered personally, the recanvass officials, consisting of at least
 188 two checkers of different political parties and at least two absentee ballot
 189 counters of different political parties who served at such election, and
 190 the registrars of voters of the municipality in which the election was
 191 held and such other officials as may be required to conduct such
 192 recanvass. Such written notice shall require the clerk or registrars of
 193 voters, as the case may be, to bring with them the depository envelopes
 194 required by section 9-150a, the package of write-in ballots provided for
 195 in section 9-310, the absentee ballot applications, the list of absentee
 196 ballot applications, the registry list and the moderators' returns and
 197 shall require such recanvass officials to meet at a specified time not later
 198 than the fifth business day after such election to recanvass the returns of
 199 a voting tabulator or voting tabulators or absentee ballots or write-in
 200 ballots used in such district in such election. If any of such recanvass
 201 officials are unavailable at the time of the recanvass, the registrar of
 202 voters of the same political party as that of the recanvass official unable
 203 to attend shall designate another elector having previous training and
 204 experience in the conduct of elections to take [his] such recanvass

205 official's place. Before such recanvass is made, such moderator shall give
206 notice, in writing, to the chairperson of the town committee of each
207 political party which nominated candidates for the election, and, in the
208 case of a state election, not later than twenty-four hours after a
209 determination is made regarding the need for a recanvass to the
210 Secretary of the State, of the time and place where such recanvass is to
211 be made; and each such chairperson may send party representatives to
212 be present at such recanvass. Such party representatives may observe,
213 but no one other than a recanvass official may take part in the recanvass.
214 If [any irregularity in the recanvass procedure is noted by such a party
215 representative, he] a party representative notes any irregularity in the
216 recanvass procedure, such party representative shall be permitted to
217 present evidence of such irregularity in any contest relating to the
218 election.

219 (b) The moderator shall determine the place or places where the
220 recanvass shall be conducted and, if such recanvass is held before the
221 tabulators are boxed and collected in the manner required by section 9-
222 266, the moderator may [either] require that such recanvass of such
223 tabulators be conducted in each place where the tabulators are located,
224 or [he] the moderator may require that [they] such tabulators be
225 removed to one central place [.] where such recanvass shall be
226 conducted. All recanvassing procedures shall be open to public
227 observation, subject to the provisions of subsection (d) of this section.
228 Such recanvass officials shall, in the presence of such moderator and
229 registrars of voters, make a record of the number on the seal and the
230 number on the protective counter, if one is provided, on each voting
231 tabulator specified by such moderator. Such registrars of voters in the
232 presence of such moderator shall turn over the keys of each such
233 tabulator to such recanvass officials, and such recanvass officials, in the
234 presence of such registrars of voters and moderator, shall immediately
235 proceed to recanvass the vote cast thereon, and shall then open the
236 package of absentee ballots and recanvass the vote cast thereon. In the
237 course of the recanvass of the absentee ballot vote the recanvass officials

238 shall check all outer envelopes for absentee ballots against the inner
 239 envelopes for such ballots and against the registry list to verify
 240 postmarks, addresses and registry list markings and also to determine
 241 whether the number of envelopes from which absentee ballots have
 242 been removed is the same as the number of persons checked as having
 243 voted by absentee ballot. The write-in ballots shall also be recanvassed
 244 at this time. Any party representative present shall have a right to view
 245 each ballot as it is being recanvassed by the recanvass officials, so as to
 246 be able to discern the markings on such ballot. All of the recanvass
 247 officials shall use the same forms for tallies and returns as were used at
 248 the original canvass and the absentee ballot counters shall also sign the
 249 tallies.

250 Sec. 12. Section 9-311a of the general statutes is repealed and the
 251 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

252 For purposes of this section, state, district and municipal offices shall
 253 be as defined in section 9-372 except that the office of presidential elector
 254 shall be deemed a state office. Forthwith after a regular or special
 255 election for municipal office, or forthwith upon tabulation of the vote
 256 for state and district offices by the Secretary of the State, when at any
 257 such election the plurality of an elected candidate for an office over the
 258 vote for a defeated candidate receiving the next highest number of votes
 259 was either (1) less than a vote equivalent to one-half of one per cent of
 260 the total number of votes cast for the office but not more than two
 261 thousand votes, or (2) less than twenty votes, there shall be a recanvass
 262 of the returns of the voting tabulator or voting tabulators and absentee
 263 ballots used in such election for such office unless such defeated
 264 candidate or defeated candidates, as the case may be, for such office file
 265 a written statement waiving this right to such canvass with the
 266 municipal clerk in the case of a municipal office, or with the Secretary of
 267 the State in the case of a state or district office. In the case of state and
 268 district offices, the Secretary of the State upon tabulation of the votes for
 269 such offices shall notify the town clerks in the state or district, as the case
 270 may be, of the state and district offices which qualify for an automatic

271 recanvass and shall also notify each candidate for any such office. When
 272 a recanvass is to be held, the municipal clerk shall promptly notify the
 273 moderator, as defined in section 9-311, as amended by this act, who shall
 274 proceed forthwith to cause a recanvass of such returns of the office in
 275 question in the same manner as is provided in [said] section 9-311, as
 276 amended by this act. In addition to the notice required under section 9-
 277 311, as amended by this act, the moderator shall before such recanvass
 278 is made give notice in writing of the time when, and place where, such
 279 recanvass is to be made to each candidate for a municipal office which
 280 qualifies for an automatic recanvass under this section. Nothing in this
 281 section shall preclude the right to judicial proceedings on behalf of a
 282 candidate under any provision of chapter 149. For the purposes of this
 283 section, "the total number of votes cast for the office" means, in the case
 284 of multiple openings for the same office, the total number of electors
 285 checked as having voted in the state, district, municipality or political
 286 subdivision, as the case may be. When a recanvass of the returns for an
 287 office for which there are multiple openings is required by the
 288 provisions of this section, the returns for all candidates for all openings
 289 for the office shall be recanvassed. No one other than a recanvass official
 290 shall take part in the recanvass. If [any irregularity in the recanvass
 291 procedure is noted by a candidate, he] a candidate notes any irregularity
 292 in the recanvass procedure, such candidate shall be permitted to present
 293 evidence of such irregularity in any contest relating to the election.

294 Sec. 13. Subsection (b) of section 9-404c of the general statutes is
 295 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*
 296 *1, 2025*):

297 (b) Upon the filing of all pages of a petition, the Secretary shall reject
 298 any page of the petition which does not contain the certifications
 299 required in section 9-404b or which the Secretary determines to have
 300 been circulated in violation of any provision of said section, [9-404b,]
 301 and shall immediately cause the number of certified signatures to be
 302 tabulated. Petitions filed with the Secretary shall be preserved for a
 303 period of three years and then may be destroyed.

304 Sec. 14. Subparagraph (C) of subdivision (33) of section 9-601 of the
305 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
306 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

307 (C) A firm, partnership, corporation, association, organization or
308 other entity:

309 (i) With respect to which a foreign owner or a person described in
310 subparagraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision holds, owns, controls or
311 otherwise has a direct or indirect beneficial ownership of at least five
312 per cent of such entity's total equity or outstanding voting shares;

313 (ii) With respect to which two or more, in combination, foreign
314 owners or persons described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of this
315 subdivision hold, own, control or otherwise have a direct or indirect
316 beneficial ownership of at least twenty per cent of such entity's total
317 equity or outstanding voting shares, excluding interests held in a widely
318 held, diversified fund;

319 (iii) With respect to which a foreign owner or individual described in
320 subparagraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision, as applicable, [of this
321 subdivision] participates directly or indirectly in decisions to engage in
322 any activity subject to the provisions of chapter 155 or 157; or

323 (iv) That is exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(4) of the
324 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding
325 internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to
326 time, and with respect to which at least twenty per cent of the income
327 received by such entity in the most recent taxable year derives from one
328 or more foreign owners.

329 Sec. 15. Subsection (a) of section 9-601d of the general statutes is
330 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*
331 *1, 2025*):

332 (a) Any person, as defined in section 9-601, as amended by this act,

333 may, unless otherwise restricted or prohibited by law, including, but not
 334 limited to, any provision of this chapter or chapter 157, make unlimited
 335 independent expenditures, as defined in section 9-601c, and accept
 336 unlimited covered transfers, as defined in [said] section 9-601, as
 337 amended by this act. Except as provided pursuant to this section, any
 338 such person who makes or obligates to make an independent
 339 expenditure or expenditures in excess of one thousand dollars, in the
 340 aggregate, shall file statements according to the same schedule and in
 341 the same manner as is required of a treasurer of a candidate committee
 342 pursuant to section 9-608.

343 Sec. 16. Section 9-750 of the general statutes, as amended by section
 344 188 of public act 23-205, is repealed and the following is substituted in
 345 lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

346 If, (1) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, or any fiscal year
 347 thereafter, the amount of funds available under section 3-69a for deposit
 348 in the Citizens' Election Fund established in section 9-701 is less than the
 349 amount of funds required under [said] section 3-69a to be deposited in
 350 said fund, resulting in an insufficiency in the amount of the deposit, or
 351 (2) during an election cycle the amount of funds in the Citizens' Election
 352 Fund is less than the amount of funds required to provide grants to each
 353 qualified candidate committee pursuant to the provisions of this
 354 chapter, resulting in an insufficiency in said fund, a portion of the
 355 revenues from the tax imposed under chapter 208, equal to the amount
 356 of any insufficiency described in subdivision (1) or (2) of this section,
 357 shall be deposited in said fund to allow for the payment of grants
 358 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

359 Sec. 17. Subsection (b) of section 12-107e of the general statutes is
 360 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*
 361 *1, 2025*):

362 (b) An owner of land included in any area designated as open space
 363 land upon any plan as finally adopted may apply for its classification as

open space land on any grand list of a municipality by filing a written application for such classification with the assessor thereof not earlier than thirty days before or later than thirty days after the assessment date, provided in a year in which a revaluation of all real property in accordance with section 12-62 becomes effective such application may be filed not later than ninety days after such assessment date. The assessor shall determine whether there has been any change in the area designated as an area of open space land upon the plan of development which adversely affects its essential character as an area of open space land and, if the assessor determines that there has been no such change, said assessor shall classify such land as open space land and include it as such on the grand list. An application for classification of land as open space land shall be made upon a form prescribed by the Commissioner of Agriculture and shall set forth a description of the land, a general description of the use to which it is being put, a statement of the potential liability for tax under the provisions of [section] sections 12-504a to 12-504f, inclusive, and such other information as the assessor may require to aid in determining whether such land qualifies for such classification. Any advisory opinion issued by the Commissioner of Agriculture pursuant to section 22-4c, stating that such land constitutes open space land, shall be prima facie evidence that such land is classified as open space land for purposes of this section.

Sec. 18. Subsection (b) of section 21a-7 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

(b) With the exception of the Liquor Control Commission, each board or commission within the Department of Consumer Protection under section 21a-6 that makes a proposed final decision that is adverse to a party, as described in subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section, shall submit such proposed final decision to the Commissioner of Consumer Protection. Not later than thirty calendar days after receipt of any such proposed final decision, the Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall notify such board or commission that the commissioner

397 shall render the final decision concerning such matter. Not later than
 398 thirty days after receipt of any such proposed final decision, the
 399 commissioner shall approve, modify or reject the proposed final
 400 decision or remand the proposed final decision for further review or for
 401 the taking of additional evidence. The commissioner shall notify the
 402 board or commission in writing of the commissioner's decision and
 403 include in such notification the rationale for such decision. The decision
 404 of the commissioner shall be the final decision in accordance with
 405 section 4-180 for purposes of reconsideration in accordance with section
 406 4-181a or appeal to the Superior Court in accordance with section 4-183.

407 Sec. 19. Subsection (a) of section 25-156 of the general statutes is
 408 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*
 409 *1, 2025*):

410 (a) There is established the Long Island Sound Foundation, Inc., a
 411 nonstock, nonprofit corporation, organized under the laws of the state
 412 of Connecticut as a state chartered foundation. The Long Island Sound
 413 Foundation, Inc. shall be a successor organization to the Long Island
 414 Sound Assembly established under section 25-155 of the general
 415 statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2023.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	3-56a(9)
Sec. 2	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	4-8(c)
Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	9-4a(b)(2)
Sec. 4	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	9-311(b)(6)
Sec. 5	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	9-32(b)
Sec. 6	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	9-35c
Sec. 7	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	9-153a
Sec. 8	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	9-158c(a)(1)
Sec. 9	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	9-163k(c)(3)
Sec. 10	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	9-264
Sec. 11	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	9-311(a) and (b)
Sec. 12	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	9-311a

Sec. 13	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	9-404c(b)
Sec. 14	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	9-601(33)(C)
Sec. 15	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	9-601d(a)
Sec. 16	<i>July 1, 2025</i>	9-750
Sec. 17	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	12-107e(b)
Sec. 18	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	21a-7(b)
Sec. 19	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	25-156(a)

Statement of Purpose:

To make minor and technical revisions to the government administration and elections statutes.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]