

General Assembly

January Session, 2025

Raised Bill No. 7042

LCO No. **5131**

Referred to Committee on JUDICIARY

Introduced by: (JUD)

AN ACT CONCERNING IMPLEMENTATION OF THE FIREARM INDUSTRY RESPONSIBILITY ACT.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2025, and applicable to any civil action filed on or after said date*) As used in this section and sections 2 and 3 of this act:

(1) "Firearm industry member" means a person, firm, corporation,
company, partnership, society, joint stock company, trade association,
or any other entity or association engaged in the manufacture,
distribution, importation, marketing, wholesale or retail sale of firearm
industry products.

9 (2) "Firearm industry product" means any of the following which are 10 or were (A) sold, made or distributed in this state; (B) intended to be 11 sold or distributed in this state; or (C) possessed in this state and it was 12 reasonably foreseeable that such product would be possessed in this 13 state:

14 (i) Ammunition or a magazine as those terms are defined in section

15 29-38m of the general statutes;

16 (ii) A firearm as defined in section 53a-3 of the general statutes;

(iii) An unfinished frame or lower receiver, as defined in section 53-206i of the general statutes;

18 206j of the general statutes;

19 (iv) A firearm component; or

20 (v) A firearm accessory.

(3) "Firearm trafficker" means an individual who engages in,
conspires to engage in, or attempts to engage in conduct that constitutes
firearms trafficking as described in section 53-202aa of the general
statutes or trafficking in firearms as described in 18 USC 933.

(4) "Reasonable controls" means procedures, acts and practices thatare designed, implemented and enforced to do all of the following:

(A) Prevent the sale or distribution of a firearm industry product to a
straw purchaser, a firearm trafficker, a person prohibited from
possessing a firearm under state or federal law, or a person about whom
there is reasonable cause to believe such person is at substantial risk of
using a firearm industry product to harm themself or another or of
possessing or using a firearm industry product unlawfully.

(B) Ensure that a firearm industry member complies with section 29-28b of the general statutes.

35 (C) Prevent the sale or distribution of a firearm industry product 36 designed, sold, advertised, marketed or promoted in a manner that 37 foreseeably promotes conversion of a legal firearm industry product 38 into an illegal firearm industry product.

39 (D) Ensure that the firearm industry member complies with the 40 provisions of section 2 of this act and all other applicable provisions of 41 state and federal law, and does not otherwise advertise, market or 42 promote the unlawful manufacture, sale, possession, marketing or use43 of a firearm industry product.

(5) "Straw purchaser" means an individual who engages in or
attempts to engage in conduct that violates subsection (a) of section 2934 of the general statutes, section 29-37e of the general statutes or 18 USC
932.

Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2025, and applicable to any civil action filed on or after said date*) (a) A firearm industry member shall establish,
implement and enforce reasonable controls.

51 (b) No firearm industry member shall provide a firearm industry 52 product to another firearm industry member when there is reasonable 53 cause to believe that such other firearm industry member is engaged in 54 conduct that is in violation of this section.

(c) No firearm industry member shall advertise, market or promote
firearm industry products in this state in a manner that promotes
unlawful sales, unlawful use or use that promotes risk to public safety.

58 Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2025, and applicable to any civil action* 59 *filed on or after said date*) (a) An act or omission by a firearm industry 60 member that fails to comply with any provision of section 2 of this act 61 constitutes a violation of said section and shall be actionable under this 62 section.

(b) A civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to enforce this
section or remedy harm caused by a violation of section 2 of this act may
be brought by:

(1) A person who has suffered harm in this state because of a firearmindustry member's violation of section 2 of this act;

68 (2) The corporation counsel or other chief legal officer of a 69 municipality in the name of the municipality; or 70 (3) The Attorney General in the name of the state.

(c) Any person bringing an action pursuant to subdivisions (1) or (2)
of subsection (b) of this section shall provide notice of such action to the
Attorney General not later than thirty days after the date of filing such
action.

(d) Where more than one plaintiff brings an action arising from the
same conduct, transaction or occurrence, the court may, upon the
motion of any party or upon its own motion order that the actions be
consolidated and any recovery shall be allocated among the plaintiffs in
proportion to their demonstrated damages.

80 (e) In an action alleging that a firearm industry member failed to 81 establish, implement and enforce reasonable controls in violation of 82 section 2 of this act, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the 83 firearm industry member failed to implement reasonable controls if:

84 (1) The firearm industry member's act or omission created or
85 increased a reasonably foreseeable risk of the harm alleged occurring;
86 and

87 (2) The firearm industry member could have established,
88 implemented and enforced reasonable controls to prevent or lower the
89 risk of the harm alleged occurring but failed to do so.

90 (f) If a court determines that a firearm industry member has violated91 any provision of section 2 of this act, the court may award any or all of92 the following:

93 (1) Injunctive relief sufficient to prevent the firearm industry member94 and any other defendant from further violating the law.

95 (2) Compensatory damages.

96 (3) Punitive damages.

97 (4) Restitution.

98 (5) Any other appropriate relief necessary to enforce the provisions
99 of chapter 529 of the general statutes and remedy the harm caused by
100 the conduct.

(g) In addition to the relief permitted under subsection (f) of this
section, if a court determines that a firearm industry member has
violated any provision of section 2 of this act:

104 (1) The court shall award costs and attorney's fees to a prevailing105 plaintiff;

(2) A prevailing plaintiff may recover a civil penalty of not more thanten thousand dollars for each violation; and

108 (3) The court may suspend or revoke any permits issued to the 109 firearm industry member under section 29-28 of the general statutes.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2025, and applicable to any civil action filed on or after said date	New section
Sec. 2	October 1, 2025, and applicable to any civil action filed on or after said date	New section
Sec. 3	October 1, 2025, and applicable to any civil action filed on or after said date	New section

Statement of Purpose:

To permit the filing of a civil action against a firearm industry member who fails to exercise reasonable control over firearm industry products. [Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]