

General Assembly

January Session, 2025

## Raised Bill No. 7076

LCO No. **5441** 

Referred to Committee on EDUCATION

Introduced by: (ED)

## AN ACT PROVIDING EDUCATION MANDATE RELIEF.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Section 10-15c of the general statutes is repealed and the
 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

3 (a) The public schools shall be open to all children five years of age 4 and over who reach age five on or before the first day of September of 5 any school year, and each such child shall have, and shall be so advised 6 by the appropriate school authorities, an equal opportunity to 7 participate in the activities, programs and courses of study offered in 8 such public schools, at such time as the child becomes eligible to 9 participate in such activities, programs and courses of study, without 10 discrimination on account of race, as defined in section 46a-51, color, 11 sex, gender identity or expression, religion, national origin, sexual 12 orientation or disability; provided a child who has not reached the age 13 of five on or before the first day of September of the school year may be 14 admitted if the local or regional board of education adopts an early 15 admission policy that permits such child to be admitted (1) upon a 16 written request by the parent or guardian of such child to the principal

of the school in which such child would be enrolled, and (2) following
an assessment of such child, conducted by such principal and an
appropriate certified staff member of the school, to ensure that
admitting such child is developmentally appropriate.

(b) Nothing in subsection (a) of this section shall be deemed to amend
other provisions of the general statutes with respect to curricula,
facilities or extracurricular activities.

Sec. 2. Subdivision (2) of section 10-76a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*, 2026):

(2) "Child" means any person twenty-two years of age or younger.
[or, for children requiring special education, until such child is
graduated from high school or at the end of the school year during
which such child reaches age twenty-two, whichever occurs first.]

Sec. 3. Subparagraph (C) of subdivision (9) of subsection (a) of section
10-76d of the general statutes is repealed and the following is
substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2026*):

34 (C) Not later than the planning and placement team meeting that 35 occurs approximately two years prior to a child's anticipated graduation 36 from high school or the end of the school year in which a child will reach 37 [twenty-two] twenty-one years of age, whichever is expected to occur 38 first based on such child's individualized education program, the 39 planning and placement team shall (i) upon the approval of the parent 40 or guardian of such child, or a surrogate parent of such child appointed 41 pursuant to section 10-94g or such child if such child is an emancipated 42 minor or eighteen years of age or older, (I) notify any state agency that 43 provides a program for adults for which such child may be eligible 44 about the potential eligibility of such child, (II) invite a representative 45 from each such agency to attend the planning and placement team 46 meeting for the purpose of establishing contact with and counseling the 47 parent, guardian, surrogate parent or child on the process for the

48 anticipated transfer of services upon such child graduating from high 49 school or upon [the end of the school year in which] such child [reaches] 50 reaching twenty-two years of age, whichever is sooner, and (III) permit 51 and facilitate contact and coordination between each such agency and 52 such parent, guardian, surrogate parent or child for the purpose of 53 easing the process for the transfer of services, (ii) provide such parent, 54 guardian, surrogate parent or child a listing of each program for adults 55 for which such child may be eligible that includes, but is not limited to, 56 (I) a plain language description of such program, (II) eligibility 57 requirements for such program, and (III) deadlines and instructions for 58 applications to such programs, and (iii) assist such parent, guardian, 59 surrogate parent or child in completing an application to any such 60 programs.

Sec. 4. Subsection (b) of section 10-76d of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*,
2026):

64 (b) In accordance with the regulations of the State Board of Education, 65 each local and regional board of education shall: (1) Provide special 66 education for school-age children requiring special education who are 67 described in subparagraph (A) of subdivision (5) of section 10-76a. The 68 obligation of the school district under this subsection shall terminate 69 when such child is graduated from high school or [at the end of the 70 school year during which] upon such child [reaches] reaching age 71 twenty-two, whichever occurs first; and (2) provide special education 72 for children requiring special education who are described in 73 subparagraph (A) or (C) of subdivision (5) of section 10-76a. The State 74 Board of Education shall define the criteria by which each local or 75 regional board of education shall determine whether a given child is 76 eligible for special education pursuant to this subdivision, and such 77 determination shall be made by the board of education when requested 78 by a parent or guardian, or upon referral by a physician, clinic or social 79 worker, provided the parent or guardian so permits. To meet its 80 obligations under this subdivision, each local or regional board of

81 education may, with the approval of the State Board of Education, make 82 agreements with any private school, agency or institution to provide the 83 necessary preschool special education program, provided such private 84 facility has an existing program which adequately meets the special 85 education needs, according to standards established by the State Board 86 of Education, of the preschool children for whom such local or regional 87 board of education is required to provide such an education and 88 provided such district does not have such an existing program in its 89 public schools. Such private school, agency or institution may be a 90 facility which has not been approved by the Commissioner of Education 91 for special education, provided such private facility is approved by the 92 commissioner as an independent school or licensed by the Office of 93 Early Childhood as a child care center, group child care home or family 94 child care home, as described in section 19a-77, or be both approved and 95 licensed. The State Board of Education shall adopt or update 96 regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to implement the provisions 97 of this subsection.

98 Sec. 5. Subsection (b) of section 10-76*ll* of the general statutes is 99 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*, 100 2026):

101 (b) On or before July 1, 2015, the State Board of Education shall draft 102 a written bill of rights for parents of children receiving special education 103 services to guarantee that the rights of such parents and children are 104 adequately safeguarded and protected during the provision of special 105 education and related services until such children have graduated from 106 high school or [at the end of the school year during which] upon such 107 children [reach] reaching age twenty-two, whichever occurs first, under 108 this chapter. Such bill of rights shall inform parents of: (1) The right to 109 request consideration of the provision of transition services for a child receiving special education services who is eighteen years of age until 110 111 such child has graduated from high school or [at the end of the school 112 year during which] upon such child [reaches] reaching age twenty-two, 113 whichever occurs first, (2) the right to receive transition resources and

114 materials from the department and the local or regional board of 115 education responsible for such child, (3) the requirement that the local 116 or regional board of education responsible for such child shall create a 117 student success plan for each student enrolled in a public school, 118 beginning in grade six, pursuant to subsection (k) of section 10-221a, 119 [and] (4) the right of such child to receive realistic and specific 120 postgraduation goals as part of such child's individualized education 121 program, and (5) the right to an opportunity to establish contact with 122 and receive information about and assistance with applying for 123 programs provided by any state agency that provides services in 124 attaining the postgraduation goals in a child's individualized education 125 program, pursuant to subparagraph (C) of subdivision (9) of subsection 126 (a) of section 10-76d, as amended by this act.

127 Sec. 6. Section 10-95p of the general statutes is repealed and the 128 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2026*):

(a) There is established a division of postsecondary educational
programs within the Technical Education and Career System. The
division shall administer any postsecondary educational program that
(1) was offered at a technical education and career school during the
school year commencing July 1, 2016, or (2) is approved by the Technical
Education and Career System board.

(b) Any student admitted for enrollment in a postsecondary
educational program administered by the division shall have a high
school diploma or its equivalent, or have [completed the school year in
which such student reaches] <u>reached</u> twenty-two years of age.

Sec. 7. Subsection (a) of section 10-253 of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*,
2026):

(a) Children placed out by the Commissioner of Children and
Families or by other agencies or persons, including offices of a
government of a federally recognized Native American tribe, private

145 child-caring or child-placing agencies licensed by the Department of 146 Children and Families, and eligible residents of facilities operated by the 147 Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services or by the 148 Department of Public Health who are eighteen to twenty-one years of 149 age or, for children requiring special education, when such child is 150 graduated from high school or [at the end of the school year during 151 which] upon such child [reaches] reaching age twenty-two, whichever 152 occurs first, shall be entitled to all free school privileges of the school 153 district where they then reside as a result of such placement, except as 154 provided in subdivision (4) of subsection (e) of section 10-76d. Except as 155 provided in subsection (d) of this section and subdivision (4) of 156 subsection (e) of section 10-76d, payment for such education shall be 157 made by the board of education of the school district under whose 158 jurisdiction such child would otherwise be attending school where such 159 a school district is identified.

Sec. 8. Subdivision (3) of subsection (h) of section 10-253 of the general
statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
(*Effective July 1, 2026*):

(3) In each district, the liaison shall assist the school district, the Court
Support Services Division of the Judicial Branch and any relevant
educational service providers in ensuring that:

(A) All persons twenty-two years of age or younger in justice system
custody are promptly evaluated for eligibility for special education
services to be provided until such child is graduated from high school
or [at the end of the school year during which] <u>upon</u> such child [reaches]
<u>reaching</u> age twenty-two, whichever occurs first, pursuant to section
171 17a-65 and any other applicable law;

(B) Students in justice system custody and returning to the
community from justice system custody are promptly enrolled in school
pursuant to this section and section 10-186;

175 (C) Students in justice system custody and returning to the

community from justice system custody receive appropriate credit for
school work completed in custody, pursuant to this section or section
10-220h;

(D) All relevant school records for students who enter justice system
custody and who return to the community from justice system custody
are promptly transferred to the appropriate school district or
educational service provider, pursuant to section 10-220h.

183 Sec. 9. Section 10-226b of the general statutes is repealed and the 184 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

(a) Whenever the State Board of Education finds that racial imbalance
exists in a public school, it shall notify in writing the board of education
having jurisdiction over said school that such finding has been made,
except the State Board of Education shall not notify a board of education
of such finding until July 1, [2025] 2029.

(b) As used in sections 10-226a to 10-226e, inclusive, "racial
imbalance" means a condition wherein the proportion of pupils of racial
minorities in all of the grades of a public school of the secondary level
or below taken together substantially exceeds or falls substantially short
of the proportion of such public school pupils in all of the same grades
of the school district in which said school is situated taken together.

Sec. 10. Section 10-226c of the general statutes is repealed and thefollowing is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

198 (a) Any board of education receiving notification of the existence of 199 racial imbalance as specified in section 10-226b, as amended by this act, 200 shall forthwith prepare a plan to correct such imbalance and file a copy 201 of said plan with the State Board of Education, except such board of 202 education shall not be required to prepare and file said plan until July 203 1, [2025] 2029. Said plan may be limited to addressing the imbalance 204 existing at any school and need not result in a district-wide plan or 205 district-wide pupil reassignment. A school district may request an

206 extension of time in cases in which the number of students causing said 207 imbalance is fewer than five students at a school.

208 (b) Any plan submitted by the board of education of any town under 209 sections 10-226a to 10-226e, inclusive, shall include any proposed 210 changes in existing school attendance districts, the location of proposed 211 school building sites as related to the problem, any proposed additions 212 to existing school buildings and all other means proposed for the 213 correction of said racial imbalance. The plan shall include projections of 214 the expected racial composition of all public schools in the district. The 215 plan may include provision for cooperation with other school districts 216 to assist in the correction of racial imbalance.

217 Sec. 11. Section 10-226d of the general statutes is repealed and the 218 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

219 Upon receipt of any plan required under the provisions of subsection 220 (b) of section 10-226c, the State Board of Education shall review said 221 plan. If it determines that the plan is satisfactory, it shall approve the 222 plan and shall provide to the board of education such assistance and 223 services as may be available. The board of education shall submit annual 224 reports on the implementation of the approved plan, as the State Board 225 of Education may require. The State Board of Education shall not take 226 action on any plan received on or after July 1, 2024, until July 1, [2025] 227 2029.

228 Sec. 12. Section 10-234gg of the general statutes is repealed. (Effective 229 from passage)

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:			
Section 1	July 1, 2025	10-15c	
Sec. 2	July 1, 2026	10-76a(2)	
Sec. 3	July 1, 2026	10-76d(a)(9)(C)	
Sec. 4	July 1, 2026	10-76d(b)	
Sec. 5	July 1, 2026	10-76ll(b)	

Sec. 6	July 1, 2026	10-95p
Sec. 7	July 1, 2026	10-253(a)
Sec. 8	July 1, 2026	10-253(h)(3)
Sec. 9	July 1, 2025	10-226b
Sec. 10	July 1, 2025	10-226c
Sec. 11	July 1, 2025	10-226d
Sec. 12	from passage	Repealer section

## Statement of Purpose:

To provide local and regional boards of education relief from certain education mandates.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]