

Substitute Bill No. 7150

January Session, 2025

General Assembly

AN ACT CONCERNING JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2025*) (a) For the purposes of this
 section and sections 2 to 4, inclusive, of this act:

3 (1) "Justice of the peace" means any person that holds the office of
4 justice of the peace pursuant to section 9-183b, 9-183c, 9-184 or 9-184c of
5 the general statutes, as amended by this act;

6 (2) "Official misconduct" means, in the performance of the duties of a 7 justice of the peace, (A) a justice of the peace's performance of an act 8 prohibited by the general statutes or failure to perform an act mandated 9 by the general statutes, or (B) a justice of the peace's performance of an 10 act in a manner found to be negligent, fraudulent, unlawful or against 11 the public interest, including any conduct prohibited by subsection (a) 12 of section 2 of this act; and

13 (3) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the State.

(b) To be qualified to hold the office of justice of the peace, a personshall:

(1) Be appointed pursuant to section 9-183b, 9-183c, 9-184 or 9-184c of
the general statutes, as amended by this act; and

(2) Pass the examination developed and administered by the
Secretary pursuant to subsection (c) of this section not later than (A) one
hundred twenty days after an appointment made after January 1, 2026,
or (B) May 1, 2026, if such appointment is made on or before January 1,
2026.

(c) The Secretary shall, not later than July 1, 2026, (1) publish on the
Internet web site of the Secretary of the State a manual concerning the
duties of a justice of the peace, and (2) administer a written examination
for persons seeking to hold the office of justice of the peace.

27 Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective January 1, 2026) (a) No justice of the peace shall 28 (1) perform any official action with intent to deceive or defraud any 29 person, (2) use the title of justice of the peace in an endorsement or 30 promotional statement for any product, third-party service, contest or 31 other offering, or (3) perform a marriage that the justice of the peace 32 knows or should have known is (A) unlawful under any provision of 33 the general statutes, or (B) fraudulent in violation of 8 USC 1325, as 34 amended from time to time.

(b) A justice of the peace shall be liable to any person for any damages
proximately caused to that person as a result of the justice of the peace's
official misconduct.

38 (c) An employer of an individual who holds the office of justice of the 39 peace shall be liable to any person for damages proximately caused to 40 that person resulting from the justice of the peace's official misconduct 41 if (1) such misconduct occurred in the course of business of such 42 employer, and (2) such employer directed, encouraged, consented to, ratified or approved the justice of the peace's official misconduct, either 43 44 (A) in the particular transaction constituting official misconduct, or (B) 45 implicitly by such employer's previous actions in at least one similar 46 transaction constituting official misconduct.

(d) An employer of an individual who holds the office of justice of
the peace shall be liable to the justice of the peace for any damages (1)
recovered from the justice of the peace resulting from official

50 misconduct that was coerced by threat of such employer, if such threat, 51 including, but not limited to, a threat of demotion or dismissal, was 52 made by such employer (A) in reference to a particular act of the justice 53 of the peace in the course of business of such employer, or (B) implicitly 54 by such employer's previous actions in at least one similar transaction, 55 or (2) caused to the justice of the peace by a demotion, dismissal or other 56 action by such employer resulting from the justice of the peace's refusal 57 to commit official misconduct in the course of such employer's business.

58 Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2026*) (a) The Secretary shall 59 investigate any allegations of official misconduct by a justice of the 60 peace and issue a finding at the conclusion of any such investigation.

(b) When the Secretary determines that a justice of the peace has engaged in official misconduct or otherwise violated any provision of the general statutes in the performance of the duties of a justice of the peace, the Secretary may (1) deliver a written warning or reprimand to such justice of the peace, or (2) notwithstanding the provisions of any special act, municipal charter or ordinance to the contrary, suspend or revoke a justice of the peace's appointment.

(c) The voluntary or involuntary termination, revocation or lapse of
the appointment of a justice of the peace shall not interrupt or preclude
an investigation into any allegation of official misconduct against such
justice of the peace under this section.

(d) The Secretary may adopt regulations, in accordance with the
provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to carry out the purposes
of this section and sections 2 and 3, inclusive, of this act.

Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 9-183b, 9-183c or 9-184c of the general statutes, as amended by this act, any vacancy in the office of a justice of the peace, if such vacancy is created by the adoption of an ordinance or charter amendment by a municipality that (1) increases the number of justices of the peace in such municipality, and (2) is effective not less than ninety-one days prior to the next quadrennial appointment of justices of the peace in the municipality, may be filled by appointment prior to the
next quadrennial appointment by the town committee of any major
party according to the provisions of this section.

(b) (1) (A) The town clerk shall select one-third of the total number of
justices of the peace to fill vacancies that are created by the adoption of
such ordinance or charter amendment.

88 (B) The political parties that are major political parties, as defined in 89 subparagraph (B) of subdivision (5) of section 9-372 of the general statutes, shall be entitled to nominate an equal number of the total 90 91 number of justices of the peace to fill the remaining vacancies created by 92 the adoption of such ordinance, except in any town where the number 93 of justices of the peace to be nominated under this section is not divisible 94 by the number of political parties entitled to nominate justices of the 95 peace under this section, the registrars of voters shall determine by lot 96 which of said parties may nominate one more justice of the peace than 97 may be nominated by the other party or parties. Such nomination by 98 such parties shall qualify a nominee to serve as a justice of the peace.

99 (2) (A) In the event that a political party that is a major party, as 100 defined in subparagraph (A) of subdivision (5) of section 9-372 of the 101 general statutes, but is not a major party, as defined in subparagraph (B) 102 of said subdivision, is entitled to nominate an individual or individuals 103 to serve as a justice of the peace to fill any such vacancy, such party shall 104 be entitled to nominate twenty per cent of the total number of justices of the peace to fill such vacancies, provided such percentage shall be 105 106 rounded down to the nearest whole number. Such nomination by such 107 parties shall qualify a nominee to serve as a justice of the peace.

(B) The town clerk shall select one-third of the total number of justices
of the peace to fill vacancies that are created by the adoption of such
ordinance or charter amendment less the number of justices of the peace
selected under subparagraph (A) of this subdivision to fill such
vacancies.

113 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 9-183b, 9-183c or 9-184c

of the general statutes, as amended by this act, any person appointed to
fill a vacancy in the office of a justice of the peace pursuant to subsection
(b) of this section shall serve until the next quadrennial appointment of
justices of the peace in the municipality.

(d) If a vacancy in the office of a justice of the peace has been filled by
appointment by a town committee, the chairperson or secretary of such
town committee shall file with the town clerk a certificate of each such
appointment, and the town clerk shall record the certificate with the
records of the town meeting. The town clerk shall notify the secretary of
any such appointment.

Sec. 5. Section 9-184c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

126 (a) In 1994, 1996, and quadrennially thereafter, the town clerk of each 127 town shall appoint as justice of the peace a number of electors of the 128 town who are not members of major parties, as defined in section 9-372, 129 which shall not exceed (1) where no justices of the peace are selected 130 under section 9-183c, one-third of the total number of justices of the 131 peace in the town, or (2) where justices of the peace are selected under 132 section 9-183c, one-third of the total number of justices of the peace in 133 the town less the number of justices of the peace in the town selected 134 under section 9-183c. Such percentage shall be rounded up to the nearest 135 whole number of justices of the peace. Any such appointment shall be 136 made upon written application submitted on or after August first and 137 on or before November first, in such year. No person who has 138 enrollment privileges in the town in a political party which selected 139 justices of the peace under section 9-183b or under section 9-183c within 140 the period beginning three months before said August first and ending 141 on the date the person is to be appointed under this section, shall be 142 eligible for such appointment. Not later than August 1, 1996, and 143 quadrennially thereafter, the town clerk shall send a written notice to 144 each incumbent justice of the peace appointed under this section. Such notice shall inform such justices of the peace of the procedures set forth 145 146 in this section concerning the reappointment of such justices of the

147 peace.

(b) If, on November first in such year, the number of applications for 148 149 justice of the peace filed with the town clerk under subsection (a) of this 150 section exceeds the number of justices of the peace allowed under this 151 section, (1) each such applicant who is an incumbent justice of the peace 152 appointed under this section shall be reappointed if there are sufficient 153 openings, and (2) the town clerk shall, on or before the fifteenth business 154 day of November, select the remaining applicants to be appointed as 155 justices of the peace by lot in a ceremony which shall be open to the 156 public and held on five days' public notice. At such lottery the town clerk shall determine the order of all such remaining applications for the 157 158 purpose of filling future vacancies under subsection (d) of this section. If a town clerk receives a number of applications that is less than the 159 160 number of justices of the peace that he is authorized to appoint under 161 this section in any year, he shall not appoint any additional justices of 162 the peace, except as prescribed by subsections (d) and (e) of this section.

(c) Justices of the peace appointed in 1994 [,] shall serve a term of two
years beginning on the first Monday in 1995, and justices of the peace
appointed in 1996 and thereafter shall serve a term of four years
beginning on the first Monday in January in the succeeding year.

(d) Any vacancy in the office of any such justice of the peace shall be
filled by appointment by the town clerk of an elector qualifying under
subsection (a) of this section in the order determined in the lottery held
under [said] subsection (b) of this section. If no such lottery is held, or
the number of vacancies exceeds the number of remaining applicants
determined in the lottery held under subsection (b) of this section, the
vacancy shall [not] be filled pursuant to subsection (e) of this section.

(e) If the number of vacancies exceeds the number of remaining
applicants determined in the lottery held under subsection (b) of this
section or if no such lottery was held, the town clerk shall make public
the number of vacancies and the procedure for appointing new justices
of the peace under this subsection. Any such appointment shall be made

179 upon written application submitted not more than thirty days following such public notice. No person who has enrollment privileges in the town 180 in a political party that selected justices of the peace under section 9-181 182 183b or 9-183c within the period beginning three months before the 183 public notice under this subsection and ending on the date the person is 184 to be appointed under this subsection shall be eligible for such 185 appointment. If the number of applications for justice of the peace filed with the town clerk under this subsection exceeds the number of 186 vacancies, the town clerk shall, not less than ten and not more than 187 fifteen days following the close of such applications, select the 188 189 remaining applicants to be appointed as justices of the peace by lottery in a ceremony which shall be open to the public and held within not less 190 than five days after the giving of public notice by the town clerk. At such 191 192 lottery, the town clerk shall determine the order of all such remaining 193 applications for the purpose of filling future vacancies under subsection 194 (d) of this section. If a town clerk receives a number of applications under this subsection that is less than the number of justices of the peace 195 196 that the town clerk is authorized to appoint under this section in any 197 year, the town clerk shall not appoint any additional justices of the 198 peace.

199 Sec. 6. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) There is established a 200 working group to examine and make recommendations on (1) the 201 methods of determining the number of justice of the peace positions in 202 each municipality and state wide; (2) the portability of a justice of the 203 peace appointment in one municipality to other municipalities; (3) the 204 process by which justices of the peace are selected; (4) potential training, minimum qualifications, application processes and background check 205 206 requirements for justices of the peace; (5) oversight of justices of the 207 peace, including the potential for levying fines; (6) potential legal 208 consequences for misrepresenting a person's status as a justice of the 209 peace; and (7) issues related to reporting human trafficking, forced 210 marriage and marriage fraud.

211 (b) The working group shall consist of the following members:

212 (1) Two appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives,

213 one of whom is a justice of the peace and one of whom is a representative

of a professional organization for justices of the peace;

(2) Two appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate, whoare town clerks;

(3) One appointed by the majority leader of the House ofRepresentatives, who is a town party chairperson;

(4) One appointed by the majority leader of the Senate, who is ajustice of the peace and not a member of a major political party;

(5) Two appointed by the minority leader of the House ofRepresentatives, one of whom is a town party chairperson and one ofwhom is a town clerk;

(6) Two appointed by the minority leader of the Senate, one of whomis a justice of the peace and one of whom is a town clerk; and

226 (7) The Secretary of the State, or the Secretary's designee.

(c) All initial appointments to the working group shall be made not
later than thirty days after the effective date of this section. Any vacancy
shall be filled by the appointing authority.

(d) The Secretary of the State, or the Secretary's designee, shall be the
chairperson of the working group and shall schedule the first meeting
of the working group, which shall be held not later than sixty days after
the effective date of this section.

(e) Not later than January 1, 2026, the working group shall submit a report on its findings and recommendations to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to government administration and elections, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, and to the Secretary of the State. The working group shall terminate upon the submission of such report.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 2	January 1, 2026	New section
Sec. 3	January 1, 2026	New section
Sec. 4	from passage	New section
Sec. 5	October 1, 2025	9-184c
Sec. 6	from passage	New section

PD Joint Favorable Subst.