

General Assembly

January Session, 2025

Committee Bill No. 647

LCO No. 5141

Referred to Committee on ENERGY AND TECHNOLOGY

Introduced by: (ET)

AN ACT CONCERNING PROTECTIONS FOR CONSUMER ACCESS TO AFFORDABLE ELECTRICITY.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Section 16-245*l* of the general statutes is repealed and the
 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

3 (a) The Public Utilities Regulatory Authority shall establish and each electric distribution company shall collect] a systems benefits charge, 4 5 which shall be paid on an annual basis by the Treasurer from the 6 General Fund. [to be imposed against all end use customers of each 7 electric distribution company beginning January 1, 2000.] The authority 8 shall hold a hearing that shall be conducted as a contested case in 9 accordance with chapter 54 to establish the amount of the systems 10 benefits charge. The authority may revise the systems benefits charge or 11 any element of said charge as the need arises.

(b) Commencing on July 1, 2015, and annually thereafter, the sum of two million one hundred thousand dollars shall be transferred from the systems benefits charge to Operation Fuel, Incorporated, for energy assistance, provided two hundred thousand dollars of such sum may be

used for administrative purposes. The systems benefits charge shall also 16 17 be used to fund (1) the expenses of the public education outreach 18 program developed under section 16-244d other than expenses for 19 authority staff, (2) the cost of hardship protection measures under 20 sections 16-262c and 16-262d and other hardship protections, including, 21 but not limited to, electric service bill payment programs, funding and 22 technical support for energy assistance, fuel bank and weatherization 23 programs and weatherization services, (3) the payment program to 24 offset tax losses described in section 12-94d, (4) any sums paid to a 25 resource recovery authority pursuant to subsection (b) of section 16-26 243e, (5) low income conservation programs approved by the Public 27 Utilities Regulatory Authority, (6) displaced worker protection costs, (7) 28 unfunded storage and disposal costs for spent nuclear fuel generated 29 before January 1, 2000, approved by the appropriate regulatory 30 agencies, (8) postretirement safe shutdown and site protection costs that 31 are incurred in preparation for decommissioning, (9) decommissioning 32 fund contributions, (10) costs associated with the Connecticut electric 33 efficiency partner program established pursuant to section 16-243v, as 34 <u>amended by this act</u>, (11) reinvestments and investments in energy 35 efficiency programs and technologies pursuant to section 16a-38l, costs 36 associated with the electricity conservation incentive program 37 established pursuant to section 119 of public act 07-242, (12) legal, 38 appraisal and purchase costs of a conservation or land use restriction 39 and other related costs as the authority in its discretion deems 40 appropriate, incurred by a municipality on or before January 1, 2000, to 41 ensure the environmental, recreational and scenic preservation of any 42 reservoir located within this state created by a pump storage 43 hydroelectric generating facility, and (13) the residential furnace and 44 boiler replacement program pursuant to subsection (k) of section 16-45 243v, as amended by this act.

(c) As used in this subsection, "displaced worker protection costs"
means the reasonable costs incurred, prior to January 1, 2008, [(A)] (1)
by an electric supplier, exempt wholesale generator, electric company,
an operator of a nuclear power generating facility in this state or a

generation entity or affiliate arising from the dislocation of any 50 51 employee other than an officer, provided such dislocation is a result of 52 [(i)] (A) restructuring of the electric generation market and such 53 dislocation occurs on or after July 1, 1998, or [(ii)] (B) the closing of a 54 Title IV source or an exempt wholesale generator, as defined in 15 USC 55 79z-5a, on or after January 1, 2004, as a result of such source's failure to 56 meet requirements imposed as a result of sections 22a-197 and 22a-198 57 and this section or those Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies 58 adopted by the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection, as 59 amended from time to time, in accordance with Executive Order 60 Number 19, issued on May 17, 2000, and provided further such costs 61 result from either the execution of agreements reached through 62 collective bargaining for union employees or from the company's or 63 entity's or affiliate's programs and policies for nonunion employees, and 64 [(B)] (2) by an electric distribution company or an exempt wholesale 65 generator arising from the retraining of a former employee of an 66 unaffiliated exempt wholesale generator, which employee was 67 involuntarily dislocated on or after January 1, 2004, from such wholesale 68 generator, except for cause. "Displaced worker protection costs" 69 includes costs incurred or projected for severance, retraining, early 70 retirement, outplacement, coverage for surviving spouse insurance 71 benefits and related expenses.

72 [(b) The amount of the systems benefits charge shall be determined 73 by the authority in a general and equitable manner and shall be imposed 74 on all end use customers of each electric distribution company at a rate 75 that is applied equally to all customers of the same class in accordance 76 with methods of allocation in effect on July 1, 1998, provided the system 77 benefits charge shall not be imposed on customers receiving services 78 under a special contract which is in effect on July 1, 1998, until such 79 special contracts expire. The system benefits charge shall be imposed 80 beginning on January 1, 2000, on all customers receiving services under 81 a special contract which are entered into or renewed after July 1, 1998. 82 The systems benefits charge shall have a generally applicable manner of 83 determination that may be measured on the basis of percentages of total

costs of retail sales of generation services. The systems benefits charge
shall be payable on an equal basis on the same payment terms and shall
be eligible or subject to prepayment on an equal basis. Any exemption
of the systems benefits charge by customers under a special contract
shall not result in an increase in rates to any customer.]

Sec. 2. Subdivision (3) of subsection (e) of section 16a-3m of the
general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

92 (3) Any agreement entered into pursuant to subdivision (2) of this 93 subsection shall be subject to review and approval by the Public Utilities 94 Regulatory Authority. The electric distribution company shall file an 95 application for the approval of any such agreement with the authority. 96 The authority's review shall commence upon the filing of the signed 97 power purchase agreement with the authority. The authority shall 98 approve agreements that it determines (A) provide for the delivery of 99 adequate and reliable products and services, for which there is a clear public need, at a just and reasonable price, (B) are prudent and cost 100 101 effective, and (C) that the respondent to the solicitation has the technical, 102 financial and managerial capabilities to perform pursuant to such 103 agreement. For any eligible nuclear power generating facility selected in 104 any solicitation described in subsection (g) of this section, the authority 105 shall require any such agreement to be conditioned upon the approval 106 of such a power purchase agreement or other agreement for energy, 107 capacity and any environmental attributes, or any combination thereof, 108 with such eligible nuclear power generating facility, in at least two other states, by the applicable officials of such states or by electric utilities or 109 110 other entities designated by the applicable officials of such states. The 111 authority shall issue a decision not later than one hundred eighty days 112 after such filing. If the authority does not issue a decision within one 113 hundred eighty days after such filing, the agreement shall be deemed 114 approved. The net costs of any such agreement, including costs incurred 115 by the electric distribution company under the agreement and 116 reasonable costs incurred by the electric distribution company in

117 connection with the agreement, shall be [recovered on a timely basis 118 through a nonbypassable fully reconciling component of electric rates 119 for all customers of the electric distribution company] paid by the 120 Treasurer on an annual basis from the General Fund. Any net revenues 121 from the sale of products purchased in accordance with long-term 122 contracts entered into pursuant to this subsection shall be [credited to 123 customers through the same nonbypassable fully reconciling rate 124 component for all customers of the contracting electric distribution 125 company] paid to the Treasurer for deposit in the General Fund.

Sec. 3. Subdivision (1) of subsection (d) of section 16-245m of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

129 (d) (1) Not later than November 1, 2012, and every three years 130 thereafter, electric distribution companies, as defined in section 16-1, as 131 amended by this act, in coordination with the gas companies, as defined 132 in section 16-1, as amended by this act, shall submit to the Energy 133 Conservation Management Board a combined electric and gas 134 Conservation and Load Management Plan, in accordance with the 135 provisions of this section, to implement cost-effective energy 136 conservation programs, demand management and market 137 transformation initiatives. All supply and conservation and load 138 management options shall be evaluated and selected within an 139 integrated supply and demand planning framework. Services provided 140 under the plan shall be available to all customers of electric distribution 141 companies and gas companies, provided a customer of an electric 142 distribution company may not be denied such services based on the fuel 143 such customer uses to heat such customer's home. The Energy 144 Conservation Management Board shall advise and assist the electric 145 distribution companies and gas companies in the development of such 146 plan. The Energy Conservation Management Board shall approve the 147 plan before transmitting it to the Commissioner of Energy and 148 Environmental Protection for approval. The commissioner shall, in an 149 uncontested proceeding during which the commissioner may hold a

public meeting, approve, modify or reject said plan prepared pursuant 150 151 to this subsection. Following approval by the commissioner, the board 152 shall assist the companies in implementing the plan and collaborate 153 with the Connecticut Green Bank to further the goals of the plan. Said 154 plan shall include a detailed budget sufficient to fund all energy 155 efficiency that is cost-effective or lower cost than acquisition of 156 equivalent supply, and shall be reviewed and approved by the 157 commissioner. [The Public Utilities Regulatory Authority shall, not later than sixty days after the plan is approved by the commissioner, ensure 158 159 that the balance of revenues required to fund such plan is provided 160 through fully reconciling conservation adjustment mechanisms. Electric 161 distribution companies shall collect a conservation adjustment 162 mechanism that ensures the plan is fully funded by collecting an 163 amount that is not more than the sum of six mills per kilowatt hour of 164 electricity sold to each end use customer of an electric distribution 165 company during the three years of any Conservation and Load 166 Management Plan. The authority shall ensure that the revenues 167 required to fund such plan with regard to gas companies are provided 168 through a fully reconciling conservation adjustment mechanism for 169 each gas company of not more than the equivalent of four and six-tenth 170 cents per hundred cubic feet during the three years of any Conservation 171 and Load Management Plan.] Said plan shall include steps that would 172 be needed to achieve the goal of weatherization of eighty per cent of the 173 state's residential units by 2030 and to reduce energy consumption by 174 1.6 million MMBtu, or the equivalent megawatts of electricity, as 175 defined in subdivision (4) of section 22a-197, annually each year for 176 calendar years commencing on and after January 1, 2020, up to and 177 including calendar year 2025. Each program contained in the plan shall 178 be reviewed by such companies and accepted, modified or rejected by 179 the Energy Conservation Management Board prior to submission to the 180 commissioner for approval. The Energy Conservation Management 181 Board shall, as part of its review, examine opportunities to offer joint 182 programs providing similar efficiency measures that save more than 183 one fuel resource or otherwise to coordinate programs targeted at saving more than one fuel resource. Any costs for joint programs shall
be allocated equitably among the conservation programs. The Energy
Conservation Management Board shall give preference to projects that
maximize the reduction of federally mandated congestion charges.

Sec. 4. Subsection (b) of section 16-245n of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*,
2025):

(b) On and after July 1, 2004, the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority
shall assess or cause to be assessed a charge of not less than one mill per
kilowatt hour charged to each end use customer of electric services in
this state which shall be deposited into the Clean Energy Fund
established under subsection (c) of this section, provided no such charge
<u>may be assessed on and after July 1, 2025</u>.

197 Sec. 5. Subdivision (1) of subsection (e) of section 16a-3m of the 198 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 199 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

200 (e) (1) Any solicitation issued pursuant to subsection (d) of this 201 section for zero-carbon electricity generating resources, including, but 202 not limited to, eligible nuclear power generating facilities, hydropower, 203 Class I renewable energy sources, as defined in section 16-1, as amended 204 by this act, and energy storage systems, shall be for resources delivered 205 into the control area of the regional independent system operator, as 206 defined in section 16-1, as amended by this act, and any agreement 207 entered into pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection shall be in the 208 best interest of ratepayers. If the commissioner finds proposals received 209 pursuant to such solicitations to be in the best interest of ratepayers, the 210 commissioner may select any such proposal or proposals, provided (A) 211 the total annual energy output of any proposals selected, in the 212 aggregate, shall be not more than twelve million megawatt hours of 213 electricity, (B) any agreement entered into pursuant to this subdivision 214 with an eligible nuclear power generating facility or hydropower shall 215 be for a period of not less than three years and not more than ten years,

[and] (C) any agreement entered into pursuant to this subdivision with
Class I renewable energy sources, as defined in section 16-1, as amended
by this act, and energy storage systems shall be for a period of not more
than twenty years, and (D) no agreement may be entered into pursuant
to this subdivision if such agreement would require the purchase of
electricity at a rate exceeding one hundred fifty per cent above the
wholesale price of electricity at the time of such agreement.

Sec. 6. Subdivision (20) of section 16-1 of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*1, 2025):

226 (20) "Class I renewable energy source" means (A) electricity derived 227 from (i) solar power, (ii) wind power, (iii) a fuel cell, (iv) geothermal, (v) 228 landfill methane gas, anaerobic digestion or other biogas derived from 229 biological sources, (vi) thermal electric direct energy conversion from a 230 certified Class I renewable energy source, (vii) ocean thermal power, 231 (viii) wave or tidal power, (ix) low emission advanced renewable energy 232 conversion technologies, including, but not limited to, zero emission 233 low grade heat power generation systems based on organic oil free 234 rankine, kalina or other similar nonsteam cycles that use waste heat 235 from an industrial or commercial process that does not generate 236 electricity, (x) [(I)] a [run-of-the-river] hydropower facility, [that began operation after July 1, 2003, has a generating capacity of not more than 237 238 sixty megawatts, is not based on a new dam or a dam identified by the 239 Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection as a candidate for removal, and meets applicable state and federal requirements, 240 241 including state dam safety requirements and applicable site-specific 242 standards for water quality and fish passage, or (II) a run-of-the-river 243 hydropower facility that received a new license after January 1, 2018, 244 under the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission rules pursuant to 18 245 CFR 16, as amended from time to time, is not based on a new dam or a 246 dam identified by the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental 247 Protection as a candidate for removal, and meets applicable state and 248 federal requirements, including state dam safety requirements and

249 applicable site-specific standards for water quality and fish passage,] 250 (xi) a biomass facility that uses sustainable biomass fuel and has an 251 average emission rate of equal to or less than .075 pounds of nitrogen 252 oxides per million BTU of heat input for the previous calendar quarter, 253 except that energy derived from a biomass facility with a capacity of less 254 than five hundred kilowatts that began construction before July 1, 2003, 255 may be considered a Class I renewable energy source, or (xii) a nuclear 256 power generating facility, [constructed on or after October 1, 2023,] or 257 (B) any electrical generation, including distributed generation, generated from a Class I renewable energy source, provided, on and 258 259 after January 1, 2014, any megawatt hours of electricity from a 260 renewable energy source described under this subparagraph that are 261 claimed or counted by a load-serving entity, province or state toward 262 compliance with renewable portfolio standards or renewable energy 263 policy goals in another province or state, other than the state of 264 Connecticut, shall not be eligible for compliance with the renewable 265 portfolio standards established pursuant to section 16-245a;

Sec. 7. Subparagraph (D) of subdivision (57) of section 12-81 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

269 (D) For assessment years commencing on and after October 1, 2014, 270 any (i) Class I renewable energy source, as defined in section 16-1, as 271 amended by this act, other than a nuclear power generating facility, [(ii) 272 hydropower facility described in subdivision (21) of subsection (a) of 273 section 16-1, or (iii)] or (ii) solar thermal or geothermal renewable energy 274 source, installed for generation or displacement of energy, provided (I) 275 such installation occurs on or after January 1, 2014, (II) is for commercial 276 or industrial purposes, (III) the nameplate capacity of such source or 277 facility does not exceed the load for the location where such generation 278 or displacement is located or the aggregated load of the beneficial 279 accounts for any Class I renewable energy source participating in virtual 280 net metering pursuant to section 16-244u, and (IV) in the case of clause 281 [(iii)] (ii) of this subparagraph, such exemption shall apply only to the

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amount by which the assessed valuation of the real property equipped
with such source exceeds the assessed valuation of such real property
equipped with the conventional portion of the source;
Sec. 8. Section 16-2 of the general statutes is repealed and the
following is substituted in lieu thereof (<i>Effective October 1, 2025</i>):
(a) There shall continue to be a Public Utilities Regulatory Authority.
[within the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection,
which] The authority shall have the following functions, duties and
powers:
(1) The authority shall be responsible for all matters of rate regulation
for public utilities and regulated entities under title 16 and shall
promote policies that will lead to just and reasonable utility rates.
(2) The authority shall employ and assign such personnel as the
chairperson of the authority deems necessary for the performance of the
authority's functions and duties.
(3) The authority shall perform such management functions as the
chairperson of the authority deems necessary, including, but not limited
to, purchasing, accounting and payroll functions.
(b) The authority shall be under the direction of the utility
commissioners, who shall consist of five electors of this state, appointed
by the Governor with the advice and consent of both houses of the
General Assembly. Not more than three [members of said authority]
<u>utility commissioners</u> in office at any one time shall be members of any
one political party. The Governor shall appoint five members to the
authority. The procedure prescribed in section 4-7 shall apply to such
appointments, except that the Governor shall submit each nomination
on or before May first, and both houses shall confirm or reject it before
adjournment sine die. Any utility commissioner appointed by the
Governor and confirmed by both chambers of the General Assembly
between February 1, 2019, and June 1, 2019, shall serve a term expiring

312 on March 1, 2024. Any utility commissioner appointed by the Governor 313 and confirmed by both houses of the General Assembly between 314 February 1, 2018, and June 1, 2018, shall serve a term expiring on March 315 1, 2022. Between July 1, 2019, and May 1, 2020, the Governor shall 316 appoint three utility commissioners, provided one such commissioner 317 shall serve a term expiring on March 1, 2021, and two such 318 commissioners shall serve terms expiring on March 1, 2023. Any utility 319 commissioner appointed on or after May 1, 2020, shall serve a term of 320 four years. The utility commissioners shall be sworn to the faithful 321 performance of their duties.

322 [(b)] (c) Not later than June 30, 2023, and between June first and June 323 thirtieth in each odd-numbered year thereafter, the Governor shall 324 select the chairperson of the authority from among the utility 325 commissioners. The chairperson shall serve a two-year term starting on 326 July first of the same year. Each June, the utility commissioners shall 327 choose, from among said commissioners, a vice-chairperson, who shall 328 serve for a one-year term starting on July first of the same year. The vice-329 chairperson shall perform the duties of the chairperson in his or her 330 absence.

331 [(c)] (d) Any matter coming before the authority may be assigned by 332 the chairperson to a panel of three or more utility commissioners. Except 333 as otherwise provided by statute or regulation, the panel shall 334 determine whether a public hearing shall be held on the matter, and 335 may designate one or more of [its members] the utility commissioners 336 to conduct such hearing or may assign a hearing officer to ascertain the 337 facts and report thereon to the panel. The decision of the panel, if 338 unanimous, shall be the decision of the authority. If the decision of the 339 panel is not unanimous, the matter shall be approved by a majority vote 340 of the utility commissioners.

341 [(d)] (e) The utility commissioners of the Public Utilities Regulatory 342 Authority shall serve full time and shall file a statement of financial 343 interests with the Office of State Ethics in accordance with section 1-83. Each utility commissioner shall receive annually a salary equal to that established for management pay plan salary group seventy-five by the Commissioner of Administrative Services, except that the chairperson shall receive annually a salary equal to that established for management pay plan salary group seventy-seven.

349 [(e)] (f) To insure the highest standard of public utility regulation, on 350 and after October 1, 2007, any newly appointed utility commissioner of 351 the authority shall have education or training and three or more years 352 of experience in one or more of the following fields: Economics, engineering, law, accounting, finance, utility regulation, public or 353 354 government administration, consumer advocacy, business 355 management, and environmental management. On and after July 1, 356 1997, at least three of these fields shall be represented on the authority 357 by individual utility commissioners at all times. Any time a utility 358 commissioner is newly appointed, at least one of the utility 359 commissioners shall have experience in utility customer advocacy.

360 [(f)] (g) (1) The chairperson of the authority [, with the approval of 361 the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection,] shall 362 prescribe the duties of the staff [assigned to] of the authority [in order 363 to (A) conduct comprehensive planning with respect to the functions of 364 the authority; (B) cause the administrative organization of the authority 365 to be examined with a view to promoting economy and efficiency; and 366 (C)] and organize the authority into such divisions, bureaus or other 367 units as necessary for the efficient conduct of the business of the 368 authority. [and may from time to time make recommendations to the 369 Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection regarding staff 370 and resources.]

(2) The chairperson of the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority [, in
order to implement the comprehensive planning and organizational
structure established pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection,]
shall: (A) [coordinate] <u>Coordinate</u> the activities of the authority; [and
prescribe the duties of the staff assigned to the authority;] (B) for any

376 proceeding on a proposed rate amendment in which staff of the 377 authority are to be made a party pursuant to section 16-19j, determine 378 which staff shall appear and participate in the proceedings and which 379 shall serve the [members of the authority] utility commissioners; (C) 380 enter into such contractual agreements, in accordance with established 381 procedures, as may be necessary for the discharge of the authority's 382 duties; (D) subject to the provisions of section 4-32, and unless otherwise 383 provided by law, receive any money, revenue or services from the 384 federal government, corporations, associations or individuals, 385 including payments from the sale of printed matter or any other 386 material or services; (E) prepare the budget of the authority; and [(E)] 387 (F) require the staff of the authority to have expertise in public utility 388 engineering and accounting, finance, economics, computers and rate 389 design.

390 (3) The chairperson of the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority shall
 391 have all powers necessary and convenient to faithfully discharge the
 392 authority's responsibilities specified in subdivision (1) of subsection (a)
 393 of this section.

394 [(g)] (h) No utility commissioner [of the Public Utilities Regulatory 395 Authority] or employee of the [Department of Energy and 396 Environmental Protection assigned to work with the] authority shall have any interest, financial or otherwise, direct or indirect, or engage in 397 398 any business, employment, transaction or professional activity, or incur 399 any obligation of any nature, which is in substantial conflict with the 400 proper discharge of his or her duties or employment in the public 401 interest and of his or her responsibilities as prescribed in the laws of this 402 state, as defined in section 1-85, concerning any matter within the 403 jurisdiction of the authority; provided, no such substantial conflict shall 404 be deemed to exist solely by virtue of the fact that a utility commissioner 405 of the authority or employee of the department assigned to work with 406 the authority, or any business in which such a person has an interest, 407 receives utility service from one or more Connecticut utilities under the 408 normal rates and conditions of service.

409 [(h)] (i) No utility commissioner [of the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority] or employee of the [Department of Energy and 410 411 Environmental Protection assigned to work with the authority, during 412 such assignment,] authority shall accept other employment which will 413 either impair his or her independence of judgment as to his or her 414 official duties or employment or require him or her, or induce him or 415 her, to disclose confidential information acquired by him or her in the 416 course of and by reason of his or her official duties.

417 [(i)] (i) No utility commissioner [of the Public Utilities Regulatory 418 Authority] or employee of the [Department of Energy and 419 Environmental Protection assigned to work with the authority, during 420 such assignment,] authority shall wilfully and knowingly disclose, for 421 pecuniary gain, to any other person, confidential information acquired 422 by him or her in the course of and by reason of his or her official duties 423 or employment or use any such information for the purpose of 424 pecuniary gain.

425 [(j)] (k) No utility commissioner [of the Public Utilities Regulatory 426 Authority] or employee of the [Department of Energy and 427 Environmental Protection assigned to work with the authority, during 428 such assignment, authority shall agree to accept, or be in partnership 429 or association with any person, or a member of a professional 430 corporation or in membership with any union or professional 431 association which partnership, association, professional corporation, 432 union or professional association agrees to accept any employment, fee 433 or other thing of value, or portion thereof, in consideration of his or her 434 appearing, agreeing to appear, or taking any other action on behalf of 435 another person before the authority, the Connecticut Siting Council, the 436 Office of Policy and Management or the Commissioner of Energy and 437 **Environmental Protection.**

438 [(k)] (<u>1</u>) No utility commissioner [of the Public Utilities Regulatory 439 Authority] shall, for a period of one year following the termination of 440 his or her service as a utility commissioner, accept employment: (1) By

a public service company or by any person, firm or corporation engaged 441 442 in lobbying activities with regard to governmental regulation of public 443 service companies; (2) by a certified telecommunications provider or by 444 any person, firm or corporation engaged in lobbying activities with 445 regard to governmental regulation of persons, firms or corporations so 446 certified; or (3) by an electric supplier or by any person, firm or 447 corporation engaged in lobbying activities with regard to governmental 448 regulation of electric suppliers. No such utility commissioner who is also an attorney shall in any capacity, appear or participate in any 449 450 matter, or accept any compensation regarding a matter, before the 451 authority, for a period of one year following the termination of his or 452 her service as a utility commissioner.

[(l)] (m) The chairperson of the authority shall assign authority staff to fulfill the duties of procurement manager where required pursuant to this title and title 16a.

[(m)] (n) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, the decisions of the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority, including, but not limited to, decisions relating to rate amendments arising from the Comprehensive Energy Strategy, the Integrated Resources Plan, the Conservation and Load Management Plan and policies established by the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection, shall be guided by said strategy and plans and such policies.

[(n)] (o) Two or more utility commissioners serving on a panel established pursuant to subsection [(c)] (d) of this section may confer or communicate regarding the matter before such panel. Any such conference or communication that does not occur before the public at a hearing or proceeding shall not constitute a meeting as defined in section 1-200.

Sec. 9. Section 4-5 of the general statutes is repealed and the following
is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

471 As used in sections 4-6, 4-7 and 4-8, the term "department head"

472 means the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, 473 Commissioner of Administrative Services, Commissioner of Revenue 474 Services, Banking Commissioner, Commissioner of Children and 475 Families, Commissioner of Consumer Protection, Commissioner of 476 Correction, Commissioner of Economic and Community Development, 477 State Board of Education, Commissioner of Emergency Services and 478 Public Protection, Commissioner of Energy and Environmental 479 Protection, Commissioner of Agriculture, Commissioner of Public 480 Health, Insurance Commissioner, Labor Commissioner, Commissioner 481 of Mental Health and Addiction Services, Commissioner of Social 482 Services, Commissioner of Developmental Services, Commissioner of 483 Motor Vehicles, Commissioner of Transportation, Commissioner of 484 Veterans Affairs, Commissioner of Housing, Commissioner of Aging 485 and Disability Services, Commissioner of Early Childhood, 486 Commissioner of Health Strategy, executive director of the Office of 487 Military Affairs, executive director of the Technical Education and 488 Career System, Chief Workforce Officer, [and] Commissioner of Higher 489 Education and Chairperson of the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority. 490 As used in sections 4-6 and 4-7, "department head" also means the 491 Commissioner of Education.

492 Sec. 10. Section 4-67e of the general statutes is repealed and the 493 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

494 The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management shall 495 coordinate the activity of the Commissioner of Public Health, [and] the 496 Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection and the 497 chairperson of the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority in the 498 following: (1) The review of the authority of each agency for consistency 499 with the policies established by section 22a-380, (2) the preparation of a 500 memorandum of understanding, not more than six months after 501 October 1, 1991, intended to avoid inconsistency, overlap and 502 redundancy in requirements and authority of each agency in water 503 conservation issues, emergency contingency plans and regulatory 504 authority under chapters 283, 446i, 446j and 474, (3) the review of

505 exercise of regulatory authority over water companies, as defined in 506 section 25-32a, to determine whether inconsistency, overlap or 507 redundancy exist in the statutory requirements or regulatory authority 508 of such agencies under chapters 283, 446i, 446j, and 474, (4) the 509 assessment of the necessity of a memorandum of understanding to 510 avoid such inconsistency, overlap or redundancy, and, if determined to 511 be necessary, the preparation of such a memorandum by July 1, 1995, 512 and (5) the development of recommendations for legislation and 513 amendments to regulations to implement the provisions of a 514 memorandum of understanding prepared pursuant to this section, or 515 for consistency with the policies established by section 22a-380. There 516 shall be a period of public review and comment on a memorandum of 517 understanding prior to final agreement. On or before January 1, 1995, 518 the secretary shall submit to the joint standing committees of the 519 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public 520 health, energy and public utilities and the environment, written 521 findings, and any recommendations, concerning the review and 522 assessment conducted pursuant to subdivisions (3) and (4) of this 523 section.

524 Sec. 11. Section 16-6b of the general statutes is repealed and the 525 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

526 The Public Utilities Regulatory Authority may, in accordance with 527 chapter 54, adopt such regulations with respect to: (1) Rates and charges, 528 services, accounting practices, safety and the conduct of operations 529 generally of public service companies subject to its jurisdiction as it 530 deems reasonable and necessary; (2) services, accounting practices, 531 safety and the conduct of operations generally of electric suppliers 532 subject to its jurisdiction as it deems reasonable and necessary; and (3) 533 standards for systems utilizing cogeneration technology and renewable 534 fuel resources. [, in accordance with the Department of Energy and 535 Environmental Protection's policies.]

536 Sec. 12. Subsection (a) of section 22a-2d of the general statutes is

repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*1, 2025):

539 (a) There is established a Department of Energy and Environmental 540 Protection, which shall have jurisdiction relating to the preservation and 541 protection of the air, water and other natural resources of the state, 542 energy and policy planning and regulation and advancement of 543 telecommunications and related technology. For the purposes of energy 544 policy and regulation, the department shall have the following goals: (1) 545 Reducing rates and decreasing costs for Connecticut's ratepayers, (2) 546 ensuring the reliability and safety of our state's energy supply, (3) 547 increasing the use of clean energy and technologies that support clean 548 energy, and (4) developing the state's energy-related economy. For the 549 purpose of environmental protection and regulation, the department 550 shall have the following goals: (A) Conserving, improving and 551 protecting the natural resources and environment of the state, and (B) 552 preserving the natural environment while fostering sustainable 553 development. The Public Utilities Regulatory Authority within the 554 department shall be responsible for all matters of rate regulation for 555 public utilities and regulated entities under title 16 and shall promote 556 policies that will lead to just and reasonable utility rates.] The 557 department head shall be the Commissioner of Energy and 558 Environmental Protection who shall be appointed by the Governor in 559 accordance with the provisions of sections 4-5 to 4-8, inclusive, as 560 amended by this act, with the powers and duties therein prescribed. The 561 Department of Energy and Environmental Protection shall establish 562 bureaus, one of which shall be designated an energy bureau.

563 Sec. 13. (*Effective from passage*) The Commissioner of Energy and 564 Environmental Protection shall study natural gas capacity in the state. 565 Such study shall include, but need not be limited to: (1) An evaluation 566 of natural gas capacity in the state; and (2) an examination of ways to 567 expand natural gas capacity, including importing natural gas into the 568 state and any necessary regulatory or legislative changes. Not later than 569 January 1, 2026, the commissioner shall submit a report, in accordance 570 with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, on the 571 commissioner's findings and recommendations to the joint standing 572 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters 573 relating to energy and technology.

574 Sec. 14. Section 16-11 of the general statutes is repealed and the 575 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

576 (a) The Public Utilities Regulatory Authority shall, so far as is 577 practicable, keep fully informed as to the condition of the plant, 578 equipment and manner of operation of all public service companies and 579 persons involved in the transportation of gas, as such terms are defined 580 in section 16-280a, in respect to their adequacy and suitability to 581 accomplish the duties imposed upon such companies by law and in 582 respect to their relation to the safety of the public and of the employees 583 of such companies or persons. The authority may order such reasonable 584 improvements, repairs or alterations in such plant or equipment, or such 585 changes in the manner of operation, as may be reasonably necessary in 586 the public interest.

587 (b) The general purposes of this section and sections 16-19, 16-25, 16-588 43 and 16-47 are to assure to the state of Connecticut its full powers to 589 regulate its public service companies, to increase the powers of the 590 Public Utilities Regulatory Authority and to promote local control of the 591 public service companies of this state, and said sections shall be so 592 construed as to effectuate these purposes.

593 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section or section 16-244i,
 594 the authority shall not establish any program that requires, or provides
 595 incentives for, the installation of any electric vehicle charging station.

Sec. 15. Subsection (b) of section 10-291 of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*1, 2025):

599 (b) The Department of Administrative Services shall not approve a

600 school building project plan or site, as applicable, if:

(1) The site is in an area of moderate or high radon potential, as
indicated in the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection's
Radon Potential Map, or similar subsequent publications, except where
the school building project plan incorporates construction techniques to
mitigate radon levels in the air of the facility;

606 (2) The plans incorporate new roof construction or total replacement 607 of an existing roof and do not provide for the following: (A) A minimum 608 roof pitch that conforms with the requirements of the State Building 609 Code, (B) a minimum twenty-year unlimited manufacturer's guarantee 610 for water tightness covering material and workmanship on the entire 611 roofing system, (C) the inclusion of vapor retarders, insulation, bitumen, 612 felts, membranes, flashings, metals, decks and any other feature 613 required by the roof design, and (D) that all manufacturer's materials to 614 be used in the roofing system are specified to meet the latest standards 615 for individual components of the roofing systems of the American 616 Society for Testing and Materials;

(3) In the case of a major alteration, renovation or extension of a
building to be used for public school purposes, the plans do not
incorporate the guidelines set forth in the Sheet Metal and Air
Conditioning Contractors National Association's publication entitled
"Indoor Air Quality Guidelines for Occupied Buildings Under
Construction" or similar subsequent publications;

(4) In the case of a new construction, extension, renovation or
replacement, the plans do not provide that the building maintenance
staff responsible for such facility are trained in or are receiving training
in, or that the applicant plans to provide training in, the appropriate
areas of plant operations including, but not limited to, heating,
ventilation and air conditioning systems pursuant to section 10-231e,
with specific training relative to indoor air quality;

630 (5) In the case of a project for new construction, extension, major

alteration, renovation or replacement involving a school entrance for
inclusion on any listing submitted to the General Assembly in
accordance with section 10-283 on or after July 1, 2008, the plans do not
provide for a security infrastructure for such entrance;

635 (6) In the case of a project for new construction, extension, major 636 alteration, renovation or replacement on any listing submitted to the 637 General Assembly in accordance with section 10-283 on or after July 1, 638 2022, the plans do not provide for the installation of at least one water 639 bottle filling station (A) per one hundred students of the projected 640 enrollment for the school building, (B) on each new floor or wing of the 641 school building, and (C) in any food service area of the school building; 642 or

[(7) In the case of a project for new construction of a school building on any listing submitted to the General Assembly in accordance with section 10-283 on or after July 1, 2023, the plans do not provide for the installation of level two electric vehicle charging stations, as defined in section 4b-77, in at least twenty per cent of the designated parking spaces for cars or light duty trucks at the school building; or]

[(8)] (7) In the case of a project for new construction of a school building on any listing submitted to the General Assembly in accordance with section 10-283, on or after July 1, 2025, the plans do not provide for single-user toilet and bathing rooms that are identified as being available for use by all students and school personnel.

Sec. 16. Subdivision (80) of section 12-81 of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*1, 2025, and applicable to assessment years commencing on and after October
1, 2025):

(80) [Level two electric vehicle charging stations, as defined in section
4b-77, that are located on commercial or industrial properties, electric
vehicle charging stations, as defined in section 16-19f, that are located
on residential properties, and any refueling] <u>Refueling</u> equipment for

fuel cell electric vehicles, as defined in section 16-19eee;

663 Sec. 17. Subdivision (3) of subsection (k) of section 16-243v of the 664 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 665 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

666 (3) The third-party administrator shall be responsible for extending 667 loans and administering the residential furnace or boiler replacement 668 and propane fuel tank purchase program to assist residential retail end 669 use customers in funding heating furnace or boiler equipment 670 replacements and propane fuel tank purchases that meet all of the 671 program requirements. (A) For heating furnace or boiler equipment 672 replacements, the program requirements shall include, but not be 673 limited to, (i) the total projected direct cost savings to the eligible 674 residential retail end use customer resulting from the heating furnace or 675 boiler replacement, calculated on an annual basis commencing from the 676 month that the replacement furnace or boiler is projected to be in 677 service, shall be greater than the total cost of the replacement funds over the term of the program in order to qualify for the program, (ii) the 678 679 eligible customer shall pay a contribution of not less than ten per cent of 680 the total cost of the replacement or conversion of the heating furnace or 681 boiler and any additional amounts that are required in order to meet the 682 program requirements, (iii) eligible customers shall have six consecutive 683 months of timely utility payments and shall not have any past due 684 balance owed to any electric distribution company or gas company, (iv) 685 the term of the repayment of the replacement funds shall be the lesser of (I) the simple payback period of the replacement funds plus two 686 687 years, or (II) ten years, and (v) the replacement furnace or boiler shall 688 meet or exceed federal Energy Star standards, provided such 689 replacement is not a heat pump. (B) For propane fuel tank purchases, 690 the program requirements shall include, but not be limited to, (i) eligible 691 customers shall have six consecutive months of timely utility payments 692 and shall not have any past due balance owed to any electric distribution company, propane seller or gas company, (ii) the term of 693 694 the repayment of the replacement funds shall be not longer than ten

695 years, and (iii) the loan recipient shall have such propane tank inspected 696 on an annual basis and forward a certificate of inspection to the third-697 party administrator. In the event that such propane tank is found to 698 need repair as a result of such inspection, any person performing such 699 inspection shall inform the homeowner and the applicable local fire 700 marshal. If the requisite repair is not made in a timely fashion or as 701 otherwise recommended or ordered by the local fire marshal, said fire 702 marshal shall render such propane tank inoperable. Eligible residential 703 retail end use customers may apply to the third-party administrator for 704 participation in the program. The third-party administrator shall screen 705 each applicant to ensure that the applicant meets the eligibility 706 requirements and such program requirements prior to accepting the 707 customer into the program. The third-party administrator shall create 708 awareness of the propane fuel tank purchase provisions of the program 709 by the general public and, in particular, by residential propane 710 purchasers.

Sec. 18. Section 16-244dd of the general statutes is repealed and thefollowing is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

713 Notwithstanding the provisions of this title and title 16a, the Public 714 Utilities Regulatory Authority may select the Connecticut Green Bank, 715 the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection, the electric 716 distribution companies, as defined in section 16-1, as amended by this 717 act, a third party that the authority deems appropriate or any 718 combination thereof to implement the non-residential renewable energy 719 program established pursuant to section 16-244z, the residential 720 renewable energy program established pursuant to said section [,] or the 721 shared clean energy facility program established pursuant to said 722 section. [, the light-duty electric vehicle charging program established 723 by the authority in a proceeding or a medium-duty to heavy-duty 724 electric vehicle charging program established by the authority in a 725 proceeding.]

Sec. 19. Subsection (a) of section 16a-46m of the general statutes is

repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October1*, 2025):

729 (a) Not later than September 1, 2021, the Department of Energy and 730 Environmental Protection shall, using available federal or other funds, 731 establish an energy efficiency retrofit grant program. The Commissioner 732 of Energy and Environmental Protection may receive funds from the 733 federal government, corporations, associations or individuals to fund 734 the grant program. Such program shall award grants to fund the 735 installation of energy efficient upgrades to (1) affordable housing, as 736 defined in section 8-39a, including, but not limited to, property of a 737 housing authority, as defined in section 8-39, or (2) other dwelling units 738 owned by a landlord, as defined in section 47a-1, at the discretion of the 739 commissioner. Such upgrades shall include energy efficiency and 740 weatherization measures and may include, but need not be limited to, 741 the installation of rooftop solar photovoltaic panels, energy storage 742 systems located on the customer's premises [, electric vehicle charging 743 infrastructure, heat pumps] and balanced ventilation, and the 744 mitigation of health and safety hazards including, but not limited to, gas leaks, mold, vermiculite and asbestos, lead and radon, to the extent such 745 746 hazards impede the installation of energy efficiency upgrades and 747 weatherization measures.

Sec. 20. Subsection (c) of section 22a-20a of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*1, 2025):

751 (c) Any municipality, owner or developer may enter into a 752 community environmental benefit agreement in connection with an 753 affecting facility. For any application filed on or after November 1, 2020, 754 for such an affecting facility that: (1) Requires a certificate under chapter 755 277a, or (2) constitutes a new or expanded permit, except for a minor 756 modification or improvement of an existing permit for such facility, or 757 siting approval from the Department of Energy and Environmental 758 Protection or the Connecticut Siting Council involving an affecting

759 facility, and that is proposed to be located in an environmental justice 760 community or the proposed expansion of an affecting facility to be 761 located in such a community, the applicant shall enter into such an 762 agreement with the municipality if there are five or more affecting 763 facilities in such municipality at the time such application is filed. The 764 Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection shall not issue 765 a notice of tentative determination regarding a new or modified permit 766 unless the applicant has submitted a copy of the executed agreement 767 with the municipality. Mitigation may include both on-site and off-site 768 improvements, activities and programs, including, but not limited to: 769 Funding for activities such as environmental education, diesel pollution 770 reduction, [electric vehicle charging infrastructure construction,] 771 establishment of a wellness clinic, ongoing asthma screening, provision 772 of air monitoring performed by a credentialed environmental 773 professional, performance of an ongoing traffic study, watercourse 774 monitoring, construction of biking facilities and multi-use trails, staffing 775 for parks, urban forestry, support for community gardens or any other 776 negotiated benefit to the environment in the environmental justice 777 community. Prior to negotiating the terms of a community 778 environmental benefit agreement, the municipality shall provide a 779 reasonable and public opportunity for residents of the potentially 780 affected environmental justice community to be heard concerning the 781 requirements of or need for, and terms of, such agreement. Any 782 mitigation contained in such an agreement shall have a nexus to the 783 impacts caused by the proposed facility and shall be proportional to 784 such impacts.

Sec. 21. Subsection (d) of section 22a-201d of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*1, 2025):

(d) The Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection shall
establish and administer a grant program for the purpose of providing
matching funds necessary for municipalities, school districts and school
bus operators to submit federal grant applications in order to maximize

792 federal funding for the purchase or lease of zero-emission school buses. 793 [and electric vehicle charging or fueling infrastructure.] Applications for 794 such grants shall be filed with the commissioner at such time and in such 795 manner as the commissioner prescribes. The commissioner shall give 796 preference to applications concerning the purchase or lease of a zero-797 emission school bus that will be operated primarily in an environmental 798 justice community. The commissioner shall determine the amount a 799 municipality, school district or school bus operator shall be required to 800 provide to match such grant.

Sec. 22. Subsection (c) of section 8-240a of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*1, 2025):

804 (c) The Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection, in 805 collaboration with the Commissioner of Housing, shall establish a pilot 806 program or programs to provide financing or grants from the fund 807 established in subsection (b) of this section for retrofitting projects for 808 multifamily residences located in environmental justice communities or 809 alliance districts that (1) improve the energy efficiency of such 810 residences, which may include, but need not be limited to, the 811 installation of [heat pumps,] solar power generating systems, improved 812 roofing, exterior doors and windows, improved insulation, air sealing, 813 improved ventilation, appliance upgrades and any electric system or 814 wiring upgrades necessary for such retrofit, (2) remediate health and 815 safety concerns that are barriers to any such retrofit, including, but not 816 limited to, mold, vermiculite, asbestos, lead and radon, or (3) provide 817 services to assist residents and building owners to access and implement 818 the programs established pursuant to this section or other available state 819 or federal programs that enable the implementation of energy efficiency 820 retrofitting.

Sec. 23. Subsection (a) of section 16a-40l of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*1, 2025):

824 (a) On or before October 1, 2011, the Department of Energy and 825 Environmental Protection shall establish a residential heating 826 equipment financing program. Such program shall allow residential 827 customers to finance, through on-bill financing or other mechanism, the 828 installation of energy efficient natural gas or heating oil burners, boilers 829 and furnaces [or ductless heat pumps] to replace (1) burners, boilers and 830 furnaces that are not less than seven years old with an efficiency rating 831 of not more than seventy-five per cent, or (2) electric heating systems. 832 Eligible fuel oil furnaces shall have an efficiency rating of not less than 833 eighty-six per cent. An eligible fuel oil burner shall have an efficiency 834 rating of not less than eighty-six per cent with temperature reset 835 controls. An eligible natural gas boiler shall have an annual fuel 836 utilization efficiency rating of not less than ninety per cent and an 837 eligible natural gas furnace shall have an annual fuel utilization 838 efficiency rating of not less than ninety-five per cent. To participate in 839 the program established pursuant to this subsection, a customer shall 840 first have a home energy audit, the cost of which may be financed 841 pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

Sec. 24. Subsection (e) of section 22a-200c of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*1, 2025):

845 (e) Beginning with the first auction occurring on or after January 1, 846 2023, and notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this 847 section and subdivision (6) of subsection (f) of section 22a-174-31 of the 848 regulations of Connecticut state agencies, auction proceeds annually 849 calculated and allocated in accordance with subdivision (6) of 850 subsection (f) of section 22a-174-31 of the regulations of Connecticut 851 state agencies to the Connecticut Green Bank may be utilized by the 852 Connecticut Green Bank, in consultation with the Department of Energy 853 and Environmental Protection, for clean energy resources that do not 854 emit greenhouse gas emissions, provided that any proceeds calculated 855 and allocated to the Connecticut Green Bank in excess of five million 856 two hundred thousand dollars in any fiscal year shall be diverted for the

857 fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, and each fiscal year thereafter, to the 858 department to provide funding for [the Connecticut Hydrogen and 859 Electric Automobile Purchase Rebate program established pursuant to 860 section 22a-202 and other] programs established to support the 861 department's engagement with environmental justice communities. For 862 the purposes of this subsection, "clean energy" has the same meaning as 863 provided in section 16-245n, as amended by this act, and "environmental 864 justice community" has the same meaning as provided in section 22a-865 20a, as amended by this act.

866 Sec. 25. Section 22a-201e of the general statutes is repealed and the 867 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

868 On and after January 1, 2024, the Commissioner of Energy and 869 Environmental Protection, in consultation with the Commissioners of 870 Motor Vehicles, Transportation and Education, may establish, within 871 available funding, a voucher program to support the [(1)] deployment 872 of any vehicle that is equipped with zero-emission technology, including, but not limited to, battery electric and fuel cell systems, and 873 874 classified as a Class 2b vehicle or Class 3 through Class 8 vehicles, as 875 such terms are defined in 49 CFR 523.2, as amended from time to time, 876 or a medium duty passenger vehicle, as defined in 49 CFR 523.2, as 877 amended from time to time, when sold for use by a commercial or 878 institutional fleet. [, and (2) installation of electric vehicle charging 879 infrastructure.] Applications for the voucher program shall be filed with 880 the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection at such time 881 and in such manner as the commissioner prescribes. In awarding any 882 such voucher, the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental 883 Protection shall consider the amount of funding available and set aside 884 forty per cent of such funding to be used toward maximizing air 885 pollution reductions in environmental justice communities, as defined 886 in subsection (a) of section 22a-20a. Such vouchers shall not be awarded 887 for vehicle classes where there is no commercially available zero-888 emission technology. [or for vehicles that are eligible for a rebate or 889 voucher under the Connecticut Hydrogen and Electric Automobile

890 Purchase Rebate program established pursuant to section 22a-202.]

891 Sec. 26. Sections 4b-77 and 22a-201c of the general statutes are

892 repealed. (*Effective October 1, 2025*)

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following			
sections:			
Section 1	July 1, 2025	16-245 <i>l</i>	
Sec. 2	July 1, 2025	16a-3m(e)(3)	
Sec. 3	July 1, 2025	16-245m(d)(1)	
Sec. 4	July 1, 2025	16-245n(b)	
Sec. 5	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	16a-3m(e)(1)	
Sec. 6	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	16-1(20)	
Sec. 7	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	12-81(57)(D)	
Sec. 8	October 1, 2025	16-2	
Sec. 9	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	4-5	
Sec. 10	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	4-67e	
Sec. 11	October 1, 2025	16-6b	
Sec. 12	October 1, 2025	22a-2d(a)	
Sec. 13	from passage	New section	
Sec. 14	October 1, 2025	16-11	
Sec. 15	October 1, 2025	10-291(b)	
Sec. 16	October 1, 2025, and	12-81(80)	
	applicable to assessment		
	years commencing on and		
	after October 1, 2025		
Sec. 17	October 1, 2025	16-243v(k)(3)	
Sec. 18	October 1, 2025	16-244dd	
Sec. 19	October 1, 2025	16a-46m(a)	
Sec. 20	October 1, 2025	22a-20a(c)	
Sec. 21	October 1, 2025	22a-201d(d)	
Sec. 22	October 1, 2025	8-240a(c)	
Sec. 23	October 1, 2025	16a-40l(a)	
Sec. 24	October 1, 2025	22a-200c(e)	
Sec. 25	October 1, 2025	22a-201e	
Sec. 26	October 1, 2025	Repealer section	

Statement of Purpose:

To reduce energy costs and increase energy supply.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]

Co-Sponsors: SEN. HARDING, 30th Dist.; SEN. MARTIN, 31st Dist. SEN. SAMPSON, 16th Dist.; SEN. CICARELLA, 34th Dist. SEN. SOMERS, 18th Dist.; SEN. CICARELLA, 34th Dist. SEN. SOMERS, 18th Dist.; SEN. HWANG, 28th Dist. SEN. BERTHEL, 32nd Dist.; SEN. FAZIO, 36th Dist. SEN. GORDON, 35th Dist.; SEN. KISSEL, 7th Dist. REP. CANDELORA V., 86th Dist.; REP. O'DEA, 125th Dist. REP. MARRA T., 141st Dist.; REP. O'DEA, 125th Dist. REP. DELNICKI, 14th Dist.; REP. ANDERSON, 62nd Dist. REP. BOLINSKY, 106th Dist.; REP. RUTIGLIANO, 123rd Dist. REP. NUCCIO, 53rd Dist.; REP. CARPINO, 32nd Dist.

<u>S.B. 647</u>