

General Assembly

January Session, 2025

## Raised Bill No. 1327

LCO No. **4769** 

Referred to Committee on JUDICIARY

Introduced by: (JUD)

## AN ACT CONCERNING THE REDUCTION OF A SENTENCE BY THE SENTENCING COURT OR A JUDGE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Section 53a-39 of the general statutes is repealed and the
 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

(a) [Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, at] <u>At</u> any
time during an executed period of incarceration, the sentencing court or
judge may, after hearing and for good cause shown, reduce the sentence,
order the defendant discharged, or order the defendant discharged on
probation or conditional discharge for a period not to exceed that to
which the defendant could have been originally sentenced.

9 [(b) On and after October 1, 2021, at any time during the period of a 10 sentence in which a defendant has been sentenced prior to, on or after 11 October 1, 2021, to an executed period of incarceration of more than 12 seven years as a result of a plea agreement, including an agreement in 13 which there is an agreed upon range of sentence, upon agreement of the 14 defendant and the state's attorney to seek review of the sentence, the 15 sentencing court or judge may, after hearing and for good cause shown, reduce the sentence, order the defendant discharged, or order the
defendant discharged on probation or conditional discharge for a period
not to exceed that to which the defendant could have been originally
sentenced.]

20 [(c)] (b) If, after a hearing pursuant to this section, the sentencing 21 court or judge denies or grants in full [a motion] an application to reduce 22 a defendant's sentence or discharge the defendant, <u>including pursuant</u> 23 to probation or conditional discharge, the defendant may not file a 24 subsequent [motion] application for relief under this section until [five] 25 two years have elapsed from the date of the most recent decision 26 denying such defendant relief pursuant to this section. If, after a hearing 27 pursuant to this section, the sentencing court or judge grants in part [a 28 motion] an application to reduce a defendant's sentence, the defendant 29 may not file a subsequent [motion] application for relief under this 30 section until [three] two years from the date of the most recent decision 31 granting such defendant relief pursuant to this section.

32 [(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any portion of a
33 sentence imposed that is a mandatory minimum sentence for an offense
34 which may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]

(c) Notwithstanding any mandatory minimum term of imprisonment
 that a person who is incarcerated is required to serve pursuant to a
 provision of the general statutes, the sentencing court or judge may
 modify a sentence below the prescribed mandatory minimum term of
 imprisonment.

[(e)] (d) At the time the defendant files [a motion] <u>an application</u> with the court, the defendant shall provide the state with a copy of the [motion] <u>application</u> and any materials and documentation filed with the court in support of such [motion] <u>application. Not later than ninety</u> <u>days after the receipt of the application, the sentencing court or a judge</u> <u>shall schedule a hearing on the application or may reject the application</u> <u>on technical grounds. If an application is rejected on technical grounds,</u> 47 for reasons that include, but are not limited to, the use of an incorrect 48 form, missing information, missing signatures or other errors or 49 omissions of a clerical nature, the sentencing court or judge shall make 50 a record of the reasons for the rejection and the defendant, upon 51 receiving notice of the rejection, may submit an amended application to 52 cure the defects in the initial application. The sentencing court or judge 53 shall render a decision on the defendant's application not later than 54 thirty days after the date of the hearing. Such decision shall be provided 55 to the defendant not later than forty-five days after the date of the 56 hearing and shall set forth the reasons for denying, granting or granting 57 in part the application.

58 [(f)] (e) At a hearing held by the sentencing court or judge under this 59 section, such court or judge shall permit any victim of the crime to appear before the court or judge for the purpose of making a statement 60 61 for the record concerning whether or not the sentence of the defendant 62 should be reduced, the defendant should be discharged or the defendant should be discharged on probation or conditional discharge 63 64 pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) of this section. In lieu of such 65 appearance, the victim may submit a written statement to the court or 66 judge and the court or judge shall make such statement a part of the 67 record at the hearing. For the purposes of this subsection, "victim" 68 means the victim, the legal representative of the victim or a member of 69 the deceased victim's immediate family.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2025	53a-39

## Statement of Purpose:

To expand access to, and ensure timely resolution of, sentence modification hearings.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]