

General Assembly

January Session, 2025

Raised Bill No. 1375

LCO No. **5065**

Referred to Committee on TRANSPORTATION

Introduced by: (TRA)

AN ACT CONCERNING HIGHWAY, PEDESTRIAN AND CYCLIST SAFETY.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Section 14-300 of the general statutes is repealed and the
 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

3 (a) The traffic authority may designate, by appropriate official traffic control devices, as defined in section 14-297, or markers, or by lines 4 5 upon the surface of the highway, such crosswalks and intersections as, 6 in its opinion, constitute a danger to pedestrians crossing the highway 7 including, but not limited to, specially marked crosswalks in the vicinity of schools, which crosswalks shall have distinctive markings, in 8 9 accordance with the regulations of the Office of the State Traffic 10 Administration, to denote use of such crosswalks by school children; 11 and may maintain suitable signs located at intervals along highways, 12 particularly where there are no sidewalks, directing pedestrians to walk 13 facing vehicular traffic.

(b) At any intersection where special pedestrian-control signalsbearing the words "Walk" or "Don't Walk" or the image of a walking

person symbolizing "Walk" or an upraised hand symbolizing "Don't 16 17 Walk" are placed, pedestrians may cross the highway only as indicated by the signal. At any intersection where traffic is controlled by other 18 19 traffic control signals or by police officers, pedestrians shall not cross the 20 highway against a red or "Stop" signal and shall not cross at any place 21 not a marked or unmarked crosswalk. A pedestrian started or starting 22 across the highway or on any such crosswalk shall have the right-of-23 way over all vehicles, including those making turns, until such 24 pedestrian has reached the opposite curb or safety zone.

25 (c) Except as provided in subsection (c) of section 14-300c, at any 26 crosswalk marked as provided in subsection (a) of this section or any 27 unmarked crosswalk, provided such crosswalks are not controlled by 28 police officers or traffic control signals, each operator of a vehicle shall 29 grant the right-of-way, and slow or stop such vehicle if necessary to so 30 grant the right-of-way, to any pedestrian crossing the roadway within 31 such crosswalk. For the purposes of this subsection, a pedestrian is 32 "crossing the roadway within such crosswalk" when the pedestrian (1) 33 is within any portion of the crosswalk, (2) steps to the curb at the 34 entrance to the crosswalk and indicates his or her intent to cross the 35 roadway by raising his or her hand and arm toward oncoming traffic, 36 or (3) indicates his or her intent to cross the roadway by moving any 37 part of his or her body or an extension thereof, including, but not limited 38 to, a wheelchair, cane, walking stick, crutch, bicycle, electric bicycle, 39 stroller, carriage, cart or leashed or harnessed dog, into the crosswalk at 40 the entrance to the crosswalk. No operator of a vehicle approaching 41 from the rear shall overtake and pass any vehicle, the operator of which has stopped at any crosswalk marked as provided in subsection (a) of 42 43 this section or any unmarked crosswalk to permit a pedestrian to cross 44 the roadway. The operator of any vehicle crossing a sidewalk shall yield 45 the right-of-way to each pedestrian and all other traffic upon such 46 sidewalk.

47 (d) The operator of a motor vehicle who approaches or comes into the48 immediate vicinity of a pedestrian who is blind, as defined in subsection

49 (a) of section 1-1f, carrying a white cane or a white cane tipped with red, 50 or a pedestrian being guided by a service animal, shall reduce speed or 51 stop, if necessary, to yield the right-of-way to such pedestrian. No 52 person, except one who is blind, shall carry or use on any street or 53 highway, or in any other public place, a cane or walking stick which is 54 white in color or white, tipped with red. For the purposes of this 55 subsection, "service animal" has the same meaning as provided in 56 section 22-345.

(e) Any crosswalk designated by a traffic authority on or after
October 1, 2010, pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be
required by such authority to have markings, signage, or any control
signals deemed necessary by such authority to provide sufficient time
for the safe crossing of pedestrians.

(f) The operator of any motor vehicle who violates this section shall
be fined not more than [five hundred] seven hundred fifty dollars.

(g) In any civil action arising under subsection (c) or (d) of this section
or sections 14-300b to 14-300d, inclusive, the doctrine of negligence per
se shall not apply.

67 Sec. 2. Section 14-230a of the general statutes is repealed and the 68 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

69 (a) On any divided limited access highway [which] that provides 70 more than two lanes for traffic proceeding in the same direction, no 71 operator of any motor vehicle with a commercial registration, motor 72 bus, vehicle with trailer or school bus shall drive in the extreme left lane 73 where the Office of the State Traffic Administration so designates, 74 except (1) on the direction of a police officer, or [except] (2) when access 75 to or egress from such highway is provided on the left, in which latter 76 case such operator shall drive in such left lane only for such period as is 77 reasonably necessary to enter or leave such highway safely.

78 (b) On any divided limited access highway that provides more than

79 two lanes for traffic proceeding in the same direction, no operator of a motor vehicle, other than a motor vehicle subject to the provisions of 80 subsection (a) of this section, shall drive in the extreme left lane, except 81 82 (1) when overtaking and passing another vehicle, (2) on the direction of 83 a police officer, (3) when access to or egress from such highway is 84 provided on the left, in which latter case such operator shall drive in 85 such left lane only for such period as is reasonably necessary to enter or 86 leave such highway safely, (4) if such motor vehicle is an emergency 87 vehicle operating pursuant to section 14-283, (5) if the operator is 88 engaged in the maintenance, repair or construction of such highway, or 89 (6) when traffic congestion makes driving in the extreme left lane 90 necessary.

91 (c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall have 92 committed an infraction and shall be fined eighty-eight dollars.

93 Sec. 3. Section 14-289g of the general statutes is repealed and the 94 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

95 (a) No person under [eighteen] <u>twenty-one</u> years of age may (1) 96 operate a motorcycle or a motor-driven cycle, as defined in section 14-1, 97 or (2) be a passenger on a motorcycle or motor-driven cycle, unless such 98 operator or passenger is wearing protective headgear [of a type which] 99 that conforms to the minimum specifications established in 49 CFR 100 571.218, as amended from time to time. Any person who violates this 101 section shall have committed an infraction and shall be fined not less 102 than ninety dollars.

103 (b) As used in this section, the term "motorcycle" [shall] <u>does</u> not 104 include "autocycle".

105 Sec. 4. Section 14-296aa of the general statutes is repealed and the 106 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

107 (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the108 following meanings:

(1) "Mobile telephone" means a cellular, analog, wireless or digital
telephone capable of sending or receiving telephone communications
without an access line for service.

- (2) "Using" or "use" means holding a hand-held mobile telephone to,or in the immediate proximity of, the user's ear.
- (3) "Hand-held mobile telephone" means a mobile telephone withwhich a user engages in a call using at least one hand.

(4) "Hands-free accessory" means an attachment, add-on, built-in
feature, or addition to a mobile telephone, whether or not permanently
installed in a motor vehicle, that, when used, allows the vehicle operator
to maintain both hands on the steering wheel.

(5) "Hands-free mobile telephone" means a hand-held mobile telephone that has an internal feature or function, or that is equipped with an attachment or addition, whether or not permanently part of such hand-held mobile telephone, by which a user engages in a call without the use of either hand, whether or not the use of either hand is necessary to activate, deactivate or initiate a function of such telephone.

(6) "Engage in a call" means talking into or listening on a hand-held
mobile telephone, but does not include holding a hand-held mobile
telephone to activate, deactivate or initiate a function of such telephone.

(7) "Immediate proximity" means the distance that permits the
operator of a hand-held mobile telephone to hear telecommunications
transmitted over such hand-held mobile telephone, but does not require
physical contact with such operator's ear.

(8) "Mobile electronic device" means any hand-held or other portable
electronic equipment capable of providing data communication
between two or more persons, including a text messaging device, a
paging device, a personal digital assistant, a laptop computer,
equipment that is capable of playing a video game or a digital video

disk, an installed screen or other means of displaying a video that is
visible to the operator, or equipment on which digital photographs are
taken or transmitted, or any combination thereof, but does not include
any audio equipment or any equipment installed in a motor vehicle for
the purpose of providing navigation, emergency assistance to the
operator of such motor vehicle or video entertainment to the passengers
in the rear seats of such motor vehicle.

(9) "Operating a motor vehicle" means operating a motor vehicle on
any highway, [as defined in section 14-1,] including being temporarily
stationary due to traffic, road conditions or a traffic control sign or
signal, but not including being parked on the side or shoulder of any
highway where such vehicle is safely able to remain stationary.

(10) "Highway", "commercial motor vehicle" and "authorized
 emergency vehicle" have the same meanings as provided in section 14 152 <u>1.</u>

153 (b) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and 154 subsections (c) and (d) of this section, no person shall operate a motor 155 vehicle upon a highway [, as defined in section 14-1,] while using a 156 hand-held mobile telephone to engage in a call or while using a mobile 157 electronic device. An operator of a motor vehicle who types, sends or 158 reads a text message with a hand-held mobile telephone or mobile 159 electronic device while operating a motor vehicle shall be in violation of 160 this section, except that if such operator is driving a commercial motor 161 vehicle, [as defined in section 14-1,] such operator shall be charged with 162 a violation of subsection (e) of this section.

(2) An operator of a motor vehicle who holds a hand-held mobile
telephone to, or in the immediate proximity of, his or her ear while
operating a motor vehicle is presumed to be engaging in a call within
the meaning of this section. The presumption established by this
subdivision is rebuttable by evidence tending to show that the operator
was not engaged in a call.

(3) The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed as
authorizing the seizure or forfeiture of a hand-held mobile telephone or
a mobile electronic device, unless otherwise provided by law.

172 (4) Subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not apply to: (A) The use 173 of a hand-held mobile telephone for the sole purpose of communicating with any of the following regarding an emergency situation: An 174 175 emergency response operator; a hospital, physician's office or health 176 clinic; an ambulance company; a fire department; or a police 177 department, or (B) any of the following persons while in the 178 performance of their official duties and within the scope of their 179 employment: A peace officer, as defined in subdivision (9) of section 180 53a-3, a firefighter or an operator of an ambulance or authorized 181 emergency vehicle [, as defined in section 14-1,] or a member of the 182 armed forces of the United States, as defined in section 27-103, while 183 operating a military vehicle, or (C) the use of a hand-held radio by a 184 person with an amateur radio station license issued by the Federal 185 Communications Commission in emergency situations for emergency 186 purposes only, or (D) the use of a hands-free mobile telephone.

187 (c) No person shall use a hand-held mobile telephone or other 188 electronic device, including those with hands-free accessories, or a 189 mobile electronic device, while operating a school bus that is carrying 190 passengers, except that this subsection shall not apply when such 191 person: (1) Places an emergency call to school officials; (2) uses a hand-192 held mobile telephone as provided in subparagraph (A) of subdivision 193 (4) of subsection (b) of this section; (3) uses a hand-held mobile 194 telephone or mobile electronic device in a manner similar to a two-way 195 radio to allow real-time communication with a school official, an 196 emergency response operator, a hospital, physician's office or health 197 clinic, an ambulance company, a fire department or a police department; 198 or (4) uses a mobile electronic device with a video display, provided 199 such device (A) is used as a global positioning system or to provide 200 navigation, (B) is securely attached inside the school bus near such 201 person, and (C) has been approved for such use by the Department of

202 Motor Vehicles.

(d) No person under eighteen years of age shall use any hand-held
mobile telephone, including one with a hands-free accessory, or a
mobile electronic device while operating a motor vehicle on a public
highway, except as provided in subparagraph (A) of subdivision (4) of
subsection (b) of this section.

208 (e) No person shall use a hand-held mobile telephone or other 209 electronic device or type, read or send text or a text message with or 210 from a mobile telephone or mobile electronic device while operating a 211 commercial motor vehicle, [as defined in section 14-1,] except for the 212 purpose of communicating with any of the following regarding an 213 emergency situation: An emergency response operator; a hospital; 214 physician's office or health clinic; an ambulance company; a fire 215 department or a police department.

(f) Except as provided in subsections (b) to (e), inclusive, of this
section, no person shall engage in any activity not related to the actual
operation of a motor vehicle in a manner that interferes with the safe
operation of such vehicle on any highway. [, as defined in section 14-1.]

(g) Any law enforcement officer who issues a summons for a
violation of this section shall record on such summons the specific
nature of any distracted driving behavior observed by such officer.

(h) Any person who violates this section shall be fined two hundred
dollars for a first violation, three hundred seventy-five dollars for a
second violation and six hundred twenty-five dollars for a third or
subsequent violation.

(i) An operator of a motor vehicle who commits a moving violation,
as defined in subsection (a) of section 14-111g, <u>as amended by this act</u>,
while engaged in any activity prohibited by this section shall be fined in
accordance with subsection (h) of this section, in addition to any penalty
or fine imposed for the moving violation.

232 (j) The state shall remit to a municipality twenty-five per cent of the 233 fine amount received for a violation of this section with respect to each 234 summons issued by such municipality. Each clerk of the Superior Court 235 or the Chief Court Administrator, or any other official of the Superior 236 Court designated by the Chief Court Administrator, shall, on or before 237 the thirtieth day of January, April, July and October in each year, certify to the Comptroller the amount due for the previous quarter under this 238 239 subsection to each municipality served by the office of the clerk or 240 official.

(k) A record of any violation of this section shall appear on the
driving history record or motor vehicle record, as defined in section 1410, of any person who commits such violation, and the record of such
violation shall be available to any motor vehicle insurer in accordance
with the provisions of section 14-10.

Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2025*) (a) For the purposes of this section:

(1) "Alcoholic beverage" has the same meaning as provided in section30-1 of the general statutes;

(2) "Highway", "motor bus" and "recreational vehicle" have the samemeanings as provided in section 14-1 of the general statutes;

(3) "Motor vehicle" has the same meaning as provided in section 14-212 of the general statutes;

(4) "Motor vehicle in livery service" has the same meaning asprovided in section 13b-101 of the general statutes;

(5) "Open alcoholic beverage container" means a bottle, a can or other
receptacle (A) that contains any amount of an alcoholic beverage, and
(B) (i) that is open or has a broken seal, or (ii) the contents of which are
partially removed;

260 (6) "Passenger" means any occupant of a motor vehicle other than the

261 operator;

262 (7) "Passenger area" means (A) the area designed to seat the operator 263 of, and any passenger in, a motor vehicle while such vehicle is being 264 operated on a highway, or (B) any area that is readily accessible to such 265 operator or passenger while such person is in such person's seated 266 position. "Passenger area" does not include (i) a locked container, such 267 as a locked glove compartment or console, (ii) the trunk, or (iii) in a 268 motor vehicle that is not equipped with a trunk, the area behind the last 269 upright seat or any area not normally occupied by the operator or a 270 passenger; and

(8) "Taxicab" has the same meaning as provided in section 13b-95 ofthe general statutes.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, no person shall
consume or possess an open alcoholic beverage container within the
passenger area of a motor vehicle while such motor vehicle is on any
highway in this state.

(c) The provisions of subsection (b) of this section shall not apply to:
(1) A passenger in a motor vehicle designed, maintained and primarily
used for the transportation of passengers for hire, including, but not
limited to, a taxicab, motor bus or motor vehicle in livery service, or (2)
a passenger in the living quarters of a recreational vehicle.

(d) Any person who violates the provisions of subsection (b) of thissection shall have committed an infraction.

Sec. 6. Section 14-286d of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

(a) For the purposes of this section and section 14-286e, "bicycle"
means any vehicle propelled by the person riding the same by foot or
hand power.

289 (b) No child [fifteen] <u>seventeen</u> years of age or under shall operate a

290 bicvcle, electric bicvcle, nonmotorized scooter, skateboard or electric 291 foot scooter or wear roller skates or in-line skates on the traveled portion 292 of any highway, at a skateboarding park or any park unless such child 293 is wearing properly fitted and fastened protective headgear which 294 conforms to the minimum specifications established by the American National Standards Institute, the United States Consumer Product 295 296 Safety Commission, the American Society for Testing and Materials or 297 the Snell Memorial Foundation's Standard for Protective Headgear for 298 Use in Bicycling, as amended from time to time. Failure to comply with 299 this section shall not be a violation or an offense. Failure to wear 300 protective headgear as required by this subsection shall not be 301 considered to be contributory negligence on the part of the parent or the 302 child nor shall such failure be admissible in any civil action.

303 (c) A law enforcement officer may issue a verbal warning to the
304 parent or guardian of a child that such child has failed to comply with
305 the provisions of subsection (b) of this section.

306 (d) A person, firm or corporation engaged in the business of renting 307 bicycles, electric bicycles or electric foot scooters shall provide 308 protective headgear conforming to the minimum specifications 309 established by the American National Standards Institute, the United 310 States Consumer Product Safety Commission, the American Society for 311 Testing and Materials or the Snell Memorial Foundation's Standard for 312 Protective Headgear for Use in Bicycling, as amended from time to time, 313 to any person [under sixteen] seventeen years of age or under who will 314 operate the bicycle, electric bicycle or electric foot scooter if such person 315 does not have protective headgear in his or her possession. A fee may 316 be charged for the protective headgear rental. Violation of any of the 317 provisions of this subsection shall be an infraction.

(e) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall post on the
Department of Consumer Protection's Internet web site information
concerning the dangers of riding bicycles, electric bicycles or electric
foot scooters, skateboarding, roller skating and in-line skating without

protective headgear and promoting the use of protective headgear while
riding bicycles, electric bicycles or electric foot scooters, skateboarding,
roller skating and in-line skating.

Sec. 7. Section 14-298 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

(a) There shall be within the Department of Transportation the Office
of the State Traffic Administration, which shall constitute a successor to
the State Traffic Commission, in accordance with the provisions of
sections 4-38d, 4-38e and 4-39.

331 (b) For the purpose of standardization and uniformity, said office 332 shall adopt [and cause to be printed for publication] regulations in 333 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 establishing a uniform 334 system of traffic control signals, devices, signs and markings consistent 335 with the provisions of this chapter for use upon the public highways. 336 The Commissioner of Transportation shall make known to the General 337 Assembly the availability of such regulations and any requesting 338 member shall be sent a written copy or electronic storage media of such 339 regulations by said commissioner. Taking into consideration the public 340 safety and convenience with respect to the width and character of the 341 highways and roads affected, the density of traffic thereon and the 342 character of such traffic, said office shall also adopt regulations, in 343 cooperation and agreement with local traffic authorities and in 344 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, governing the use of state 345 highways and roads on state-owned properties, and the operation of 346 vehicles, including, but not limited to, motor vehicles, bicycles, as 347 defined in section 14-286, electric bicycles and electric foot scooters 348 thereon. A list of limited-access highways shall be published with such 349 regulations and said list shall be revised and published once each year. 350 The Commissioner of Transportation shall make known to the General 351 Assembly the availability of such regulations and list and any 352 requesting member shall be sent a written copy or electronic storage 353 media of such regulations and list by the commissioner. A list of limitedaccess highways opened to traffic by the Commissioner of
Transportation in the interim period between publications shall be
maintained in the Office of the State Traffic Administration and such
regulations shall apply to the use of such listed highways.

358 (c) Said office shall also [make] adopt regulations, in cooperation and 359 agreement with local traffic authorities, respecting the use by through truck traffic of streets and highways within the limits of, and under the 360 361 jurisdiction of, any city, town or borough of this state for the protection 362 and safety of the public. If said office determines that the prohibition of 363 through truck traffic on any street or highway is necessary because of 364 an immediate and imminent threat to the public health and safety and 365 the local traffic authority is precluded for any reason from acting on 366 such prohibition, the office, if it is not otherwise precluded from so 367 acting, may impose such prohibition.

368 (d) (1) Said office may place and maintain traffic control signals, 369 signs, markings and other safety devices, which it deems to be in the 370 interests of public safety, upon such highways as come within the 371 jurisdiction of said office as set forth in section 14-297.

372 (2) On and after October 1, 2025, said office shall require each
373 installation and reinstallation of white and yellow longitudinal
374 pavement markings on a highway to be with paint containing retro375 reflective glass beads and in accordance with the Federal Highway
376 Administration's Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets
377 and Highways, as amended from time to time.

(e) The traffic authority of any city, town or borough may place and
maintain traffic control signals, signs, markings and other safety devices
upon the highways under its jurisdiction, and all such signals, devices,
signs and markings shall conform to the regulations established by said
office in accordance with this chapter, and such traffic authority shall,
with respect to traffic control signals, conform to the provisions of
section 14-299.

Sec. 8. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2025) (a) For the purposes of this 385 section, (1) "unsafe driving instance" means an occurrence of unsafe 386 387 driving that can be reported by a pedestrian with some or all of the 388 following information: (A) The date and time of the occurrence, (B) the 389 location of the occurrence, (C) a description of the vehicle or vehicles 390 involved in the occurrence, (D) a description of the unsafe behavior or 391 driving, (E) the name of the pedestrian, and (F) a photograph, video or 392 output from a mobile application detailing the occurrence; and (2) "law 393 enforcement unit" and "police officer" have the same meanings as 394 provided in section 7-294a of the general statutes.

395 (b) Upon the receipt of a pedestrian report of an unsafe driving 396 instance to a law enforcement unit, the law enforcement unit may: (1) 397 Establish a separate process to collect reports of unsafe driving 398 instances, (2) establish a process to aggregate such reports, (3) respond 399 to such reports regardless of whether the reporting pedestrian reported 400 such pedestrian's name or chose to remain anonymous, and (4) use the 401 reports of aggregated unsafe driving instances to inform decision-402 making, assist with the selection of roads for general traffic enforcement 403 and assign police officers to reported areas to identify and issue citations 404 for motor vehicle violations.

405 Sec. 9. Section 13b-10 of the general statutes is repealed and the 406 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

407 (a) The commissioner may, subject to the provisions of chapter 67, 408 employ such agents, assistants and employees as [he] <u>the commissioner</u> 409 deems necessary to carry out [his] <u>the commissioner's</u> duties and 410 responsibilities. [He] <u>The commissioner</u> may retain and employ other 411 consultants and assistants on a contract or other basis for rendering 412 legal, financial, technical or other assistance and advice.

(b) The commissioner shall assign employees to support the adoption
 and implementation of Complete Streets standards or policies, as
 described in section 11206 of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act,

416 P. L. 117-58, as amended from time to time, throughout the state. Such

- 417 <u>support shall include administering grants and providing incentives to</u>
- 418 <u>municipalities in order to finalize a project or prioritization plan that</u>
- 419 <u>incorporates Complete Streets standards or policies.</u>

Sec. 10. (*Effective from passage*) (a) For the purposes of this section, "intelligent speed assistance device" means a device designed to be installed within a motor vehicle to actively monitor and limit the speed at which a motor vehicle is capable of traveling based on the applicable speed limit where such motor vehicle is being operated.

425 (b) The Vision Zero Council, established pursuant to section 13b-23b 426 of the general statutes, in consultation with the Judicial Branch, shall 427 study and make recommendations concerning the feasibility of 428 leveraging intelligent speed assistance devices to address speeding and 429 reckless driving in the state. Such study shall, at a minimum, (1) examine 430 whether sufficient evidence exists to show that the use of intelligent 431 speed assistance devices changes driving behavior and improves road 432 safety, (2) consider the different types and availability of such devices, 433 (3) estimate the costs to the motor vehicle operator associated with the 434 installation and maintenance of such devices, (4) examine whether such 435 devices work accurately and reliably in unsupervised environments and whether such devices are capable of producing evidence showing such 436 437 device has not been by passed, circumvented or tampered with, and (5) 438 if recommending the use of such devices in the state, (A) identify if the 439 installation of such device would be in lieu of, or in addition to, a 440 prescribed penalty or suspension of a motor vehicle operator's license 441 and if such installation would be mandatory or discretionary, (B) 442 identify the types and number of traffic violations that would require or 443 permit the installation of such devices, (C) discuss if any such 444 requirement to install an intelligent speed assistance device should 445 apply differently to motor vehicle operators based upon the age or 446 driving history of the operator, and (D) discuss necessary components 447 of a regulatory framework that would be necessary to ensure the proper 448 and accurate use of such devices.

(c) Not later than January 15, 2026, the council shall submit its
findings and any recommendations, including any proposed legislation,
to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having
cognizance of matters relating to transportation, in accordance with the
provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes.

454 Sec. 11. Section 14-111g of the general statutes is repealed and the 455 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

(a) (<u>1</u>) For the purposes of this [subsection] <u>section</u>, "moving violation" means any violation of subsection (c) of section 14-36 or section 14-36g, 14-212d, 14-218a, 14-219, 14-222, 14-223, 14-230 to 14-249, inclusive, 14-279, 14-283, 14-289b, 14-296aa, as amended by this act, 14-299, 14-300, as amended by this act, 14-301, 14-302 or 14-303, and "suspension violation" means a violation of section 14-222a, 14-224, 14-227a, 14-227m or 14-227n, or section 53a-56b, 53a-57 or 53a-60d.

[The] (2) Except as provided in subdivision (4) of this subsection, the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may require any motor vehicle operator who is twenty-four years of age or less, who has been convicted of a moving violation or a suspension violation, or both, committed on two or more occasions to attend a motor vehicle operator's retraining program.

469 [The] (3) Except as provided in subdivision (4) of this subsection, the 470 commissioner may require any motor vehicle operator over twenty-four 471 years of age, who has been convicted of a moving violation or a 472 suspension violation or a combination of said violations, committed on 473 three or more occasions to attend a motor vehicle operator's retraining 474 program.

(<u>4</u>) The commissioner shall require (<u>A</u>) any motor vehicle operator
convicted of traveling more than seventy-five miles per hour, (<u>B</u>) any
person operating a commercial motor vehicle convicted of traveling
more than sixty-five miles per hour in a highway work zone, as defined
in section 14-212d, [or] and (<u>C</u>) any [person] motor vehicle operator

convicted of a violation of <u>section 14-222 or</u> subdivision (1) of subsection
(c) of section 14-224, to attend a motor vehicle operator's retraining
program.

483 (5) The commissioner shall notify such operator, in writing, of such 484 requirement. A fee of not more than eighty-five dollars shall be charged 485 for the retraining program. The commissioner, after notice and 486 opportunity for hearing, may suspend the motor vehicle operator's 487 license of any such operator who fails to attend or successfully complete 488 the program until the operator successfully completes the program. The 489 hearing shall be limited to any claim of impossibility of the operator to 490 attend the retraining program, or to a determination of mistake or 491 misidentification.

(b) (1) The retraining program shall be taught by a designee of the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles or by an instructor approved by the commissioner and shall [(1)] (<u>A</u>) review principles of motor vehicle operation, [(2)] (<u>B</u>) develop alternative attitudes for those attitudes contributing to aggressive driving behavior, and [(3)] (<u>C</u>) emphasize the need to practice safe driving behavior.

498 (2) The retraining program shall be offered by the Department of 499 Motor Vehicles or by any other organization certified by the 500 commissioner to conduct such program in person in a congregate 501 setting, through distance learning or through a combination of both in-502 person and distance learning, provided such distance learning has 503 interactive components such as mandatory interactions, participation or 504 testing. Any drivers' school, as defined in section 14-68, that meets the 505 licensure requirements of part IV of this chapter shall be eligible to seek 506 certification to offer the motor vehicle operator's retraining program. 507 The commissioner shall determine the number of program providers 508 necessary to serve the needs of the public.

509 (3) Each organization or drivers' school seeking certification or 510 recertification to conduct such retraining program shall submit an 511 application to the department in such form as the commissioner shall

- require and an application fee of three hundred fifty dollars. Each suchapplicant shall:
- 514 (A) Be registered to do business in this state and continuously 515 maintain good standing with the office of the Secretary of the State;

516 (B) [file] <u>File</u> and continuously maintain a surety bond in the amount 517 of fifty thousand dollars. Such bond shall be conditioned upon 518 compliance with the provisions of any state or federal law or regulation 519 concerning the conduct of an operator retraining program and provided 520 as indemnity for any loss or expense sustained by either the state or any 521 person by reason of any acts or omissions of the program provider. Such bond shall be executed in the name of the State of Connecticut for the 522 523 benefit of any aggrieved party, but the penalty of the bond shall not be 524 invoked except upon order of the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles after 525 a hearing held before the commissioner in accordance with the 526 provisions of chapter 54;

527 (C) [have] <u>Have</u> a permanent place of business in this state where all
528 operator retraining program records shall be maintained and accessible
529 to the commissioner during normal business hours;

530 (D) [submit] <u>Submit</u> for approval by the commissioner a detailed 531 curriculum and lesson plan, including any changes to such curriculum 532 and lesson plan, which shall be used in each operator retraining class; 533 and

(E) [electronically] <u>Electronically</u> transmit information concerning
enrollment and class completion to the commissioner at such times and
in such form as the commissioner shall prescribe.

537 (<u>4</u>) Prior to the certification of an applicant, the commissioner shall 538 investigate the applicant's character, driving history and criminal 539 history. If the applicant is a business entity, such investigation shall 540 include the principals and officers of such entity. The applicant shall 541 submit to the commissioner any information pertaining to current or 542 past criminal or civil actions. The certification of a program provider by 543 the commissioner shall not be transferable and shall be valid for a two-544 year period. Recertification of a provider shall be at the discretion of the 545 commissioner and in such form and manner determined by the 546 commissioner.

547 (c) Any person who is required to attend an operator retraining 548 program shall have such requirement and the completion date of such 549 requirement posted on such person's driving history record maintained 550 by the commissioner. The date of class completion shall remain on such 551 person's driving history record until such person has attained thirty-six 552 consecutive months without any additional moving violations or 553 suspension violations specified in subsection (a) of this section being 554 posted to such person's driving history record. Until the completion of 555 such thirty-six consecutive months, the Commissioner of Motor 556 Vehicles shall suspend such person's operator's license or operating 557 privilege for: (1) Thirty days upon a first conviction for any specified 558 moving violation or suspension violation; (2) sixty days upon a second 559 conviction of any specified moving violation or suspension violation; 560 and (3) ninety days for a third or subsequent conviction of a specified 561 moving violation or suspension violation.

(d) The commissioner shall adopt regulations in accordance withchapter 54 to implement the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of thissection.

565 Sec. 12. Subsection (e) of section 22a-202 of the general statutes is 566 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*, 567 2025):

(e) (1) As a part of the Connecticut Hydrogen and Electric
Automobile Purchase Rebate program, the Commissioner of Energy
and Environmental Protection shall also establish and administer a
program to provide rebates or vouchers to residents of the state who

572 purchase an electric bicycle. The commissioner, in consultation with the 573 advisory board, shall establish and revise, as necessary, maximum 574 income eligibility for such rebates or vouchers. Any such rebate or 575 voucher amount shall be in an amount not less than five hundred 576 dollars. The rebate or voucher program shall be designed to maximize 577 the air quality benefits associated with the deployment of electric 578 bicycles and prioritize providing vouchers to (A) residents of 579 environmental justice communities, (B) residents having household 580 incomes at or below three hundred per cent of the federal poverty level, 581 [and] (C) residents who participate in state and federal assistance 582 programs, including, but not limited to, the state-administered federal 583 Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, state-administered federal 584 Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program [,] or a federal Head 585 Start program, [established pursuant to section 10-16] or who receive 586 assistance provided by Operation Fuel, Incorporated, and (D) residents 587 with physical disabilities.

588 (2) On and after July 1, 2022, and until June 30, 2027, inclusive, an 589 electric bicycle that is eligible for a rebate or voucher under the program 590 shall have a base manufacturer's suggested retail price of not more than 591 three thousand dollars. The provisions of this subdivision shall not 592 apply to an adaptive electric bicycle or electric personal assistance 593 mobility device, as defined in section 14-289h, prescribed by a health 594 care provider.

595 Sec. 13. (Effective from passage) Upon receipt of an application 596 concerning the construction of any development that would impact 597 traffic at the intersection of Connecticut Route 71 and Connecticut Route 598 9 in the city of New Britain, the Department of Transportation and the 599 Office of State Traffic Administration shall not issue a state highway 600 right-of-way encroachment permit or certificate of operation pursuant 601 to section 14-311 of the general statutes for such development until (1) a 602 traffic study is performed by such department or office, and (2) the 603 results of such traffic study are submitted to the joint standing 604 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters

605 relating to transportation.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2025	14-300
Sec. 2	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	14-230a
Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	14-289g
Sec. 4	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	14-296aa
Sec. 5	October 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 6	October 1, 2025	14-286d
Sec. 7	October 1, 2025	14-298
Sec. 8	October 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 9	July 1, 2025	13b-10
Sec. 10	from passage	New section
Sec. 11	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	14-111g
Sec. 12	July 1, 2025	22a-202(e)
Sec. 13	from passage	New section

Statement of Purpose:

To increase penalties for unsafe driving, restrict driving in the extreme left lane, require helmets for certain operators of motorcycles and bicycles, redefine "mobile electronic device", prohibit open alcoholic beverage containers in motor vehicles, require reflective paint on highways, permit the reporting of instances of unsafe driving, support Complete Streets projects and prioritization plans, study the use of intelligent speed assistance devices, require an operator to complete the operator's retraining program after the first conviction of reckless driving, revise the Connecticut Hydrogen and Electric Automobile Purchase Rebate program and restrict the issuance of certain right-ofway encroachment permits and certificates of operation.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]