

General Assembly

January Session, 2025

## Raised Bill No. 1376

LCO No. **5087** 

Referred to Committee on TRANSPORTATION

Introduced by: (TRA)

## AN ACT REDUCING BLOOD ALCOHOL LIMITS FOR IMPAIRED DRIVING AND BOATING, CONCERNING INFORMATION REGARDING POLICE PHLEBOTOMY TRAINING AND STUDYING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF ELECTRONIC WARRANT TECHNOLOGY.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 14-227a of the general statutes is
 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January* 2, 2026):

4 No person shall operate a motor vehicle while under the influence of 5 intoxicating liquor or any drug or both. A person commits the offense of operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating 6 7 liquor or any drug or both if such person operates a motor vehicle (1) 8 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or both, or 9 (2) while such person has an elevated blood alcohol content. For the 10 purposes of this section, "elevated blood alcohol content" means a ratio 11 of alcohol in the blood of such person that is [eight-hundredths] five-12 hundredths of one per cent or more of alcohol, by weight, except that if 13 such person is operating a commercial motor vehicle, "elevated blood 14 alcohol content" means a ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person that

15 is four-hundredths of one per cent or more of alcohol, by weight, and 16 "motor vehicle" includes a snowmobile and all-terrain vehicle, as those 17 terms are defined in section 14-379. For purposes of this section, section 18 14-227b, as amended by this act, and section 14-227c, (A) "advanced 19 roadside impaired driving enforcement" means a program developed by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration with the 20 21 International Association of Chiefs of Police and the Technical Advisory 22 Panel, which focuses on impaired driving enforcement education for 23 police officers, or any successor to such program; (B) "drug influence 24 evaluation" means an evaluation developed by the National Highway 25 Traffic Safety Administration and the International Association of 26 Chiefs of Police that is conducted by a drug recognition expert to 27 determine the level of a person's impairment from the use of drugs and 28 the drug category causing such impairment; (C) "drug recognition 29 expert" means a person certified by the International Association of 30 Chiefs of Police as having met all requirements of the International Drug 31 Evaluation and Classification Program; and (D) "nontestimonial portion 32 of a drug influence evaluation" means a drug influence evaluation 33 conducted by a drug recognition expert that does not include a verbal 34 interview with the subject.

Sec. 2. Subsection (o) of section 14-227b of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January*2, 2026):

38 (o) For the purposes of this section, "elevated blood alcohol content" 39 means (1) a ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person that is [eight-40 hundredths] five-hundredths of one per cent or more of alcohol, by 41 weight, (2) if such person is operating a commercial motor vehicle, a 42 ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person that is four-hundredths of 43 one per cent or more of alcohol, by weight, or (3) if such person is less 44 than twenty-one years of age, a ratio of alcohol in the blood of such 45 person that is two-hundredths of one per cent or more of alcohol, by 46 weight.

47 Sec. 3. Subsection (a) of section 14-227m of the general statutes is
48 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January*49 2, 2026):

50 (a) No person shall operate a motor vehicle in which a child under 51 eighteen years of age is a passenger while such person (1) is under the 52 influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or both, or (2) has an 53 elevated blood alcohol content. For the purposes of this section, 54 "elevated blood alcohol content" means a ratio of alcohol in the blood of 55 such person that is [eight-hundredths] five-hundredths of one per cent 56 or more of alcohol, by weight, except that if such person is operating a 57 commercial motor vehicle, "elevated blood alcohol content" means a 58 ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person that is four-hundredths of 59 one per cent or more of alcohol, by weight, and if such person is under 60 twenty-one years of age, "elevated blood alcohol content" means a ratio 61 of alcohol in the blood of such person that is two-hundredths of one per 62 cent or more of alcohol by weight; and "motor vehicle" includes a 63 snowmobile and all-terrain vehicle, as those terms are defined in section 64 14-379.

Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 14-227n of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January*2, 2026):

(a) (1) No person shall operate a school bus, student transportation
vehicle or other motor vehicle specially designated for carrying children
while such person (A) is under the influence of intoxicating liquor or
any drug or both, or (B) has an elevated blood alcohol content.

(2) No person shall operate a school bus, student transportation
vehicle or other motor vehicle specially designated for carrying children
in which a child under eighteen years of age is a passenger while such
person (A) is under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or
both, or (B) has an elevated blood alcohol content.

77 (3) For the purposes of this section, "motor vehicle specially

78 designated for carrying children" means any motor vehicle, except for a 79 registered school bus or student transportation vehicle as defined in 80 section 14-212, that is designated or used by a person, firm or 81 corporation for the transportation of children to or from any program or 82 activity organized primarily for persons under the age of eighteen years, 83 with or without charge to the individual being transported, but does not 84 include a passenger motor vehicle normally used for personal, family or 85 household purposes that is operated by a person without a public 86 passenger endorsement; and "elevated blood alcohol content" means a 87 ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person that is [eight-hundredths] 88 five-hundredths of one per cent or more of alcohol, by weight, except 89 that if such person is operating a commercial motor vehicle, "elevated 90 blood alcohol content" means a ratio of alcohol in the blood of such 91 person that is four-hundredths of one per cent or more of alcohol, by 92 weight, and if such person is under twenty-one years of age, "elevated 93 blood alcohol content" means a ratio of alcohol in the blood of such 94 person that is two-hundredths of one per cent or more of alcohol, by 95 weight.

Sec. 5. Subsection (d) of section 15-133 of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January*2, 2026):

99 (d) No person shall operate a vessel: (1) While under the influence of 100 intoxicating liquor or any drug, or both, or (2) while such person has an 101 elevated blood alcohol content. For the purposes of this section and 102 sections 15-140l and 15-140n, "elevated blood alcohol content" means: 103 (A) A ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person that is [eight-104 hundredths] five-hundredths of one per cent or more of alcohol, by 105 weight, or (B) if such person is under twenty-one years of age, a ratio of 106 alcohol in the blood of such person that is two-hundredths of one per 107 cent or more of alcohol, by weight. For the purposes of this section and 108 sections 15-132a, 15-140l, 15-140n, 15-140o and 15-140q, as amended by 109 this act, "operate" means that the vessel is underway or aground and not moored, anchored or docked. 110

111 Sec. 6. Subdivision (4) of subsection (g) of section 15-140q of the 112 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 113 thereof (*Effective January 2, 2026*):

114 (4) At a hearing held under this subsection, the results of the test, if 115 administered, shall be sufficient to indicate the ratio of alcohol in the 116 blood of such person at the time of operation, except that if the results 117 of an additional test, administered pursuant to section 15-140r, indicate 118 that the ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person is [eight-hundredths] 119 five-hundredths of one per cent or less of alcohol, by weight, and is 120 higher than the results of the first test, evidence shall be presented that 121 demonstrates that the test results and analysis thereof accurately 122 indicate the blood alcohol content at the time of operation. The fees of 123 any witness summoned to appear at a hearing under this subsection 124 shall be the same as provided in section 52-260.

Sec. 7. Subsection (n) of section 15-140q of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January*2, 2026):

(n) For the purposes of this section, "elevated blood alcohol content"
means: (1) A ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person that is [eight-hundredths] <u>five-hundredths</u> of one per cent or more of alcohol, by
weight, or (2) if such person is under twenty-one years of age, a ratio of
alcohol in the blood of such person that is two-hundredths of one per
cent or more of alcohol, by weight.

Sec. 8. Section 38a-498c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 2, 2026*):

No individual health insurance policy providing coverage of the type specified in subdivisions (1), (2), (4), (11) and (12) of section 38a-469 delivered, issued for delivery, amended, renewed or continued in this state shall deny coverage for health care services rendered to treat any injury sustained by any person when such injury is alleged to have occurred or occurs under circumstances in which (1) such person has an elevated blood alcohol content, or (2) such person has sustained such
injury while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or
both. For the purposes of this section, "elevated blood alcohol content"
means a ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person that is [eighthundredths] <u>five-hundredths</u> of one per cent or more of alcohol, by
weight.

Sec. 9. Section 38a-525c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 2, 2026*):

150 No group health insurance policy providing coverage of the type specified in subdivisions (1), (2), (4), (11) and (12) of section 38a-469 151 152 delivered, issued for delivery, amended, renewed or continued in this state shall deny coverage for health care services rendered to treat any 153 154 injury sustained by any person when such injury is alleged to have 155 occurred or occurs under circumstances in which (1) such person has an 156 elevated blood alcohol content, or (2) such person has sustained such 157 injury while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or 158 both. For the purposes of this section, "elevated blood alcohol content" 159 means a ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person that is [eight-160 hundredths] five-hundredths of one per cent or more of alcohol, by 161 weight.

162 Sec. 10. (NEW) (Effective from passage) The Commissioners of 163 Transportation and Emergency Services and Public Protection, in 164 consultation with the Attorney General and the Chief State's Attorney, 165 shall coordinate an interagency exchange of information to (1) promote 166 phlebotomy training available to police officers, (2) summarize 167 phlebotomy procedures and best practices developed by other states 168 that implemented law enforcement phlebotomy programs to identify polysubstance use and impairment detection issues in order to combat 169 170 impaired driving, and (3) provide educational materials and answer 171 questions from police officers concerning phlebotomy training and 172 police liability.

173 Sec. 11. (Effective from passage) The Chief Court Administrator and the 174 Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall jointly 175 study the feasibility of implementing electronic warrant technology to 176 allow a police officer to submit, and a judge to review and approve, an 177 application for a search warrant electronically when a police officer 178 suspects a person is operating a motor vehicle while under the influence 179 of intoxicating liquor or drugs, or both, in violation of section 14-227a of 180 the general statutes, as amended by this act. Not later than February 1, 181 2026, the Chief Court Administrator and the Commissioner of 182 Emergency Services and Public Protection shall submit the results of 183 such study and any recommendations concerning the implementation 184 of electronic warrant technology to the joint standing committees of the 185 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the 186 judiciary, transportation and public safety and security, in accordance 187 with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	January 2, 2026	14-227a(a)
Sec. 2	January 2, 2026	14-227b(o)
Sec. 3	January 2, 2026	14-227m(a)
Sec. 4	January 2, 2026	14-227n(a)
Sec. 5	January 2, 2026	15-133(d)
Sec. 6	January 2, 2026	15-140q(g)(4)
Sec. 7	January 2, 2026	15-140q(n)
Sec. 8	January 2, 2026	38a-498c
Sec. 9	January 2, 2026	38a-525c
Sec. 10	from passage	New section
Sec. 11	from passage	New section

## Statement of Purpose:

To (1) lower the blood alcohol content for driving and boating under the influence from eight-hundredths to five-hundredths of one per cent of alcohol, by weight, (2) coordinate an interagency exchange of information concerning police phlebotomy training, and (3) study the feasibility of implementing electronic warrant technology.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]