

General Assembly

January Session, 2025

Amendment

LCO No. 10255



Offered by: REP. HORN, 64th Dist. REP. WALKER, 93rd Dist.

To: House Bill No. 7287

File No.

Cal. No.

"AN ACT CONCERNING THE STATE BUDGET FOR THE BIENNIUM ENDING JUNE 30, 2027, AND MAKING APPROPRIATIONS THEREFOR, AND PROVISIONS RELATED TO REVENUE AND OTHER ITEMS IMPLEMENTING THE STATE BUDGET."

1 Strike T271 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

"Housing/Homeless Services	101,198,923	114,398,923"

2 Strike T274 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

"AGENCY TOTAL	129,701,218	143,325,259"
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3 Strike T287 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

"Other Expenses	8,132,228	8,939,228"
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4 Strike T296 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

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"AGENCY TOTAL	77,677,327	80,940,679"

5 Strike T463 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

"Other Expenses	1,694,731	8,294,731"
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6 Strike T476 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

"AGENCY TOTAL	417,537,918	443,007,258"
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7 Strike T89 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

"Other Expenses	6,841,422	3,305,422"
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8 Strike T99 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

"AGENCY TOTAL	109,004,564	211,468,564"
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9 Strike T639 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

	"State Employees Health Service Cost	553,879,142	708,024,030"
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10 Strike T646 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

"AGENCY TOTAL	3,393,778,955	3,661,077,104"
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11 Strike T407 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

"Other Expenses	20,086,963	28,295,963"

12 Strike T454 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

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"AGENCY TOTAL	3,526,761,252	3,593,605,722"

13 Strike T39 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

"Other Expenses	3,144,562	3,517,936"
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14 Strike T43 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

"AGENCY TOTAL	17,044,732	15,809,732"
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15 Strike T663 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

"TOTAL - GENERAL FUND 24,130,611,244 25,455,622,254	"TOTAL - GENERAL FUND	24,130,611,244	25,455,622,254"
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16 Strike T671 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

"NET - GENERAL FUND	24,036,381,982	25,361,911,684"
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17 Strike T463 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

"Other Expenses 1	1,694,731	8,294,731"
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18 Strike T971 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

"CT Convention & Sports Bureau	500,000	500,000"

19 In line 288, strike "Hartford" and insert "Connecticut" in lieu thereof

- 20 After line 485, insert the following:
- 21 "(UU) The sum of \$750,000 of the amount appropriated in section 1
- of this act to the Department of Education, for Other Expenses, for the
- 23 fiscal years ending June 30, 2026, and June 30, 2027, shall be made

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24	available in each of said fiscal years for a teacher residency program.
25 26 27 28 29	(VV) The sum of \$500,000 of the amount appropriated in section 1 of this act to the Department of Education, for Other Expenses, for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2026, and June 30, 2027, shall be made available in each of said fiscal years to provide a grant to the State Education Resource Center for disconnected youth programming."
30	In line 493, strike "\$110,400" and insert "\$115,000" in lieu thereof
31 32	In line 520, strike "ninety-nine million six hundred thousand" and insert "one hundred one million" in lieu thereof
33 34	In line 521, strike "ninety-three million three hundred thousand" and insert "ninety million" in lieu thereof
35 36	Strike section 46 in its entirety and renumber the remaining sections and internal references accordingly
37 38	Strike sections 63 to 70, inclusive, in their entirety and renumber the remaining sections and internal references accordingly
39 40	Strike section 94 in its entirety and renumber the remaining sections and internal references accordingly
41 42	Strike section 149 in its entirety and renumber the remaining sections and internal references accordingly
43 44	Strike sections 154 to 156, inclusive, in their entirety and renumber the remaining sections and internal references accordingly
45 46	Strike sections 258 to 261, inclusive, in their entirety and renumber the remaining sections and internal references accordingly
47 48 49	In line 10363, strike the opening bracket before "a need", insert an opening bracket before the comma and after the closing bracket insert " <u>and</u> "

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50	In line 10364, insert a closing bracket after "grant."
51	In line 10369, strike the closing bracket after "funds."
52	In line 10386, strike the opening bracket before "(c)"
53	In line 10409, strike "] <u>(c)</u> "
54	In line 10442, strike the opening and closing brackets and strike " <u>(d)</u> "
55	In line 10480, strike " <u>(e)</u> " and insert in lieu thereof " <u>(f)</u> "
56	In line 5371, strike "22aa-449t" and insert in lieu thereof "22a-449t"
57 58	Strike section 279 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:
 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 	"Sec. 279. (NEW) (<i>Effective October 1, 2025</i>) (a) A person is guilty of unlawful dissemination of an intimate synthetically created image when (1) such person intentionally disseminates by electronic or other means such image of (A) the genitals, pubic area or buttocks of another person with less than a fully opaque covering of such body part, or the breast of such other person who is female with less than a fully opaque covering of any portion of such breast below the top of the nipple, or (B) another person engaged in sexual intercourse, as defined in section 53a-193 of the general statutes, (2) such person disseminates such image without the consent of such other person, (3) knowing such image is a synthetically created image, disseminates the image intending for another person who views such image to be deceived into believing the image is an actual depiction of such other person, and (4) such other person violates subdivisions (1) to (4), inclusive, of this subsection, and such person accuring or protection of such dissemination of such person with dissemination of such dissemination of such person violates subdivisions (1) to (4), inclusive, of this subsection, and such person accuring or person who created or had created such suphtically created image or had created such suphtically created such as the superior of such dissemination.
74 75	person acquired, created or had created such synthetically created image with intention to harm such other person.

- 76 (b) For purposes of this section:
- 77 (1) "Disseminate" means to sell, give, provide, lend, trade, mail,

deliver, transfer, publish, distribute, circulate, present, exhibit, advertiseor otherwise offer;

80 (2) "Harm" includes, but is not limited to, subjecting such other
81 person to hatred, contempt, ridicule, physical injury, financial injury,
82 psychological harm or serious emotional distress; and

(3) "Synthetically created image" means any photograph, film,
videotape or other image of a person that (A) is (i) not wholly recorded
by a camera, or (ii) either partially or wholly generated by a computer
system, and (B) depicts, and is virtually indistinguishable from what a
reasonable person would believe is the actual depiction of, an
identifiable person.

89 (c) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to:

(1) Any image described in subsection (a) of this section of such other
person if such image resulted from voluntary exposure or engagement
in sexual intercourse by such other person, in a public place, as defined
in section 53a-181 of the general statutes, or in a commercial setting; or

94 (2) Any image described in subsection (a) of this section of such other
95 person, if such other person is not clearly identifiable, unless other
96 personally identifying information is associated with or accompanies
97 the image.

98 (d) Unlawful dissemination of an intimate synthetically created 99 image to (1) a person by any means is a class D misdemeanor, except 100 that if such person violated subdivision (5) of subsection (a) of this 101 section, a class A misdemeanor, and (2) more than one person by means 102 of an interactive computer service, as defined in 47 USC 230, an 103 information service, as defined in 47 USC 153, or a telecommunications 104 service, as defined in section 16-247a of the general statutes, is a class C 105 misdemeanor, except that if such person violated subdivision (5) of 106 subsection (a) of this section, is a class D felony.

107 (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to impose liability on

	the provider of an interactive computer service, as defined in 47 USC
)	230, an information service, as defined in 47 USC 153, or a
)	telecommunications service, as defined in section 16-247a of the general
	statutes, for content provided by another person."
	Strike sections 291 to 296, inclusive, in their entirety and renumber
,	the remaining sections and internal references accordingly
:	Strike subsection (b) of section 312 in its entirety and insert the
,	following in lieu thereof:
)	"(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of section 22a-60 of the
,	general statutes: (1) Upon transfer of ownership or operation of any
	transfer station from the MIRA Dissolution Authority to the town of
)	Essex, any permits or licenses held by the MIRA Dissolution Authority
)	shall be deemed to be transferred to the town of Essex and shall continue

120 in full force and effect, (2) any permit or license relating to the 121 122 Torrington Transfer Station shall be deemed transferred to the 123 Northwest Resource Recovery Authority, or its designee, and shall 124 continue in full force and effect, and (3) the Commissioner of Energy 125 and Environmental Protection shall grant the owner of the Wallingford 126 Transfer Station a temporary operating permit until the submission of a 127 complete application by such owner to the commissioner for the 128 resumption of operations in accordance with all applicable 129 requirements."

Strike section 364 in its entirety and renumber the remaining sectionsand internal references accordingly

132 Strike subsection (f) of section 409 in its entirety and insert the 133 following in lieu thereof:

"(f) (1) If a taxpayer requests a voucher for an amount that exceeds the amount of the credit allocation reserved pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, The University of Connecticut may issue a voucher in such requested amount only if credits remain available under the aggregate limit set forth in subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of this

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139	section and the taxpayer provides documentation satisfactory to the
140	university verifying that such requested amount has been paid by the
141	taxpayer pursuant to a qualified agreement.
142	(2) If a taxpayer that did not reserve a credit allocation under
143	subsection (d) of this section requests a voucher for a credit under this
144	section, the university may issue a voucher to such taxpayer only if
145	credits remain available under the aggregate limit set forth in
146	subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of this section and the taxpayer
147	provides documentation satisfactory to the university verifying that
148	such requested amount has been paid by the taxpayer pursuant to a
149	qualified agreement.
150	(3) The university shall give priority to taxpayers requesting a
151	voucher under subdivision (1) of this subsection over taxpayers
152	requesting a voucher under subdivision (2) of this subsection."
153	In line 18450, strike " <u>and the Tweed-New Haven Airport</u> "
154	In line 18451, strike " <u>Authority</u> " and insert " <u>, the Tweed-New Haven</u>
155	Airport and any entity that contracts with the Tweed-New Haven
156	<u>Airport Authority</u> "
157	In line 18610, strike " <u>or Tweed-New</u> "
158	In line 18611, strike " <u>Haven Authority</u> " and insert " <u>, the Tweed-New</u>
159	Haven Airport and any entity that contracts with the Tweed-New
160	Haven Airport Authority"
161	After the last section, add the following and renumber sections and
162	internal references accordingly:
163	"Sec. 501. Section 12-195h of the general statutes is repealed and the
164	following is substituted in lieu thereof (<i>Effective October 1, 2025</i>):
165	(a) Any municipality, by resolution of its legislative body, as defined
166	in section 1-1, may assign, for consideration, any and all liens filed by
167	the tax collector to secure unpaid taxes on real property as provided

under the provisions of this chapter. The consideration received by themunicipality shall be negotiated between the municipality and theassignee.

171 (b) The assignee or assignees of such liens shall have and possess the 172 same powers and rights at law or in equity that such municipality and 173 municipality's tax collector would have had if the lien had not been 174 assigned with regard to the precedence and priority of such lien, the 175 accrual of interest and the fees and expenses of collection and of 176 preparing and recording the assignment, except that any such assignee 177 (1) shall be treated as a consumer collection agency, as defined in section 178 36a-800, (2) shall not charge the owner of the real property that is the 179 subject of the assignment any post-charge-off charge or fee for cost of 180 collection, as set forth in subdivision (11) of subsection (a) of section 36a-181 805, (3) shall not be insulated from liability for its conduct by virtue of 182 the provisions of section 42-110c, and [(2)] (4) shall be obligated to 183 provide a payoff statement, as defined in section 49-8a, in the same 184 manner as a mortgagee in accordance with the requirements of section 185 49-10a. The assignee shall have the same rights to enforce such liens as 186 any private party holding a lien on real property including, but not 187 limited to, foreclosure and a suit on the debt.

188 (c) No such assignment executed on or after July 1, 2022, shall be valid 189 or enforceable unless memorialized in a contract executed by the 190 municipality and the assignee that is in writing and provides: (1) The 191 manner in which the assignee will provide to the owner of the real 192 property that is the subject of the assignment one or more addresses and 193 telephone numbers that may be used for correspondence with the 194 assignee about the debt and payment thereof; (2) the earliest and latest 195 dates by which the assignee shall commence any foreclosure or suit on 196 the debt or the manner for determining such dates, except as may be 197 impacted by any payment arrangement, bankruptcy petition or other 198 circumstance, provided in no event shall the assignee commence a 199 foreclosure suit before one year has elapsed since the assignee's 200 purchase of the lien; (3) the structure and rates of attorney's fees that the

201 assignee may claim against the owner or owners of such real property 202 in any foreclosure, suit on the debt or otherwise, and a prohibition from 203 using as foreclosure counsel any attorney or law office that is owned by, 204 employs or contracts with any person having an interest in such 205 assignee; (4) confirmation that the owner of the real property for which 206 the lien has been filed shall be a third-party beneficiary entitled to 207 enforce the covenants and responsibilities of the assignee as contained 208 in the contract; (5) a prohibition on the assignee assigning the lien 209 without the municipality's prior written consent; (6) the detail and 210 frequency of reports provided to the municipality's tax collector 211 regarding the status of the assigned liens; (7) confirmation that the 212 assignee is not ineligible, pursuant to section 31-57b, to be assigned the 213 lien because of occupational safety and health law violations; (8) 214 disclosure of (A) all resolved and pending arbitrations and litigation 215 matters in which the assignee or any of its principals have been involved 216 within the last ten years, except foreclosure actions involving liens 217 purchased from or assigned by governmental entities, (B) all criminal 218 proceedings that the assignee or any of its principals has ever been the 219 subject, (C) any interest in the subject property held by the assignee or 220 any of its principals, officers or agents, and (D) each instance in which 221 the assignee or any of its principals was found to have violated any state 222 or local ethics law, regulation, ordinance, code, policy or standard, or to 223 have committed any other offense arising out of the submission of 224 proposals or bids or the performance of work on public contract; and (9) 225 such additional terms to which the municipality and the assignee 226 mutually agree, consistent with applicable law.

227 (d) The assignee, or any subsequent assignee, shall provide written 228 notice of an assignment, not later than sixty days after the date of such 229 assignment, to the owner and any holder of a mortgage, on the real 230 property that is the subject of the assignment, provided such owner or 231 holder is of record as of the date of such assignment. Such notice shall 232 include information sufficient to identify (1) the property that is subject 233 to the lien and in which the holder has an interest, (2) the name and 234 addresses of the assignee, and (3) the amount of unpaid taxes, interest

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238 (e) Not less than sixty days prior to commencing an action to foreclose 239 a lien under this section, the assignee shall provide a written notice, by 240 first-class mail, to the holders of all first or second security interests on 241 the property subject to the lien that were recorded before the date the 242 assessment the lien sought to be enforced became delinquent. Such 243 notice shall set forth: (1) The amount of unpaid debt owed to the 244 assignee as of the date of the notice; (2) the amount of any attorney's fees 245 and costs incurred by the assignee in the enforcement of the lien as of 246 the date of the notice, which amount shall not include any post-charge-247 off charge or fee for cost of collection; (3) a statement of the assignee's 248 intention to foreclose the lien if the amounts set forth pursuant to 249 subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection are not paid to the assignee 250 on or before sixty days after the date the notice is provided; (4) the 251 assignee's contact information, including, but not limited to, the 252 assignee's name, mailing address, telephone number and electronic mail 253 address, if any; and (5) instructions concerning the acceptable means of 254 making a payment on the amounts owed to the assignee as set forth 255 pursuant to subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection. Any notice 256 required under this subsection shall be effective upon the date such 257 notice is provided.

(f) When providing the written notice required under subsection (e) of this section, the assignee may rely on the last recorded security interest of record in identifying the name and mailing address of the holder of such interest, unless the holder of such interest is the plaintiff in an action pending in Superior Court to enforce such interest, in which case the assignee shall provide the written notice to the attorney appearing on behalf of the plaintiff.

(g) Each aspect of a foreclosure, sale or other disposition under this
section, including, but not limited to, the costs, attorney fees, method,
advertising, time, date, place and terms, shall be commercially

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268	reasonable.
269	Sec. 502. Section 36a-800 of the general statutes is repealed and the
270	following is substituted in lieu thereof (<i>Effective October 1, 2025</i>):
271	As used in this section and sections 36a-801 to 36a-814, inclusive,
272	unless the context otherwise requires:
273	(1) "Advertise" or "advertising" has the same meaning as provided in
274	section 36a-485;
275	(2) "Branch office" means a location other than the main office at
276	which a licensee or any person on behalf of a licensee acts as a consumer
277	collection agency;
278	(3) "Consumer collection agency" means any person (A) engaged as a
279	third party in the business of collecting or receiving payment for others
280	on any account, bill or other indebtedness from a consumer debtor, (B)
281	engaged in the business of debt buying, including, but not limited to,
282	buying property tax debt in accordance with section 12-195h, or (C)
283	engaged in the business of collecting or receiving tax payments,
284	including, but not limited to, property tax and federal income tax
285	payments, from a property tax debtor or federal income tax debtor on
286	behalf of a municipality or the United States Department of the
287	Treasury, including, but not limited to, any person who, by any device,
288	subterfuge or pretense, makes a pretended purchase or takes a
289	pretended assignment of accounts from any other person, municipality
290	or taxing authority of such indebtedness for the purpose of evading the
291	provisions of this section and sections 36a-801 to 36a-814, inclusive.
292	"Consumer collection agency" includes persons who furnish collection
293	systems carrying a name which simulates the name of a consumer
294	collection agency and who supply forms or form letters to be used by
295	the creditor, even though such forms direct the consumer debtor,
296	property tax debtor or federal income tax debtor to make payments
297	directly to the creditor rather than to such fictitious agency. "Consumer
298	collection agency" further includes any person who, in attempting to

299 collect or in collecting such person's own accounts or claims from a 300 consumer debtor, uses a fictitious name or any name other than such 301 person's own name which would indicate to the consumer debtor that a 302 third person is collecting or attempting to collect such account or claim. 303 "Consumer collection agency" does not include (i) an individual 304 employed on the staff of a licensed consumer collection agency, or by a 305 creditor who is exempt from licensing, when attempting to collect on 306 behalf of such consumer collection agency, (ii) persons not primarily 307 engaged in the collection of debts from consumer debtors who receive 308 funds in escrow for subsequent distribution to others, including, but not 309 limited to, real estate brokers and lenders holding funds of borrowers 310 for payment of taxes or insurance, (iii) any public officer or a person 311 acting under the order of any court, (iv) any member of the bar of this 312 state, (v) a person who services loans or accounts for the owners thereof 313 when the arrangement includes, in addition to requesting payment from 314 delinquent consumer debtors, the providing of other services such as 315 receipt of payment, accounting, record-keeping, data processing 316 services and remitting, for loans or accounts which are current as well 317 as those which are delinquent, (vi) a bank or out-of-state bank, as 318 defined in section 36a-2, and (vii) a subsidiary or affiliate of a bank or 319 out-of-state bank, provided such affiliate or subsidiary is not primarily engaged in the business of purchasing and collecting upon delinquent 320 321 debt, other than delinquent debt secured by real property. Any person 322 not included in the definition contained in this subdivision is, for 323 purposes of sections 36a-645 to 36a-647, inclusive, a "creditor", as 324 defined in section 36a-645;

325 "Consumer debtor" means any natural person, not an (4)326 organization, who has incurred indebtedness or owes a debt for 327 personal, family or household purposes, including current or past due 328 child support, who has incurred indebtedness or owes a debt to a 329 municipality due to a levy by such municipality of a property tax or who 330 has incurred indebtedness or owes a debt to the United States 331 Department of the Treasury under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 332 or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United

333 States, as amended from time to time;

(5) "Control person" has the same meaning as provided in section 36a-485;

(6) "Creditor" means a person, including, but not limited to, a
municipality or the United States Department of the Treasury, that
retains, hires, or engages the services of a consumer collection agency;

(7) "Debt buying" means collecting or receiving payment on any
account, bill or other indebtedness, including, but not limited to,
property tax debt, from a consumer debtor for such person's own
account if the indebtedness was acquired from another person,
including, but not limited to, a municipality, and if the indebtedness
was either delinquent or in default at the time it was acquired;

(8) "Federal income tax" means all federal taxes levied on the income
of a natural person or organization by the United States Department of
the Treasury under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any
subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States,
as amended from time to time;

(9) "Federal income tax debtor" means any natural person or
organization who owes a debt to the United States Department of the
Treasury;

353 (10) "Main office" means the main address designated on the system;

(11) "Municipality" means any town, city or borough, consolidated
town and city, consolidated town and borough, district as defined in
section 7-324 or municipal special services district established under
chapter 105a;

(12) "Organization" means a corporation, partnership, association,
trust or any other legal entity or an individual operating under a trade
name or a name having appended to it a commercial, occupational or
professional designation;

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362	(13) "Property tax" has the meaning given to the term in section 7-560;
363	(14) "Property tax debtor" means any natural person or organization
364	who has incurred indebtedness or owes a debt to a municipality due to
365	a levy by such municipality of a property tax; and
366	(15) "Unique identifier" has the same meaning as provided in section
367	36a-485.
368	Sec. 503. Section 36a-805 of the general statutes is repealed and the
369	following is substituted in lieu thereof (<i>Effective October 1, 2025</i>):
370	(a) No consumer collection agency or control person shall: (1) Furnish
371	legal advice or perform legal services or represent that it is competent
372	to do so, or institute judicial proceedings on behalf of others; (2)
373	communicate with consumer debtors, property tax debtors or federal
374	income tax debtors in the name of an attorney or upon the stationery of
375	an attorney, or prepare any forms or instruments which only attorneys
376	are authorized to prepare; (3) [receive assignments as a third party of
377	claims for the purpose of collection or institute suit thereon in any court;
378	(4)] assume authority on behalf of a creditor to employ or terminate the
379	services of an attorney unless such creditor has authorized such agency
380	in writing to act as such creditor's agent in the selection of an attorney
381	to collect the creditor's accounts; $[(5)]$ (4) demand or obtain in any
382	manner a share of the proper compensation for services performed by
383	an attorney in collecting a claim, whether or not such agency has
384	previously attempted collection thereof; [(6)] (5) solicit claims for
385	collection under an ambiguous or deceptive contract; [(7)] (6) refuse to
386	return any claim or claims upon written request of the creditor, claimant
387	or forwarder, which claims are not in the process of collection after the
388	tender of such amounts, if any, as may be due and owing to the agency;
389	[(8)] (7) advertise or threaten to advertise for sale any claim as a means
390	of forcing payment thereof, unless such agency is acting as the assignee
391	for the benefit of creditors; [(9)] (8) refuse or fail to account for and remit
392	to its clients all money collected which is not in dispute within sixty days
393	from the last day of the month in which said money is collected; [(10)]

394 (9) refuse or intentionally fail to return to the creditor all valuable papers 395 deposited with a claim when such claim is returned; [(11)] (10) refuse or 396 fail to furnish at intervals of not less than ninety days, upon the written 397 request of the creditor, claimant or forwarder, a written report upon 398 claims received from such creditor, claimant or forwarder; [(12)] (11) 399 add any post-charge-off charge or fee for cost of collection, unless such 400 cost is a court cost, to the amount of any claim which it receives for 401 collection, including, but not limited to, a claim received pursuant to an 402 assignment for the collection of property tax, or knowingly accept for 403 collection any claim to which any such charge or fee has already been 404 added to the amount of the claim unless (A) the consumer debtor is 405 legally liable for such charge or fee as determined by [the] a contract or 406 other evidence of an agreement between the consumer debtor and 407 creditor, a copy of which shall be obtained by or available to the 408 consumer collection agency from the creditor and maintained as part of 409 the records of the consumer collection agency or the creditor, or both, 410 and (B) the total charge or fee for cost of collection does not exceed 411 fifteen per cent of the total amount actually collected and accepted as payment in full satisfaction of the debt. [; (13)] As used in this 412 413 subdivision, "post-charge-off charge or fee for cost of collection" does 414 not include costs or attorney's fees to the extent allowed under section 415 52-249; (12) use or attempt to use or make reference to the term "bonded 416 by the state of Connecticut", "bonded" or "bonded collection agency" or 417 any combination of such terms or words, except the word "bonded" may 418 be used on the stationery of any such agency in type not larger than 419 twelve-point; [(14)] (13) when the debt is beyond the statute of 420 limitations, fail to provide the following disclosure in type not less than 421 ten-point informing the consumer debtor in its initial communication 422 with such consumer debtor that (A) when collecting on debt that is not 423 past the date for obsolescence provided for in Section 605(a) of the Fair 424 Credit Reporting Act, 15 USC 1681c: "The law limits how long you can 425 be sued on a debt. Because of the age of your debt, (INSERT OWNER 426 NAME) will not sue you for it. If you do not pay the debt, (INSERT 427 OWNER NAME) may report or continue to report it to the credit 428 reporting agencies as unpaid"; and (B) when collecting on debt that is

429 past the date for obsolescence provided for in Section 605(a) of the Fair 430 Credit Reporting Act, 15 USC 1681c: "The law limits how long you can 431 be sued on a debt. Because of the age of your debt, (INSERT OWNER 432 NAME) will not sue you for it and (INSERT OWNER NAME) will not 433 report it to any credit reporting agencies."; [(15)] (14) engage in any 434 activities prohibited by sections 36a-800 to 36a-814, inclusive; or [(16)] 435 (15) fail to establish, enforce and maintain policies and procedures for 436 supervising employees, agents and office operations that are reasonably 437 designed to achieve compliance with applicable consumer collection 438 laws and regulations.

(b) No consumer collection agency shall impose a charge or fee for
any child support payments collected through the efforts of a
governmental agency. If the imposition of a charge or fee is permitted
under section 36a-801b, no consumer collection agency shall impose a
charge or fee for the collection of any child support overdue at the time
of the contract in excess of twenty-five per cent of overdue support
actually collected.

446 (c) (1) No consumer collection agency shall receive any property tax 447 on behalf of a creditor that is a municipality, unless the consumer 448 collection agency has procured from an insurer authorized to transact 449 business in this state an insurance policy providing coverage against 450 loss of money, securities or other property, including loss arising from 451 any fraudulent or dishonest act of any employee, officer or director of 452 the consumer collection agency, with limits of at least two million 453 dollars. It shall be the obligation of the municipality to ensure 454 compliance with the requirements of this subdivision.

(2) A municipality that enters into an agreement with a consumer collection agency to collect and receive for payment property tax on behalf of the municipality may also require such consumer collection agency to file a bond with the municipality in an amount not exceeding the total amount of the property tax to be collected on behalf of the municipality. Such bond, the form of which shall be approved by the municipality, shall be written by a surety authorized to write bonds in

462 this state and shall contain a provision requiring the surety to provide 463 the municipality with written notice of cancellation of such bond. Such 464 notice shall be sent by certified mail to the municipality at least thirty 465 days prior to the date of cancellation. The bond shall be conditioned that 466 such consumer collection agency shall well, truly and faithfully account 467 for all funds collected and received by the consumer collection agency 468 for the municipality pursuant to such agreement. If the municipality is 469 damaged by the wrongful conversion of any property tax debtor funds 470 received by the consumer collection agency, the municipality may 471 proceed on such bond against the principal or surety on the bond, or 472 both, to recover damages. The proceeds of the bond, even if commingled 473 with the other assets of the consumer collection agency, shall be deemed 474 by operation of law to be held in trust for the benefit of the municipality 475 in the event of bankruptcy of the consumer collection agency and shall 476 be immune from attachment by creditors and judgment creditors.

477 Sec. 504. Section 3-39j of the general statutes is repealed and the 478 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

479 As used in this section and sections 3-39k to 3-39r, inclusive:

(1) "Achieving a better life experience account" or "ABLE account"
means an account established and maintained pursuant to sections 339k to [3-39q] <u>3-39r</u>, inclusive, for the purposes of paying the qualified
disability expenses [related to the blindness or disability] of a
designated beneficiary.

(2) "Authorized individual" means an individual or entity who (A)
meets the requirements of 26 CFR 1.529A-2 to establish an ABLE account
on behalf of an eligible individual, and (B) is authorized by the state's
qualified ABLE program to establish or act on behalf of the designated
beneficiary with respect to an ABLE account.

490 [(2)] (3) "Deposit" means a deposit, payment, contribution, gift or 491 other transfer of funds.

492 [(3) "Depositor" means any person making a deposit into an ABLE

493 account pursuant to a participation agreement.]

494 (4) "Designated beneficiary" [means any eligible individual who is the
495 owner of an ABLE account established under a qualified ABLE
496 program] has the same meaning as provided in Section 529A.

497 [(5) "Disability certification" means, with respect to an individual, a 498 certification to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury of the 499 United States by the individual or the parent or guardian of the 500 individual or an individual establishing an ABLE account pursuant to 501 subsection (g) of section 3-39k that (A) certifies that (i) the individual has 502 a medically determinable physical or mental impairment, that results in 503 marked and severe functional limitations, and that can be expected to 504 result in death or that has lasted or can be expected to last for a 505 continuous period of not less than twelve months, or is blind within the 506 meaning of Section 1614(a)(2) of the Social Security Act, and (ii) such 507 impairment or blindness occurred before the date on which the 508 individual attained the age of twenty-six, and (B) includes a copy of the 509 individual's diagnosis relating to the individual's relevant impairment 510 or blindness that is signed by a physician who is licensed pursuant to 511 chapter 370 or, to the extent permitted by federal law, (i) an advanced 512 practice registered nurse who is licensed pursuant to chapter 378, (ii) a 513 physician assistant who is licensed pursuant to chapter 370, or (iii) if the 514 individual's impairment is blindness, an optometrist licensed pursuant 515 to chapter 380.]

516 [(6)] (5) "Eligible individual" [means an individual who is entitled to 517 benefits during a taxable year based on blindness or disability under 518 Title II or XVI of the Social Security Act, and such blindness or disability 519 occurred before the date on which the individual attained the age of 520 twenty-six, provided a disability certification or self-certification with 521 respect to such individual is filed with the State Treasurer for such 522 taxable year] has the same meaning as provided in Section 529A.

523 [(7) "Federal ABLE Act" means the federal ABLE Act of 2014, P.L. 113524 295, as amended from time to time.]

_	HB 7287 Amendment
525	[(8)] (6) "Participation agreement" means an agreement between the
526	trust established pursuant to section 3-39k and [depositors] a designated
527	beneficiary or authorized individual that provides for participation in
528	an ABLE account for the benefit of a designated beneficiary.
529 530	(7) "Qualified ABLE program" means any program established and maintained pursuant to Section 529A.
531	[(9)] (8) "Qualified disability expenses" [means any expenses related
532	to an eligible individual's blindness or disability that are made for the
533	benefit of an eligible individual who is the designated beneficiary,
534	including the following expenses: Education, housing, transportation,
535	employment training and support, assistive technology and personal
536	support services, health, prevention and wellness, financial
537	management and administrative services, legal fees, expenses for
538	oversight and monitoring, funeral and burial expenses, and other
539	expenses that are approved by the Secretary of the Treasury of the
540	United States under regulations adopted by the Secretary pursuant to
541	the federal ABLE Act] has the same meaning as provided in Section
542	<u>529A</u> .
543	[(10) "Self-certification" means a certification, under penalty of

"Self-certification" means a certification, under penalty of 543 (10)544 perjury, to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United 545 States by an individual establishing an ABLE account that (A) certifies 546 that (i) the individual has a medically determinable physical or mental 547 impairment that results in marked and severe functional limitations and 548 that can be expected to result in death or that has lasted or can be 549 expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve months, 550 or is blind within the meaning of Section 1614(a)(2) of the Social Security 551 Act, (ii) such impairment or blindness occurred before the date on which 552 the individual attained the age of twenty-six, and (iii) the person 553 establishing the account is the individual who will be the designated 554 beneficiary of the account or is a person authorized to establish such 555 account under the provisions of subsection (g) of section 3-39k, and (B) 556 includes the applicable diagnostic code from those listed on Internal 557 Service Form individual's Revenue 5498-OA identifying the

(9) "Section 529A" means Section 529A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to time, and the regulations adopted thereunder by the United States Department of the Treasury and the Internal Revenue Service, as amended from time to time.
Sec. 505. Section 3-39k of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (<i>Effective from passage</i>):
(a) The State Treasurer (1) shall establish a qualified ABLE program pursuant to [the federal ABLE Act] <u>Section 529A</u> and sections 3-39j to [3-39q] <u>3-39r</u> , inclusive, and (2) may contract with any state with a qualified ABLE program [established pursuant to the federal ABLE Act] to provide residents of this state with access to such state's program.
(b) (1) Under the program established pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section: (A) The State Treasurer shall administer individual ABLE accounts to encourage and assist eligible individuals and their families in saving [private] funds to provide support for eligible individuals, (B) a person may make contributions to an individual ABLE account to meet the qualified disability expenses of the designated beneficiary of the account, and (C) the State Treasurer shall designate a director of outreach for the ABLE program from among the existing employees of the office of the State Treasurer, who shall coordinate outreach and marketing efforts concerning ABLE accounts.
(2) For the purposes of such program, there is established within the Office of the State Treasurer the Connecticut Achieving A Better Life Experience Trust. The trust shall constitute an instrumentality of the state and shall perform essential governmental functions, as provided in sections 3-39j to [3-39q] <u>3-39r</u> , inclusive. The trust shall receive and hold all payments and deposits intended for ABLE accounts as well as gifts, bequests, endowments or federal, state or local grants and any

impairment.]

other funds from public or private sources and all earnings, until

589 disbursed in accordance with sections 3-39j to [3-39q] <u>3-39r</u>, inclusive.

590 (c) (1) The amounts on deposit in the trust shall not constitute 591 property of the state and the trust shall not be construed to be a 592 department, institution or agency of the state. Amounts on deposit in 593 the trust shall not be commingled with state funds and the state shall 594 have no claim to or against, or interest in, such amounts, except as 595 provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection. Any contract entered into 596 by, or any obligation of, the trust shall not constitute a debt or obligation 597 of the state and the state shall have no obligation to any designated 598 beneficiary or any other person on account of the trust and all amounts 599 obligated to be paid from the trust shall be limited to amounts available 600 for such obligation on deposit in the trust. The amounts on deposit in 601 the trust may only be disbursed in accordance with the provisions of 602 sections 3-39j to [3-39q] <u>3-39r</u>, inclusive.

(2) The trust shall continue in existence as long as it holds any
deposits or other funds or has any obligations and until its existence is
terminated by law, and upon termination of the trust, any unclaimed
assets of the trust shall [return to the state. Property of the trust shall] be
governed by section 3-61a.

608 (d) The State Treasurer shall be responsible for the receipt, 609 maintenance, administration, investment and disbursements of 610 amounts from the trust. The trust shall not receive deposits in any form 611 other than cash. No [depositor] <u>authorized individual</u> or designated 612 beneficiary may direct the investment of any contributions or amounts 613 held in the trust other than in the specific fund options provided for by 614 the trust and shall not direct investments in such specific fund options 615 more than two times in any calendar year. No interest, or portion of any 616 interest, in the program shall be used as security for a loan.

(e) A person may make deposits to an ABLE account to meet the
qualified disability expenses of the designated beneficiary of the
account, provided the trust and deposits meet the other requirements of
this section [, the federal ABLE Act and any regulations adopted

pursuant to the federal ABLE Act by the Secretary of the Treasury of theUnited States] and Section 529A.

(f) On or before December 31, 2017, and annually thereafter, the State 623 624 Treasurer shall submit (1) in accordance with the provisions of 625 subsection (a) of section 3-37, a report to the Governor on the operations 626 of the trust, including the receipts, disbursements, assets, investments 627 and liabilities and administrative costs of the trust for the prior fiscal 628 year, and (2) in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, a report 629 on the trust and any contract entered into pursuant to subdivision (2) of 630 subsection (a) of this section to the joint standing committees of the 631 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to finance and 632 public health, and shall make such report available to each [depositor] 633 authorized individual and designated beneficiary. The report required 634 under subdivision (2) of this subsection shall include, but need not be 635 limited to: (A) The number of ABLE accounts; (B) the total amount of 636 contributions to such accounts; (C) the total amount and nature of 637 distributions from such accounts; and (D) a description of issues relating 638 to the abuse of such accounts, if any.

639 (g) An ABLE account may be established (1) by the eligible 640 individual, (2) by a person selected by the eligible individual, or (3) if 641 the eligible individual is unable to establish an ABLE account, [on behalf 642 of such individual by, in the following order: Such individual's agent 643 under a power of attorney, a conservator or legal guardian, spouse, 644 parent, sibling, grandparent, or a representative payee appointed for the 645 eligible individual by the Social Security Administration] by an 646 authorized individual.

647 Sec. 506. Section 3-39*l* of the general statutes is repealed and the 648 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

649 The State Treasurer, on behalf of the trust and for purposes of the650 trust, may:

651 (1) Receive and invest moneys in the trust in any instruments,

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652	obligations, securities or property in accordance with section 3-39m;
653	(2) Establish [consistent] terms for [each] the participation agreement
654	[, bulk deposit, coupon or installment payments] and the administration
655	of ABLE accounts, including, but not limited to, (A) the method of
656	payment into an ABLE account by payroll deduction, transfer from bank
657	accounts or otherwise, (B) the termination, withdrawal or transfer of
658	payments under an ABLE account, including transfers to or from a
659	qualified ABLE program established by another state, [pursuant to the
660	federal ABLE Act,] (C) penalties for distributions not used [or made in
661	accordance with the federal ABLE Act] for qualified disability expenses,
662	and (D) the amount of any charges or fees to be assessed in connection
663	with the administration of the trust;
664	(3) Enter into one or more contractual agreements, including, but not
665	limited to, contracts for legal, actuarial, accounting, custodial, advisory,
666	management, administrative, advertising, marketing and consulting
667	services for the trust and pay for such services from the gains and
668	earnings of the trust;
669	(4) Procure insurance in connection with the trust's property, assets,
670	activities or deposits or contributions to the trust;
671	(5) Apply for, accept and expend gifts, grants or donations from
672	public or private sources to enable the Connecticut Achieving A Better
673	Life Experience Trust to carry out its objectives;
674	(6) Sue and be sued;
675	(7) Establish one or more funds within the trust and maintain
676	separate ABLE accounts for each designated beneficiary; [and]
677	(8) Pay for any fees associated with the administration of individual
678	ABLE accounts; and
679	[(8)] (9) Take any other action necessary to carry out the purposes of
680	sections 3-39j to [3-39q] 3-39r, inclusive, and incidental to the duties

	imposed on the State Treasurer pursuant to said sections.
	Sec. 507. Section 3-39p of the general statutes is repealed and the
	following is substituted in lieu thereof (<i>Effective from passage</i>):
:	The state pledges to [depositors] authorized individuals, designated
	beneficiaries and any party who enters into contracts with the trust,

685 racts with the trust, 686 pursuant to the provisions of sections 3-39j to [3-39q] 3-39r, inclusive, 687 that the state will not limit or alter the rights under said sections vested 688 in the trust or contract with the trust until such obligations are fully met 689 and discharged and such contracts are fully performed on the part of 690 the trust, provided nothing in this section shall preclude such limitation 691 or alteration if adequate provision is made by law for the protection of 692 such [depositors] authorized individuals and designated beneficiaries 693 pursuant to the obligations of the trust or parties who entered into such 694 contracts with the trust. The trust, on behalf of the state, may include a 695 description of such pledge and undertaking for the state in participation 696 agreements and such other obligations or contracts.

697 Sec. 508. Section 3-39q of the general statutes is repealed and the 698 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

The State Treasurer shall take any action necessary to ensure that the trust complies with all applicable requirements of state and federal laws, rules and regulations to the extent necessary for the trust to constitute a qualified ABLE program and be exempt from taxation under [the federal ABLE Act, and any regulations adopted pursuant to the federal ABLE Act by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States] <u>Section</u> <u>529A</u>.

706Sec. 509. Section 3-39r of the general statutes is repealed and the707following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, to the
extent permissible under federal law, moneys invested in an individual
ABLE account, contributions to an individual ABLE account and
distributions for qualified disability expenses pursuant to sections 3-39j

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712 to 3-39q, inclusive, shall be disregarded for purposes of determining an 713 individual's eligibility for assistance under [the (1) temporary family 714 assistance program, as described in section 17b-112, (2) programs 715 funded under the federal Low Income Home Energy Assistance 716 Program block grant, (3) the state-administered general assistance 717 program, as described in section 17b-191, (4) the optional state 718 supplementation program, as described in section 17b-600, to the extent 719 such invested moneys, contributions and distributions may be 720 disregarded under the federal Supplemental Security Income Program, 721 and (5) any other federally funded assistance or benefit program, 722 including, but not limited to, the state's medical assistance program, 723 whenever such program requires consideration of one or more financial 724 circumstances of an individual for the purpose of determining the 725 individual's eligibility to receive any assistance or benefit or the amount 726 of any assistance or benefit] any means-tested public assistance program 727 administered by the state or any political subdivision of the state.

(b) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, no moneys
invested in the ABLE accounts shall be considered to be an asset for
purposes of determining an individual's eligibility for need-based,
institutional aid grants offered to an individual at the public eligible
educational institutions in the state."

Sec. 510. Section 12-91 of the general statutes is repealed and the
following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025, and applicable to assessment years commencing on or after October 1, 2025*):

736 (a) All farm machinery, except motor vehicles, as defined in section 737 14-1, to the assessed value of [one hundred] two hundred fifty thousand 738 dollars, any horse or pony that is actually and exclusively used in 739 farming, as defined in section 1-1, when owned and kept in this state by, 740 or when held in trust for, any farmer or group of farmers operating as a 741 unit, a partnership or a corporation, a majority of the stock of which 742 corporation is held by members of a family actively engaged in farm 743 operations, shall be exempt from local property taxation; provided each 744 such farmer, whether operating individually or as one of a group,

745 partnership or corporation, shall qualify for such exemption in 746 accordance with the standards set forth in subsection (d) of this section 747 for the assessment year for which such exemption is sought. Only one 748 such exemption shall be allowed to each such farmer, group of farmers, 749 partnership or corporation. Subdivision (38) of section 12-81 shall not 750 apply to any person, group, partnership or corporation receiving the 751 exemption provided for in this subsection.

(b) Any municipality, upon approval by its legislative body, may provide an additional exemption from property tax for such machinery to the extent of an additional assessed value of two hundred fifty thousand dollars. Any such exemption shall be subject to the same limitations as the exemption provided under subsection (a) of this section and the application and qualification process provided in subsection (d) of this section.

759 (c) Any municipality, upon approval by its legislative body, may 760 provide an exemption from property tax for any building used actually 761 and exclusively in farming, as defined in section 1-1, or for any building 762 used to provide housing for seasonal employees of such farmer. The 763 municipality shall establish the amount of such exemption from the 764 assessed value, provided such amount may not exceed five hundred 765 thousand dollars with respect to each eligible building. Such exemption 766 shall not apply to the residence of such farmer and shall be subject to 767 the application and qualification process provided in subsection (d) of 768 this section.

769 (d) Annually, on or before the first day of November or the extended 770 filing date granted by the assessor pursuant to section 12-42, each such 771 individual farmer, group of farmers, partnership or corporation shall 772 make written application for the exemption provided for in subsection 773 (a) of this section to the assessor or board of assessors in the town in 774 which such farm is located, including therewith a notarized affidavit 775 certifying that such farmer, individually or as part of a group, 776 partnership or corporation, derived at least fifteen thousand dollars in 777 gross sales from such farming operation, or incurred at least fifteen

778 thousand dollars in expenses related to such farming operation, with 779 respect to the most recently completed taxable year of such farmer prior 780 to the commencement of the assessment year for which such application 781 is made, on forms to be prescribed by the Commissioner of Agriculture. 782 Failure to file such application in said manner and form on or before the 783 first day of November shall be considered a waiver of the right to such 784 exemption for the assessment year. Any person aggrieved by any action 785 of the assessors shall have the same rights and remedies for appeal and 786 relief as are provided in the general statutes for taxpayers claiming to be 787 aggrieved by the doings of the assessors or board of assessment appeals.

Sec. 511. (NEW) (*Effective June 30, 2025*) Nothing in sections 460 to 467,
inclusive, of this act shall be deemed to apply to Hartford Brainard
Airport.

Sec. 512. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2025*) The Physician Assistant
Licensure Compact, hereinafter referred to as the "PA Licensure
Compact", is hereby enacted into law and entered into by the state of
Connecticut with any and all states legally joining therein in accordance
with its terms. The compact is substantially as follows:

- 796 PA LICENSURE COMPACT
- 797 Section 1. Purpose

798 In order to strengthen access to medical services and in recognition 799 of the advances in the delivery of medical services, the participating 800 states of the PA Licensure Compact have allied in common purpose to 801 develop a comprehensive process that complements the existing 802 authority of state licensing boards to license and discipline PAs and 803 seeks to enhance the portability of a license to practice as a PA while 804 safeguarding the safety of patients. The compact allows medical services 805 to be provided by PAs, via the mutual recognition of the licensee's 806 qualifying license by other compact participating states. The compact 807 adopts the prevailing standard for PA licensure and affirms that the 808 practice and delivery of medical services by the PA occurs where the

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809 patient is located at the time of the patient encounter and requires the 810 PA to be under the jurisdiction of the state licensing board where the 811 patient is located. Each state licensing board that participates in the 812 compact shall retain the jurisdiction to impose adverse action against a 813 compact privilege in such board's state that was issued to a PA through 814 the procedures of the compact. The PA Licensure Compact will alleviate 815 burdens for military families by allowing active duty military personnel 816 and their spouses to obtain a compact privilege based on having an 817 unrestricted license in good standing from a participating state.

818 Section 2. Definitions

819 As used in the compact:

(1) "Adverse action" means any administrative, civil, equitable or
criminal action permitted by a state's laws that is imposed by a licensing
board or other authority against a PA license, PA license application or
compact privilege, including, but not limited to, license denial, censure,
revocation, suspension, probation, monitoring of the licensee or
restriction on the licensee's practice.

(2) "Compact privilege" means the authorization granted by a remote
state to allow a licensee from another participating state to practice as a
PA to provide medical services and other licensed activity to a patient
located in the remote state under the remote state's laws and
regulations.

(3) "Conviction" means a finding by a court that an individual is
guilty of a felony or misdemeanor offense through adjudication or entry
of a plea of guilt or no contest to the charge by the offender.

(4) "Criminal background check" means the submission of
fingerprints or other biometric-based information for a license applicant
for the purpose of obtaining such applicant's criminal history record
information, as defined in 28 CFR 20.3(d), as amended from time to time,
from the state's criminal history record repository, as defined in 28 CFR
20.3(f), as amended from time to time.

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840	(5) "Data system" means the repository of information about
841	licensees, including, but not limited to, license status and adverse
842	actions, that is created and administered under the terms of the compact.
843	(6) "Executive committee" means a group of directors and ex-officio
844	individuals elected or appointed pursuant to subdivision (2) of
845	subsection (f) of section 7 of the compact.
846	(7) "Impaired practitioner" means a PA whose practice is adversely
847	affected by a health-related condition that impacts the PA's ability to
848	practice.
849	(8) "Investigative information" means information, records or
850	documents received or generated by a licensing board pursuant to an
851	investigation.
852	(9) "Jurisprudence requirement" means the assessment of an
853	individual's knowledge of the laws and rules governing the practice of
854	a PA in a state.
855	(10) "License" means current authorization by a state, other than
856	authorization pursuant to a compact privilege, for a PA to provide
857	medical services that would be unlawful without such current
858	authorization.
859	(11) "Licensee" means an individual who holds a license from a state
860	to provide medical services as a PA.
861	(12) "Licensing board" means any state entity authorized to license
862	and otherwise regulate PAs.
863	(13) "Medical services" means health care services provided for the
864	diagnosis, prevention, treatment, cure or relief of a health condition,
865	injury or disease, as defined by a state's laws and regulations.
866	(14) "Model compact" means the model for the PA Licensure
867	Compact on file with the Council of State Governments, or other entity
868	as designated by the commission.
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869	(15) "Participating state" means a state that has enacted the compact.
870	(16) "PA" means an individual who is licensed as a physician assistant
871	in a state. For purposes of the compact, any other title or status adopted
872	by a state to replace the term "physician assistant" shall be deemed
873	synonymous with "physician assistant" and "PA" and shall confer the
874	same rights and responsibilities to the licensee under the provisions of
875	the compact at the time of the compact's enactment.
876	(17) "PA Licensure Compact Commission", "compact commission" or
877	"commission" means the national administrative body created pursuant
878	to subsection (a) of section 7 of the compact.
879	(18) "Qualifying license" means an unrestricted license issued by a
880	participating state to provide medical services as a PA.
881	(19) "Remote state" means a participating state where a licensee who
882	is not licensed as a PA is exercising or seeking to exercise the compact
883	privilege.
884	(20) "Rule" means a regulation promulgated by an entity that has the
885	force and effect of law.
886	(21) "Significant investigative information" means investigative
887	information that a licensing board, after an inquiry or investigation that
888	includes notification and an opportunity for the PA to respond if
889	required by state law, has reason to believe is not groundless and, if
890	proven true, would indicate more than a minor infraction.
891	(22) "State" means any state, commonwealth, district or territory of
892	the United States.
893	Section 3. State Participation in the Compact
894	(a) To participate in the compact, a participating state shall:
895	(1) License PAs.

897 898	(3) Have a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating complaints against licensees and license applicants.
899 900 901 902	(4) Notify the commission, in compliance with the terms of the compact and commission rules, of any adverse action against a licensee or license applicant and the existence of significant investigative information regarding a licensee or license applicant.
903 904 905 906 907	(5) Fully implement a criminal background check requirement, within a time frame established by commission rule, by the participating state's licensing board receiving the results of a criminal background check and reporting to the commission whether the license applicant has been granted a license.
908	(6) Comply with the rules of the compact commission.
909 910 911 912	(7) Utilize passage of a recognized national licensure examination, including, but not limited to, the Physician Assistant National Certifying Examination administered by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants, as a requirement for PA licensure.
913 914	(8) Grant the compact privilege to a holder of a qualifying license in a participating state.
915 916 917	(b) Nothing in the compact shall be construed to prohibit a participating state from charging a fee for granting the compact privilege.
918	Section 4. Compact Privilege
919	(a) To exercise the compact privilege, a licensee shall:
920 921 922	(1) Have graduated from a PA program accredited by the Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant, Inc., or any other PA program authorized by commission

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rule.

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(2) Participate in the compact commission's data system.

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_	HB 7287 Amendment
924	(2) Hold current certification from the National Commission on
925	Certification of Physician Assistants.
926	(3) Have no felony or misdemeanor convictions.
927	(4) Have never had a controlled substance license, permit or
928	registration suspended or revoked by a state or by the United States
929	Drug Enforcement Administration.
930	(5) Have a unique identifier as determined by commission rule.
931	(6) Hold a qualifying license.
932	(7) Have had no revocation of a license or limitation or restriction on
933	any license currently held or compact privilege due to an adverse action,
934	provided (A) if a licensee had a limitation or restriction on a license or
935	compact privilege due to an adverse action, two years shall have elapsed
936	from the date on which the license or compact privilege is no longer
937	limited or restricted due to the adverse action, and (B) if a compact
938	privilege has been revoked or is limited or restricted in a participating
939	state for conduct that would not be a basis for disciplinary action in a
940	participating state in which the licensee is practicing or applying to
941	practice under a compact privilege, such participating state shall have
942	the discretion not to consider such action as an adverse action requiring
943	the denial or removal of a compact privilege in such state.
944	(8) Notify the compact commission that the licensee is seeking the
945	compact privilege in a remote state.
946	(9) Meet any jurisprudence requirement of a remote state in which
947	the licensee is seeking to practice under the compact privilege and pay
948	any fees applicable to satisfying the jurisprudence requirement.
949	(10) Report to the commission any adverse action taken by a
950	nonparticipating state not later than thirty days after the adverse action
951	was taken.
952	(b) The compact privilege shall be valid until the expiration or
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052	represention of the qualifying lighter unloss terminated numbers to an
953 054	revocation of the qualifying license unless terminated pursuant to an
954 055	adverse action. The licensee shall comply with all of the requirements of
955	subsection (a) of this section of the compact to maintain the compact
956	privilege in a remote state. If the participating state takes adverse action
957	against a qualifying license, the licensee shall lose the compact privilege
958	in any remote state in which the licensee has a compact privilege until
959	both of the following occur:
960	(1) The license is no longer limited or restricted; and
961	(2) Two years have elapsed from the date on which the license is no
962	longer limited or restricted due to the adverse action.
963	(c) Once a restricted or limited license satisfies the requirements of
964	subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection (b) of this section of the compact,
965	the licensee shall meet the requirements of subsection (a) of this section
966	of the compact to obtain a compact privilege in any remote state.
967	(d) For each remote state in which a PA seeks authority to prescribe
968	controlled substances, the PA shall satisfy all requirements imposed by
969	such state in granting or renewing such authority.
,0,	such state in granning of renewing such authority.
970	Section 5. Designation of the State from Which Licensee is Applying
971	for a Compact Privilege
070	The second second is the few second scientifics the line second
972 072	Upon a licensee's application for a compact privilege, the licensee
973	shall identify to the commission the participating state from which the
974	licensee is applying, in accordance with applicable rules adopted by the
975	commission, and subject to the following requirements:
976	(1) When applying for a compact privilege, the licensee shall (A)
977	provide the commission with the address of the licensee's primary
978	residence, and (B) report to the commission any change in the address
979	of the licensee's primary residence immediately following such change.
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980	(2) When applying for a compact privilege, the licensee shall be
981	required to consent to accept service of process by mail at the licensee's

HB 7287 Amendment 982 primary residence on file with the commission with respect to any 983 action brought against the licensee by the commission or a participating 984 state, including, but not limited to, a subpoena. 985 Section 6. Adverse Actions 986 (a) A participating state in which a licensee is licensed shall have 987 exclusive power to impose adverse action against the qualifying license 988 issued by such participating state. 989 (b) In addition to the other powers conferred by state law, a remote 990 state shall have the authority, in accordance with existing state due 991 process requirements, to do all of the following: 992 (1) Take adverse action against a PA's compact privilege in such 993 remote state to remove a licensee's compact privilege or take other 994 action necessary under applicable law to protect the health and safety of 995 its citizens. 996 (2) Issue subpoenas for hearings or investigations that require the 997 attendance and testimony of witnesses and for the production of 998 evidence. Any subpoena issued by a licensing board in a participating 999 state for the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of 1000 evidence from another participating state shall be enforced in such other 1001 participating state by any court of competent jurisdiction according to 1002 the practice and procedure of such court applicable to subpoenas issued 1003 in proceedings pending before such court. The issuing authority shall 1004 pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage and other fees required

1005 by the service statutes of the state in which the witnesses or evidence is 1006 located. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, a 1007 participating state shall not issue a subpoena to gather evidence of 1008 conduct in another state that is lawful in such other state for the purpose 1009 of taking adverse action against a licensee's compact privilege or 1010 application for a compact privilege in such participating state.

1011 (c) Nothing in the compact shall be construed to authorize a 1012 participating state to impose discipline against a PA's compact privilege

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1013	or deny an application for a compact privilege in such participating state
1014	for the PA's otherwise lawful practice in another state.
1015	(d) For purposes of taking adverse action, the participating state that
1016	issued the qualifying license shall give the same priority and effect to
1017	reported conduct received from any other participating state as it would
1018	if the conduct had occurred within the participating state that issued the
1019	qualifying license and shall apply its own state laws to determine
1020	appropriate action.
1021	(e) A participating state, if otherwise permitted by state law, may
1022	recover from the affected PA the costs of any investigation or disposition
1023	of a case resulting from any adverse action taken against such PA.
1024	(f) A participating state may take adverse action based on the factual
1025	findings of a remote state, provided the participating state follows its
1026	own procedures for taking the adverse action.
1027	(g) Joint Investigations
1028	(1) In addition to the authority granted to a participating state by its
1029	respective state statutes and regulations concerning PAs, or other
1030	applicable state law, any participating state may participate with any
1031	other participating state in a joint investigation of a licensee.
1032	(2) A participating state shall share any investigative, litigation or
1033	compliance materials in furtherance of any joint or individual
1034	investigation initiated under the compact.
1035	(h) If an adverse action is taken against a PA's qualifying license, the
1036	PA's compact privilege in all remote states shall be deactivated until two
1037	years have elapsed from the date on which all restrictions were removed
1038	from the state license. All disciplinary orders by the participating state
1039	that issued the qualifying license that impose one or more adverse
1040	actions against a PA's license shall include a statement that the PA's
1041	compact privilege is deactivated in all participating states during the
1042	pendency of the order.
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1043	(i) If any participating state takes adverse action, it shall promptly
1044	notify the administrator of the data system.
1045	Section 7. Establishment of the PA Licensure Compact Commission
1046	(a) The participating states hereby create and establish a joint
1047	government agency and national administrative body known as the PA
1048	Licensure Compact Commission. The commission shall be an
1049	instrumentality of the compact states acting jointly and not an
1050	instrumentality of any one state. The commission shall come into
1051	existence on or after the effective date of the compact as set forth in
1052	subsection (a) of section 11 of the compact.
1053	(b) Membership, Voting and Meetings
1054	(1) Each participating state shall have and be limited to one delegate
1055	selected by such participating state's licensing board or, if the state has
1056	more than one licensing board, selected collectively by the participating
1057	state's licensing boards.
1058	(2) The delegate shall be either:
1059 1060	(A) A current PA, physician or public member of a licensing board or a PA council or committee; or
1061	(B) An administrator of a licensing board.
1062	(3) Any delegate may be removed or suspended from office as
1063	provided by the laws of the state from which the delegate is appointed.
1064	(4) The participating state licensing board shall fill any vacancy
1064	occurring in the commission not later than sixty days after the date on
1065	which the vacancy occurred.
1000	which the vacancy occurred.
1067	(5) Each delegate shall be entitled to one vote on all matters voted on
1068	by the commission and shall otherwise have an opportunity to
1069	participate in the business and affairs of the commission. A delegate
1070	shall vote in person or by such other means as provided in the bylaws.
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1096	(11) Hire employees and engage contractors, elect or appoint officers,
1097	fix compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate
1098	authority to carry out the purposes of the compact and establish the
1099	commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of
1100	interest, qualifications of personnel and other related personnel matters;
1101	(12) Accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money,
1102	equipment, supplies, materials and services, and receive, utilize and
1103	dispose of such money, equipment, supplies material and services,
1104	provided the commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety or
1105	conflict of interest at all times;
1106	(13) Lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or
1107	otherwise own, hold, improve or use, any property, real, personal or
1108	mixed, provided the commission shall avoid any appearance of
1109	impropriety at all times;
1110	(14) Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon or
1111	otherwise dispose of any property real, personal or mixed;
1112	(15) Establish a budget and make expenditures;
1113	(16) Borrow money;
1114	(17) Appoint committees, including standing committees composed
1115	of members, state regulators, state legislators or their representatives
1116	and consumer representatives, and such other interested persons as
1117	may be designated in the compact and the bylaws;
1118	(18) Provide and receive information from, and cooperate with, law
1119	enforcement agencies;
1120	(19) Elect a chair, vice chair, secretary and treasurer and such other
1121	officers of the commission as provided in the commission's bylaws;
1122	(20) Reserve for itself, in addition to those reserved exclusively to the
1123	commission under the compact, powers that the executive committee
1124	may not exercise;

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1125	(21) Approve or disapprove a state's participation in the compact
1126	based upon its determination as to whether the state's compact
1127	legislation departs in a material manner from the model compact
1128	language;
1129	(22) Prepare and provide to the participating states an annual report;
1130	and
1131	(23) Perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate
1132	to achieve the purposes of the compact consistent with the state
1133	regulation of PA licensure and practice.
1134	(d) Meetings of the Commission
1135	(1) All meetings of the commission that are not closed pursuant to
1136	subdivision (3) of this subsection shall be open to the public. Notice of
1137	public meetings shall be posted on the commission's Internet web site
1138	not later than thirty days prior to the public meeting.
1139	(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this
1140	subsection, the commission may convene a public meeting by providing
1141	notice of the meeting at least twenty-four hours prior to the meeting on
1142	the commission's Internet web site, and any other means as provided in
1143	the commission's rules, for any of the reasons it may dispense with
1144	notice of proposed rulemaking under subsection (l) of section 9 of the
1145	compact.
1146	(3) The commission may convene in a closed, nonpublic meeting or
1147	nonpublic part of a public meeting to receive legal advice or to discuss:
1148	(A) Noncompliance of a participating state with its obligations under
1149	the compact;
1150	(B) The employment, compensation, discipline or other matters,
1151	practices or procedures related to specific employees or other matters
1152	related to the commission's internal personnel practices and procedures;
1153	(C) Current, threatened or reasonably anticipated litigation;

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1154	(D) Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease or sale of goods,
1155	services or real estate;
1156	(E) Accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring any person;
1157	(F) Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial information
1157	that is privileged or confidential;
1100	
1159	(G) Disclosure of information of a personal nature where disclosure
1160	would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
1161	(LI) Disclosure of investigative records compiled for law enforcement
1161	(H) Disclosure of investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes;
1102	purposes,
1163	(I) Disclosure of information related to any investigative reports
1164	prepared by or on behalf of or for use of the commission or other
1165	committee charged with responsibility of investigation or determination
1166	of compliance issues pursuant to the compact;
1167	(J) Legal advice; or
11/0	
1168	(K) Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal or
1169	participating states' statutes.
1170	(4) If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to
1171	subdivision (3) of this subsection, the chair of the meeting, or the chair's
1172	designee, shall certify that the meeting or portion of the meeting may be
1173	closed and shall reference each relevant exempting provision.
1174	(5) The commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly describe
1175	all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate
1176	summary of actions taken, including, but not limited to, a description of
1177	the views expressed at the meeting. All documents considered in
1178	connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All
1179	minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal,
1180	subject to release by a majority vote of the commission or order of a
1181	court of competent jurisdiction.

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1182	(e) Financing of the Commission
1183	(1) The commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the
1184	reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization and ongoing
1185	activities.
1186	(2) The commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue
1187	sources, donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials
1188	and services.
1189	(3) The commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment
1190	from each participating state and may impose compact privilege fees on
1191	licensees of participating states to whom a compact privilege is granted
1192	to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the commission and
1193	its staff. Such fees shall be in a total amount that is sufficient to cover its
1194	annual budget as approved by the commission each year for which
1195	revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual
1196	assessment amount levied on participating states shall be allocated
1197	based upon a formula to be determined by commission rule.
1198	(A) A compact privilege expires when the licensee's qualifying
1199	license in the participating state from which the licensee applied for the
1200	compact privilege expires.
1201	(B) If the licensee terminates the qualifying license through which the
1202	licensee applied for the compact privilege before its scheduled
1203	expiration and the licensee has a qualifying license in another
1204	participating state, the licensee shall inform the commission that it is
1205	changing to such participating state the participating state through
1206	which it applies for a compact privilege and pay to the commission any
1207	compact privilege fee required by commission rule.
1208	(4) The commission shall not (A) incur an obligation of any kind prior
1209	to securing the funds adequate to meet the same, or (B) pledge the credit
1210	of any of the participating states, except by and with the authority of the
1011	

1211 participating state.

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1212	(5) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and
1213	disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the commission shall
1214	be subject to the financial review and accounting procedures established
1215	under its bylaws. All receipts and disbursements of funds handled by
1216	the commission shall be subject to an annual financial review by a
1217	certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the financial
1218	review shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the
1219	commission.
1220	(f) The Executive Committee
1221	(1) The executive committee shall have the power to act on behalf of
1222	the commission according to the terms of the compact and commission
1223	rules.
1224	(2) The executive committee shall be composed of the following nine
1225	members:
1226	(A) Seven voting members who shall be elected by the commission
1227	from the current membership of the commission;
1228	(B) One ex-officio, nonvoting member from a recognized national PA
1229	professional association; and
1230	(C) One ex-officio, nonvoting member from a recognized national PA
1231	certification organization.
1232	(3) The ex-officio members shall be selected by their respective
1233	organizations.
1234	(4) The commission may remove any member of the executive
1235	committee as provided in its bylaws.
1236	(5) The executive committee shall meet at least annually.
1237	(6) The executive committee shall have the following duties and
1238	responsibilities:

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1239	(A) Recommend to the commission changes to the commission's rules
1240	or bylaws, changes to the compact legislation, fees to be paid by compact
1241	participating states, including, but not limited to, annual dues, and any
1242	commission compact fee charged to licensees for the compact privilege;
1243	(B) Ensure compact administration services are appropriately
1244	provided, contractual or otherwise;
1245	(C) Prepare and recommend the budget;
1246	(D) Maintain financial records on behalf of the commission;
1247	(E) Monitor compact compliance of participating states and provide
1248	compliance reports to the commission;
1249	(F) Establish additional committees as necessary;
1250	(G) Exercise the powers and duties of the commission during the
1251	interim between commission meetings, except the issuance of proposed
1252	rulemaking, the adoption of commission rules or bylaws or the exercise
1253	of any other powers and duties exclusively reserved to the commission
1254	by the commission's rules; and
1255	(H) Perform other duties as provided in the commission's rules or
1256	bylaws.
1257	(7) All meetings of the executive committee at which it votes or plans
1258	to vote on matters in exercising the powers and duties of the
1259	commission shall be open to the public and public notice of such
1260	meetings shall be given as public meetings of the commission are given.
1261	(8) The executive committee may convene in a closed, nonpublic
1262	meeting for the same reasons that the commission may convene in a
1263	nonpublic meeting as set forth in subdivision (3) of subsection (d) of this
1264	section of the compact and shall announce the closed meeting as the
1265	commission is required to under subdivision (4) of subsection (d) of this
1266	section of the compact and keep minutes of the closed meeting as the
1267	commission is required to under subdivision (5) of subsection (d) of this

1268 section of the compact.

1269 (g) Qualified Immunity, Defense and Indemnification

1270 (1) The members, officers, executive director, employees and 1271 representatives of the commission shall be immune from suit and 1272 liability, both personally and in their official capacity, for any claim for 1273 damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability 1274 caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission 1275 that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a 1276 reasonable basis for believing occurred, within the scope of commission 1277 employment, duties or responsibilities, provided nothing in this 1278 subdivision shall be construed to protect any such person from suit or 1279 liability for any damage, loss, injury or liability caused by the intentional 1280 or wilful or wanton misconduct of that person. The procurement of 1281 insurance of any type by the commission shall not in any way 1282 compromise or limit the immunity granted under this subdivision.

1283 (2) The commission shall defend any member, officer, executive 1284 director, employee and representative of the commission in any civil 1285 action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, 1286 error or omission that occurred within the scope of commission 1287 employment, duties or responsibilities, or as determined by the 1288 commission that the person against whom the claim is made had a 1289 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission 1290 employment, duties or responsibilities, provided (A) nothing in this 1291 subdivision shall be construed to prohibit such person from retaining 1292 such person's own counsel at such person's own expense, and (B) the 1293 actual or alleged act, error or omission did not result from such person's 1294 intentional or wilful or wanton misconduct.

(3) The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member,
officer, executive director, employee or representative of the
commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained
against such person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or
omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment,

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1300	duties or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis for
1301	believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties
1302	or responsibilities, provided the actual or alleged act, error or omission
1303	did not result from the intentional or wilful or wanton misconduct of
1304	such person.
1305	(4) Venue shall be proper and judicial proceedings by or against the
1306	commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a court of
1307	competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the commission is
1308	located. The commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses
1309	in any proceedings as authorized by commission rules.
1310	(5) Nothing in the compact shall be construed as a limitation on the
1311	liability of any licensee for professional malpractice or misconduct,
1312	which shall be governed solely by any other applicable state laws.
1313	(6) Nothing in the compact shall be construed to designate the venue
1314	or jurisdiction to bring actions for alleged acts of malpractice,
1315	professional misconduct, negligence or other such civil action
1316	pertaining to the practice of a PA. All such matters shall be determined
1317	exclusively by state law other than the compact.
1318	(7) Nothing in the compact shall be construed to waive or otherwise
1319	abrogate a participating state's state action immunity or state action
1320	affirmative defense with respect to antitrust claims under the Sherman
1321	Act, 15 USC 1 et seq., as amended from time to time, Clayton Antitrust
1322	Act, 15 USC 12-27, as amended from time to time, or any other state or
1323	federal antitrust or anticompetitive law or regulation.
1324	(8) Nothing in the compact shall be construed to be a waiver of
1325	sovereign immunity by the participating states or by the commission.
1326	Section 8. Data System
1327	(a) The commission shall provide for the development, maintenance,
1328	operation and utilization of a coordinated data and reporting system
1329	containing licensure, adverse action and the reporting of the existence
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1330 1331	of significant investigative information on all licensed PAs and applicants denied a license in participating states.
1332	(b) Notwithstanding any other state law, each participating state shall
1333	submit a uniform data set to the data system, utilizing a unique
1334	identifier for such state, on all PAs to whom the compact is applicable
1335	as required by the rules of the commission, including the following:
1336	(1) Identifying information;
1337	(2) Licensure data;
1338	(3) Adverse actions against a license or compact privilege;
1339	(4) Any denial of application for licensure, except any criminal
1340	history record information where the reporting of such information is
1341	prohibited by law, and the reason or reasons for such denial;
1342	(5) The existence of significant investigative information; and
1343	(6) Any other information that may facilitate the administration of the
1344	compact, as determined by the rules of the commission.
1345 1346	(c) Significant investigative information pertaining to a licensee in any participating state shall only be available to other participating
1347	states.
1348	(d) The commission shall promptly notify all participating states of
1349	any adverse action taken against a licensee or an individual applying for
1350	a license that has been reported to the commission. Such adverse action
1351	information shall be available to any other participating state.
1352	(e) Each participating state contributing information to the data
1353	system may, in accordance with state or federal law, designate
1354	information that may not be shared with the public without the express
1355	permission of the contributing state. Notwithstanding any such
1356	designation, such information shall be reported to the commission
1357	through the data system.
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1358	(f) Any information submitted to the data system that is subsequently
1359	expunged pursuant to federal law or the laws of the participating state
1360	contributing the information shall be removed from the data system
1361	upon the reporting of such expungement by the participating state to
1362	the commission.
1363	(g) The records and information provided to a participating state
1364	pursuant to the compact or through the data system, when certified by
1365	the commission or an agent thereof, shall constitute the authenticated
1366	business records of the commission and shall be entitled to any
1367	associated hearsay exception in any relevant judicial, quasi-judicial or
1368	administrative proceedings in a participating state.
1369	Section 9. Rulemaking
1370	(a) The commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to
1371	the criteria set forth in this section of the compact and the rules adopted
1372	under the compact. A commission rule shall become binding as of the
1373	date specified by the commission for each rule.
1374	(b) The commission shall promulgate reasonable rules to effectively
1375	and efficiently implement and administer the compact and achieve the
1376	compact's purposes. A commission rule shall be invalid and have no
1377	force or effect only if a court of competent jurisdiction holds that the rule
1378	is invalid because the commission exercised its rulemaking authority in
1379	a manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes of the compact, or the
1380	powers granted under the compact, or based upon another applicable
1381	standard of review.
1382	(c) The rules of the commission shall have the force of law in each
1383	participating state, provided where the rules of the commission conflict
1384	with the laws of the participating state that establish the medical
1385	services a PA may perform in the participating state, as held by a court
1386	of competent jurisdiction, the rules of the commission shall be
1387	ineffective in such state to the extent of the conflict.
1388	(d) If a majority of the legislatures of the participating states rejects a
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1389	commission rule by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same
1390	manner used to adopt the compact not later than four years after the
1391	date of adoption of the commission rule, such rule shall have no further
1392	force and effect in any participating state or to any state applying to
1393	participate in the compact.
1394	(e) Commission rules shall be adopted at a regular or special meeting
1395	of the commission.
1396	(f) Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or rules by the
1397	commission, and at least thirty days prior to the meeting at which the
1398	rule will be considered and voted upon, the commission shall file a
1399	notice of proposed rulemaking:
1400	(1) On the Internet web site of the commission or other publicly
1401	accessible platform;
1402	(2) To persons who have requested notice of the commission's notices
1403	of proposed rulemaking; and
1404	(3) In such other manners as the commission may by rule specify.
1405	(g) The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include the following:
1406	(1) The time, date and location of the public hearing on the proposed
1407	rule and the proposed time, date and location of the meeting in which
1408	the proposed rule will be considered and voted upon;
1409	(2) The text of the proposed rule and the reason for the proposed rule;
1410	(3) A request for comments on the proposed rule from any interested
1411	person and the date by which written comments must be received; and
1412	(4) The manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the
1413	commission of their intention to attend the public hearing or provide
1414	any written comments.
1415	(h) Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the commission shall allow

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1416	persons to submit written data, facts, opinions and arguments, which
1417	shall be made available to the public.
1418	(i) If the hearing is to be held via electronic means, the commission
1419	shall publish the mechanism for access to the electronic hearing.
1420	(1) All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall, as directed in
1421	the notice of proposed rulemaking, notify the commission of their desire
1422	to appear and testify at the hearing not less than five business days prior
1423	to the scheduled date of the hearing.
1424	(2) Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person
1425	who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to comment
1426	orally or in writing.
1427	(3) All hearings shall be recorded. A copy of the recording and the
1428	written comments, data, facts, opinions and arguments received in
1429	response to the proposed rulemaking shall be made available to a
1430	person upon request.
1431	(4) Nothing in this section of the compact shall be construed to
1432	require a separate hearing on each proposed rule. Proposed rules may
1433	be grouped for the convenience of the commission at hearings required
1434	by this section of the compact.
1435	(j) Following the public hearing, the commission shall consider all
1436	written and oral comments timely received.
1437	(k) The commission shall, by majority vote of all delegates, take final
1438	action on the proposed rule and determine the effective date of the rule,
1439	if adopted, based on the rulemaking record and the full text of the rule.
1440	(1) If adopted, the rule shall be posted on the commission's Internet
1441	web site.
1442	(2) The commission may adopt changes to the proposed rule,
1443	provided the changes do not expand the original purpose of the
1444	proposed rule.

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1445	(3) The commission shall post on its Internet web site an explanation
1446	of the reasons for substantive changes made to the proposed rule and
1447	the reasons for any substantive changes that were recommended by
1448	commenters but not made.
1449	(4) The commission shall determine a reasonable effective date for the
1450	rule. Except for an emergency as provided in subsection (l) of this
1451	section of the compact, the effective date of the rule shall be no sooner
1452	than thirty days after the commission issued the notice that it adopted
1453	the rule.
1454	(l) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the commission
1455	may consider and adopt an emergency rule with twenty-four hours'
1456	prior notice, without the opportunity for comment or hearing, provided
1457	the usual rulemaking procedures provided in the compact and in this
1458	section of the compact shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon
1459	as reasonably possible, but in no event later than ninety days after the
1460	effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this subsection,
1461	"emergency rule" means a rule that shall be adopted immediately by the
1462	commission to:
1463	(1) Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety or welfare;
1464	(2) Prevent a loss of commission or participating state funds;
1465	(3) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of a commission rule that is
1466	established by federal law or rule; or
1467	(4) Protect public health or safety.
1468	(m) The commission or an authorized committee of the commission
1469	may direct revisions to a previously adopted commission rule for
1470	purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors in format, errors in
1471	consistency or grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall
1472	be posted on the Internet web site of the commission. The revision shall
1473	be subject to challenge by any person for a period of thirty days after
1474	posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the

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1475	revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made		
1476	as set forth in the notice of revisions and delivered to the commission		
1477	prior to the end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision		
1478	shall take effect without further action. If the revision is challenged, the		
1479	revision may not take effect without the approval of the commission.		
1480	(n) No participating state's rulemaking requirements shall apply		
1481	under the compact.		
1482	Section 10. Oversight, Dispute Resolution and Enforcement		
1483	(a) Oversight		
1484	(1) The executive and judicial branches of state government in each		
1485	participating state shall enforce the compact and take all actions		
1486	necessary and appropriate to implement the compact.		
1487	(2) Venue shall be proper and judicial proceedings by or against the		
1488	commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a court of		
1489	competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the commission is		
1490	located. The commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses		
1491	to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute		
1492	resolution proceedings. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed		
1493	to affect or limit the selection or propriety of venue in any action against		
1494	a licensee for professional malpractice, misconduct or any such similar		
1495	matter.		
1496	(3) The commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in		
1497	any proceeding regarding the enforcement or interpretation of the		
1498	compact or the commission's rules and shall have standing to intervene		
1499	in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide the commission		
1500	with service of process shall render a judgment or order in such		
1501	proceeding void as to the commission, the compact or commission rules.		

1502 (b) Default, Technical Assistance and Termination

1503 (1) If the commission determines that a participating state has

defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under
the compact or the commission rules, the commission shall provide
written notice to the defaulting state and other participating states. The
notice shall describe the default, the proposed means of curing the
default and any other action that the commission may take and shall
offer remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the
default.

(2) If a state in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting state
may be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a
majority of the delegates of the participating states, and all rights,
privileges and benefits conferred by the compact upon such state may
be terminated on the effective date of termination. A cure of the default
shall not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred
during the period of default.

(3) Termination of participation in the compact shall be imposed only
after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. The
commission shall provide notice of intent to suspend or terminate to the
governor and majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's
legislature and the licensing board or boards of each of the participating
states.

(4) A state that has been terminated shall be responsible for all
assessments, obligations and liabilities incurred through the effective
date of termination, including, but not limited to, obligations that extend
beyond the effective date of termination.

(5) The commission shall not bear any costs related to a state that is
found to be in default or that has been terminated from the compact,
unless agreed upon in writing between the commission and the
defaulting state.

(6) The defaulting state may appeal its termination from the compact
by the commission by petitioning the United States District Court for
the District of Columbia or the federal district where the commission

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1535	has its principal offices. The prevailing member shall be awarded all
1536	costs of such litigation, including, but not limited to, reasonable
1537	attorney's fees.
1538	(7) Upon the termination of a state's participation in the compact, the
1539	state shall immediately provide notice to all licensees within such state
1540	of such termination.
1541	(A) Licensees who have been granted a compact privilege in such
1542	state shall retain the compact privilege for one hundred eighty days
1543	following the effective date of such termination.
1544	(B) Licensees who are licensed in such state who have been granted a
1545	compact privilege in a participating state shall retain the compact
1546	privilege for one hundred eighty days unless the licensee also has a
1547	qualifying license in a participating state or obtains a qualifying license
1548	in a participating state before the one-hundred-eighty-day period ends,
1549	in which case the compact privilege shall continue.
1550	(c) Dispute Resolution
1551	(1) Upon request by a participating state, the commission shall
1552	attempt to resolve disputes related to the compact that arise among
1553	participating states and between participating and nonparticipating
1554	states.
1555	(2) The commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both
1556	mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.
1557	(d) Enforcement
1558	(1) The commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall
1559	enforce the provisions of the compact and rules of the commission.
1560	(2) If compliance is not secured after all means to secure compliance
1561	have been exhausted, the commission may, by majority vote, initiate
1562	legal action in the United States District Court for the District of
1563	Columbia, or the federal district where the commission has its principal
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1564 offices, against a participating state in default to enforce compliance 1565 with the provisions of the compact and the commission's promulgated 1566 rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief 1567 and damages. If judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party 1568 shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable 1569 attorney's fees.

- (3) The remedies set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection shall
 not be the exclusive remedies of the commission. The commission may
 pursue any other remedies available under federal or state law.
- 1573 (e) Legal Action Against the Commission

(1) A participating state may initiate legal action against the
commission in the United States District Court for the District of
Columbia, or the federal district where the commission has its principal
offices, to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact and its
rules. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages.
If judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be
awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.

1581 (2) No person other than a participating state shall enforce the 1582 compact against the commission.

1583 Section 11. Date of Implementation of the PA Licensure Compact1584 Commission

(a) The compact shall come into effect on the date on which thiscompact statute is enacted into law in the seventh participating state.

(1) On or after the effective date of the compact, the commission shall convene and review the enactment of each of the states that enacted the compact prior to the commission convening, which shall be known as the charter participating states, to determine if the statute enacted by each such charter participating state is materially different from the compact. (A) A charter participating state whose enactment is found to be
materially different from the compact shall be entitled to the default
process set forth in subsection (b) of section 10 of the compact.

1596 (B) If any participating state later withdraws from the compact or its 1597 participation is terminated, the commission shall remain in existence 1598 and the compact shall remain in effect even if the number of 1599 participating states is less than seven after such withdrawal. 1600 Participating states enacting the compact subsequent to the commission 1601 convening shall be subject to the process set forth in subdivision (21) of 1602 subsection (c) of section 7 of the compact to determine if such 1603 enactments are materially different from the compact and whether such 1604 participating states qualify for participation in the compact.

1605 (2) Participating states enacting the compact subsequent to the seven 1606 initial charter participating states shall be subject to the process set forth 1607 in subdivision (21) of subsection (c) of section 7 of the compact to 1608 determine if such enactments are materially different from the compact 1609 and whether such participating states qualify for participation in the 1610 compact.

1611 (3) All actions taken for the benefit of the commission or in 1612 furtherance of the purposes of the administration of the compact prior 1613 to the effective date of the compact or the commission coming into 1614 existence shall be considered to be actions of the commission unless 1615 specifically repudiated by the commission.

1616 (b) Any state that joins the compact shall be subject to the 1617 commission's rules and bylaws as such rules and bylaws exist on the 1618 date on which the compact becomes law in such state. Any rule that has 1619 been previously adopted by the commission shall have the full force and 1620 effect of law on the day the compact becomes law in such state.

1621 (c) Any participating state may withdraw from the compact by 1622 enacting a statute repealing the compact.

1623 (1) A participating state's withdrawal from the compact shall not take

1624 effect until one hundred eighty days after enactment of the repealing 1625 statute. During such one-hundred-eighty-day period, all compact 1626 privileges that were in effect in the withdrawing state and were granted 1627 to licensees licensed in the withdrawing state shall remain in effect. If 1628 any licensee licensed in the withdrawing state is also licensed in another 1629 participating state or obtains a license in another participating state on 1630 or before one hundred eighty days after such withdrawal, the licensee's 1631 compact privileges in other participating states shall not be affected by 1632 the passage of such one hundred eighty days.

(2) Withdrawal under subsection (d) of this section of the compact
shall not affect the continuing requirement of the state licensing board
or boards of the withdrawing state to comply with the investigative and
adverse action reporting requirements of the compact prior to the
effective date of withdrawal.

(3) Upon the enactment of a statute withdrawing a state from the
compact, the state shall immediately provide notice of such withdrawal
to all licensees in such state. Such withdrawing state shall continue to
recognize all licenses granted pursuant to the compact for a minimum
of one hundred eighty days after the date of such notice of withdrawal.

(d) Nothing in the compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent
any PA licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between
participating states and between a participating state and
nonparticipating state that does not conflict with the provisions of the
compact.

(e) The compact may be amended by the participating states. No
amendment to the compact shall become effective and binding upon
any participating state until it is enacted materially in the same manner
into the laws of all participating states as determined by the
commission.

1653 Section 12. Construction and Severability

1654 (a) The compact and the commission's rulemaking authority shall be

liberally construed to effectuate the purposes and the implementation
and administration of the compact. Provisions of the compact expressly
authorizing or requiring the promulgation of rules shall not be
construed to limit the commission's rulemaking authority solely for
those purposes.

1660 (b) The provisions of the compact shall be severable and if any phrase, 1661 clause, sentence or provision of the compact is held by a court of 1662 competent jurisdiction to be contrary to the constitution of any 1663 participating state, a state seeking participation in the compact or of the 1664 United States, or the applicability of the compact to any government, 1665 agency, person or circumstance is held to be unconstitutional by a court 1666 of competent jurisdiction, the validity of the remainder of the compact 1667 and the applicability thereof to any other government, agency, person 1668 or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.

1669 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section of 1670 the compact, the commission may deny a state's participation in the 1671 compact or, in accordance with the requirements of subsection (b) of 1672 section 10 of the compact, terminate a participating state's participation 1673 in the compact if it determines that a constitutional requirement of a 1674 participating state is, or would be with respect to a state seeking to 1675 participate in the compact, a material departure from the compact. 1676 Otherwise, if the compact is held to be contrary to the constitution of 1677 any participating state, the compact shall remain in full force and effect 1678 as to the remaining participating states and in full force and effect as to 1679 the participating state affected as to all severable matters.

1680 Section 13. Binding Effect of Compact

(a) Nothing in the compact shall prevent the enforcement of any otherlaw of a participating state that is not inconsistent with the compact.

(b) Any laws in a participating state in conflict with the compact aresuperseded to the extent of the conflict.

1685 (c) All agreements between the commission and the participating

1686 states are binding in accordance with the terms of such agreements.

1687 Sec. 513. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2025) The Commissioner of Public 1688 Health shall require each person applying for licensure as a physician 1689 assistant to submit to a state and national fingerprint-based criminal 1690 history records check pursuant to section 29-17a of the general statutes. 1691 As used in this section, (1) "physician assistant" means an individual 1692 licensed to practice as a physician assistant, and (2) "licensure" means 1693 authorization by a state physician assistant regulatory authority to 1694 practice as a physician assistant, the practice of which would be 1695 unlawful without such authorization.

Sec. 514. Subsection (a) of section 47a-15a of the general statutes, as amended by section 31 of house bill 5002 of the current session, as amended by House Amendment Schedules "A" and "B", is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*, 2025):

1700 (a) If rent is unpaid when due and the tenant fails to pay rent within 1701 nine days thereafter or, in the case of a one-week tenancy, within four 1702 days thereafter, the landlord may terminate the rental agreement in 1703 accordance with the provisions of sections 47a-23 to 47a-23b, inclusive, 1704 as amended [by this act] section 31 of house bill 5002 of the current 1705 session, as amended by House Amendment Schedules "A" and "B", 1706 except that such nine-day or four-day time period shall be extended an 1707 additional five days if a landlord's online rental payment system prevented the payment of rent when due. Any extension of such time 1708 1709 periods shall only apply for purposes of the week or month, as 1710 applicable, when such failure to pay rent occurs. For purposes of this 1711 section, "grace period" means the nine-day or four-day time periods 1712 identified in this subsection, as applicable.

Sec. 515. (*Effective July 1, 2025*) The appropriations in section 1 of this
act are supported by the GENERAL FUND revenue estimates as
follows:

T1	2025-2026	2026-2027

Amendment

T2	TAXES		
T3	Personal Income		
T4	Withholding	\$9,287,200,000	\$9,645,100,000
T5	Estimates and Finals	3,343,700,000	3,434,700,000
T6	Sales and Use	5,103,100,000	5,230,300,000
T7	Corporations	1,659,500,000	1,656,300,000
T8	Pass-Through Entities	2,115,300,000	2,170,300,000
Т9	Public Service	319,400,000	322,200,000
T10	Inheritance and Estate	176,000,000	235,700,000
T11	Insurance Companies	323,900,000	328,600,000
T12	Cigarettes	228,100,000	215,800,000
T13	Real Estate Conveyance	295,200,000	299,300,000
T14	Alcoholic Beverages	79,100,000	79,500,000
T15	Admissions and Dues	39,700,000	40,200,000
T16	Health Provider Tax	916,900,000	1,293,200,000
T17	Miscellaneous	21,900,000	21,300,000
T18	TOTAL TAXES	23,909,000,000	24,972,500,000
T19			
T20	Refunds of Taxes	(1,966,800,000)	(2,040,800,000)
T21	Earned Income Tax Credit	(235,400,000)	(240,500,000)
T22	R & D Credit Exchange	(9,800,000)	(10,100,000)
T23	NET GENERAL FUND REVENUE	21,697,000,000	22,681,100,000
T24			
T25	OTHER REVENUE		
T26	Transfers - Special Revenue	376,300,000	385,700,000
T27	Indian Gaming Payments	334,600,000	349,900,000
T28	Licenses, Permits, Fees	362,900,000	335,600,000
T29	Sales of Commodities	17,300,000	17,600,000
T30	Rents, Fines and Escheats	203,200,000	198,300,000
T31	Investment Income	301,500,000	251,400,000
T32	Miscellaneous	189,100,000	194,100,000
T33	Refunds of Payments	(89,700,000)	(92,100,000)
T34	NET TOTAL OTHER REVENUE	1,695,200,000	1,640,500,000
T35			
T36	OTHER SOURCES		
T37	Federal Grants	1,853,200,000	2,035,300,000
T38	Transfer From Tobacco Settlement	91,800,000	90,200,000
T39	Transfers (To)/From Other Funds	(261,353,800)	89,300,000

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Amendment

T40	Transfer to Budget Reserve Fund - Volatility Cap	(730,400,000)	(622,700,000)
T41	NET TOTAL OTHER SOURCES	953,246,200	1,592,100,000
T42			
T43	TOTAL GENERAL FUND REVENUE	24,345,446,200	25,913,700,000

1716 Sec. 516. (*Effective July 1, 2025*) The appropriations in section 2 of this

1717 act are supported by the SPECIAL TRANSPORTATION FUND revenue

1718 estimates as follows:

T44		2025-2026	2026-2027
T45	TAXES		
T46	Motor Fuels	\$502,000,000	\$494,400,000
T47	Oil Companies	293,800,000	300,200,000
T48	Sales and Use	879,150,000	902,250,000
T49	Sales Tax DMV	118,100,000	119,300,000
T50	Highway Use Tax	61,700,000	62,600,000
T51	Refund of Taxes	(10,300,000)	(10,600,000)
T52	TOTAL TAXES	1,844,450,000	1,868,150,000
T53			
T54	OTHER SOURCES		
T55	Motor Vehicle Receipts	282,100,000	283,400,000
T56	Licenses, Permits, Fees	134,900,000	137,200,000
T57	Interest Income	47,000,000	41,500,000
T58	Federal Grants	-	-
T59	Transfers (To)/From Other Funds	11,500,000	117,500,000
T60	Refunds of Payments	(10,900,000)	(11,100,000)
T61	NET TOTAL OTHER SOURCES	464,600,000	568,500,000
T62			
T63	TOTAL SPECIAL	2,309,050,000	2,436,650,000
	TRANSPORTATION FUND		
	REVENUE		

Sec. 517. (*Effective July 1, 2025*) The appropriations in section 3 of this
act are supported by the MASHANTUCKET PEQUOT AND
MOHEGAN FUND revenue estimates as follows:

T64	2025-2026	2026-2027

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T65	Transfers from General Fund	\$52,600,000	\$52,600,000
T66	TOTAL MASHANTUCKET PEQUOT	52,600,000	52,600,000
	AND MOHEGAN FUND REVENUE		

Sec. 518. (*Effective July 1, 2025*) The appropriations in section 4 of this
act are supported by the BANKING FUND revenue estimates as
follows:

T67		2025-2026	2026-2027
T68	Fees and Assessments	\$36,400,000	\$36,600,000
T69	TOTAL BANKING FUND REVENUE	36,400,000	36,600,000

1725 Sec. 519. (*Effective July 1, 2025*) The appropriations in section 5 of this

1726 act are supported by the INSURANCE FUND revenue estimates as1727 follows:

T70		2025-2026	2026-2027
T71	Fees and Assessments	\$126,400,000	\$128,900,000
T72	TOTAL INSURANCE FUND REVENUE	126,400,000	128,900,000

1728 Sec. 520. (*Effective July 1, 2025*) The appropriations in section 6 of this

1729 act are supported by the CONSUMER COUNSEL AND PUBLIC

1730 UTILITY CONTROL FUND revenue estimates as follows:

T73		2025-2026	2026-2027
T74	Fees and Assessments	\$37,800,000	\$38,500,000
T75	TOTAL CONSUMER COUNSEL AND	37,800,000	38,500,000
	PUBLIC UTILITY CONTROL FUND		
	REVENUE		

1731 Sec. 521. (*Effective July 1, 2025*) The appropriations in section 7 of this

1732 act are supported by the WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND revenue

1733 estimates as follows:

T76		2025-2026	2026-2027
T77	Fees and Assessments	\$27,300,000	\$27,500,000

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T78	TOTAL WORKERS' COMPENSATION	27,300,000	27,500,000
	FUND REVENIUE		

1734 Sec. 522. (*Effective July 1, 2025*) The appropriations in section 8 of this

1735 act are supported by the CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION

1736 FUND revenue estimates as follows:

T79		2025-2026	2026-2027
T80	Restitutions	\$3,000,000	\$3,000,000
T81	TOTAL CRIMINAL INJURIES	3,000,000	3,000,000
	COMPENSATION FUND REVENUE		

1737 Sec. 523. (*Effective July 1, 2025*) The appropriations in section 9 of this

1738 act are supported by the TOURISM FUND revenue estimates as follows:

T82		2025-2026	2026-2027
T83	Room Occupancy Tax	\$15,500,000	\$16,000,000
T84	Use of Funds From Prior Years	2,500,000	3,000,000
T85	TOTAL TOURISM FUND REVENUE	18,000,000	19,000,000

1739 Sec. 524. (*Effective July 1, 2025*) The appropriations in section 10 of this

1740 act are supported by the CANNABIS PREVENTION AND RECOVERY

1741 SERVICES FUND revenue estimates as follows:

T86		2025-2026	2026-2027
T87	Cannabis Excise Tax	\$5,900,000	\$6,200,000
T88	TOTAL CANNABIS PREVENTION AND	5,900,000	6,200,000
	RECOVERY SERVICES FUND		
	REVENUE		

1742 Sec. 525. (*Effective July 1, 2025*) The appropriations in section 11 of this

act are supported by the CANNABIS REGULATORY FUND revenue

1744 estimates as follows:

T89		2025-2026	2026-2027
Т90	Cannabis Excise Tax	\$10,300,000	\$10,500,000

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		1	
T91	TOTAL CANNABIS REGULATORY	10,300,000	10,500,000
	FUND REVENIJE		

Sec. 526. (*Effective July 1, 2025*) The appropriations in section 12 of this
act are supported by the MUNICIPAL REVENUE SHARING FUND

1747 revenue estimates as follows:

T92		2025-2026	2026-2027
T93	Sales and Use Tax	\$459,250,000	\$470,550,000
T94	Transfers (To)/From Other Funds	101,000,000	90,000,000
T95	TOTAL MUNICIPAL REVENUE	560,250,000	560,550,000
	SHARING FUND REVENUE		

Sec. 527. (*Effective July 1, 2025*) The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management shall grant additional municipal aid, from Other Expenses, as follows: (1) To the city of New Haven, \$500,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026; and (2) to the towns of Ledyard and Montville, \$500,000 to each town for each of the fiscal years ending June 30, 2026, and June 30, 2027.

Sec. 528. (*Effective July 1, 2025*) Notwithstanding the provisions of
section 4-66b of the general statutes, the grants awarded to the following
municipalities during the fiscal years ending June 30, 2026, and June 30,
2027, pursuant to said section shall be as follows:

T96	Grantee	Grant Amount For	Grant Amount For
		Fiscal Year 2026	Fiscal Year 2027
T97	Branford	100,000	100,000
T98	Bridgeport	11,059,559	11,059,559
T99	Danbury	2,218,855	2,218,855
T100	Enfield	100,000	-
T101	Naugatuck	583,399	683,399
T102	New Haven	19,421,822	19,421,822
T103	New London	2,112,913	2,112,913
T104	Stamford	2,246,049	2,246,049
T105	Stratford	400,000	400,000

Amendment

T106	Voluntown	60,000	60,000
T107	West Hartford	400,000	400,000"

This act sh sections:	all take effect as follows and	d shall amend the following
Sec. 279	October 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 501	October 1, 2025	12-195h
Sec. 502	October 1, 2025	36a-800
Sec. 503	October 1, 2025	36a-805
Sec. 504	from passage	3-39j
Sec. 505	from passage	3-39k
Sec. 506	from passage	3-391
Sec. 507	from passage	3-39p
Sec. 508	from passage	3-39q
Sec. 509	from passage	3-39r
Sec. 510	October 1, 2025, and	12-91
	applicable to assessment	
	years commencing on or	
	after October 1, 2025	
Sec. 511	June 30, 2025	New section
Sec. 512	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 513	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 514	July 1, 2025	47a-15a(a)
Sec. 515	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 516	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 517	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 518	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 519	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 520	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 521	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 522	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 523	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 524	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 525	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 526	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 527	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 528	July 1, 2025	New section