## OLR Bill Analysis

SB 1284 (File 732, as amended by Senate "A")\*

# AN ACT CONCERNING THE ILLEGAL USE OF CERTAIN VEHICLES AND STREET TAKEOVERS.

#### SUMMARY

This bill makes several changes in laws related to street takeovers and the illegal use of motor vehicles, including all-terrain vehicles (ATVs). Principally, it:

- 1. changes the license penalties for violating a state law against illegal street racing and street takeovers, including permanently revoking someone's license for a third violation (§ 4);
- 2. authorizes municipalities to adopt ordinances that penalize street takeovers (§ 3);
- 3. allows municipalities to destroy ATVs, dirt bikes, and minimotorcycles that are seized and forfeited for violating a municipal ordinance (§§ 1 & 2);
- 4. limits, to 30 days, current protections from forfeiture for ATVs, dirt bikes, and mini-motorcycles by requiring their owner or lienholder to pick them up within that timeframe (§§ 1 & 2); and
- 5. requires violations of municipal ordinances regulating ATVs, snowmobiles, dirt bikes, mini-motorcycles, and street takeovers to be processed through the Centralized Infractions Bureau (see BACKGROUND), unless the municipality has established by ordinance a payment and hearing procedure for the violation that complies with state law (§ 5).

\*Senate Amendment "A" moves up the effective date, from October 1, 2025, to July 1, 2025, for the provisions that (1) allow municipalities to destroy certain vehicles that are forfeited for violating a municipal

ordinance and (2) limit to 30 days current protections related to these vehicles' forfeiture.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2025, except July 1, 2025, for the provisions allowing municipalities to destroy certain forfeited vehicles and limiting current forfeiture protections to 30 days.

### §§ 1 & 2 — FORFEITURE OF ATVS, DIRT BIKES, AND MINI-MOTORCYCLES FOR MUNICIPAL ORDINANCE VIOLATIONS

By law, municipalities may adopt ordinances on the operation and use of (1) ATVs, including hours and zones of use, and (2) dirt bikes and mini-motorcycles on public property, including hours of use. Subject to any bona fide lien, lease, or security interest in a vehicle, a municipal ordinance may allow the seizure and forfeiture of an ATV for a violation, and municipalities with a population of at least 20,000 may do the same for dirt bikes or mini-motorcycles.

Current law protects an owner or lienholder's interest when forfeiture is due to someone else's act or omission if the owner or lienholder did not know, and could not have reasonably known, that the ATV, dirt bike, or mini-motorcycle was used or intended to be used in violation of a municipal ordinance. The bill creates an exception by allowing the vehicle's forfeiture if a municipality mails written notice to the owner or lienholder that this will occur if the vehicle is not collected within 30 days and the person fails to do so by 30 days after the notice is mailed.

Current law also requires any ATV, dirt bike, or mini-motorcycle that is ordered to be forfeited under an ordinance to be sold at public auction. The bill adds an alternative to this, allowing the municipality to instead destroy the vehicle.

By law, an "all-terrain vehicle" is a self-propelled vehicle designed to travel over unimproved terrain that (1) has been determined by the Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) commissioner to be unsuitable for operation on public roads and (2) is ineligible for registration (CGS § 14-379).

A "dirt bike" is a two-wheeled motorized recreational vehicle (excluding ATVs and motor-driven cycles) designed to travel over unimproved terrain but not public highways (including public streets and roads).

A "mini-motorcycle" is a vehicle that (1) has no more than three wheels in contact with the ground; (2) has a manufactured seat height of less than 26 inches, measured at the lowest point on top of the seat cushion without the rider; and (3) is propelled by an engine having a piston displacement of less than 50 cubic centimeters (CGS § 14-289j).

# § 3 — MUNICIPAL ORDINANCES PROHIBITING STREET TAKEOVERS

The bill allows any municipality to adopt an ordinance prohibiting anyone from organizing, participating in, or gathering with intent to observe and actually observing a "street takeover" (that is, taking over part of a public road or off-street parking lot open to the public by blocking or impeding regular traffic flow to cause disorder or create a nuisance to other road or lot users).

The ordinance may set fines for violating it at no more than:

- 1. \$1,000 for the first violation;
- 2. \$1,500 for the second violation; and
- 3. \$2,000 for subsequent violations.

Additionally, the ordinance may allow the impounding of any vehicle used for violating it until any of the following are paid: (1) a fine imposed under it; (2) related charges (e.g., towing fees); and (3) overdue property taxes on the vehicle.

Lastly, the bill requires any ordinance adopted to be consistent with certain state motor vehicle statutes (those on ATVs, dirt bikes, minimotorcycles, and snowmobiles) or related regulations.

# § 4 — LICENSE PENALTIES FOR ILLEGAL STREET RACING AND STREET TAKEOVERS

The bill changes the license penalties for violating a state law that prohibits driving a motor vehicle on a public road or off-street parking lot open to the public for any race, contest, or demonstration of speed or skill or street takeover (see above). This law also prohibits certain related conduct, specifically: (1) possessing a motor vehicle under circumstances showing an intent to use it for an illegal race, contest, or demonstration or street takeover; (2) acting as a starter, timekeeper, or judge at one; (3) betting on the outcome; or (4) knowingly inciting or recruiting anyone to participate in one beforehand in any way, including through electronic or social media.

Under current law, whenever someone is convicted or forfeits a bond taken, or receives a suspended judgment or sentence, for violating the above law, the DMV commissioner must, without a hearing, suspend the person's driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in Connecticut for 30 to 90 days and, for a subsequent violation, for at least 90 days. The bill instead requires a 45-day suspension for a first and second violation, and then permanent revocation of the person's license or privilege to drive for a third violation.

#### BACKGROUND

### Centralized Infractions Bureau

The Superior Court's Centralized Infractions Bureau processes payments or not guilty pleas for committing infractions or certain violations. Generally, anyone who is alleged to have committed an infraction or certain violations may either plead not guilty or pay by mail the set fine and any other fee or cost the law prescribes.

#### Related Bill

SB 1389 (File 486), favorably reported by the Public Safety and Security Committee, allows municipalities to prohibit, by ordinance, a person from organizing, participating in, or gathering with intent to observe and actually observing a street takeover, and provides for possible forfeiture of the vehicle.

## **COMMITTEE ACTION**

Judiciary Committee

Joint Favorable Yea 40 Nay 1 (04/08/2025)