

General Assembly

January Session, 2025

Amendment

LCO No. 7786



Offered by: REP. KAVROS DEGRAW, 17<sup>th</sup> Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. 6957

File No. 354

Cal. No. 236

## "AN ACT ALLOWING A TOWN TO DESIGNATE ITSELF A CITY."

Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
 following in lieu thereof:

"Section 1. Section 7-194 of the general statutes is repealed and the
following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

5 Subject to the provisions of section 7-192, [all towns, cities or 6 boroughs which have a charter or which adopt or amend] a town, city 7 or borough that has a charter or adopts or amends a charter under the 8 provisions of this chapter shall have the following specific powers in 9 addition to all powers granted to towns, cities and boroughs under the 10 Constitution and general statutes: (1) To manage, regulate and control 11 the finances and property, real and personal, of the town, city or 12 borough, [and] (2) to regulate and provide for the sale, conveyance, 13 transfer and release of town, city or borough property, and (3) to 14 provide for the execution of contracts and [evidences] evidence of 15 indebtedness issued by the town, city or borough. <u>A town described in</u> 16 this section may designate itself a city through the adoption or

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17	amendment of its charter. Any town that designates itself a city
18	pursuant to this section shall be deemed a consolidated town and city
19	for the purposes of the general statutes.
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20	Sec. 2. Subsection (d) of section 22a-42 of the general statutes is
21	repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof ( <i>Effective October</i>
22	1, 2025):
23	(d) [At least one member of the inland wetlands agency or staff of the
24	agency shall be a person who has completed] (1) On and after January
25	1, 2026, each member of and person employed by a municipality as staff
26	to an inland wetlands agency shall complete the comprehensive training
27	program developed by the commissioner pursuant to section 22a-39.
28	[Failure to have a member of the agency or staff with training shall not
29	affect the validity of any action of the agency.]
30	(2) Any such member or staff person serving on or employed by any
31	such agency as of January 1, 2026, shall complete such training program
32	(A) by January 1, 2027, and (B) once every four years thereafter, except
33	that any such member may complete such subsequent training program
34	once every term for which such member is elected or appointed, if such
35	term is longer than four years.
36	(3) Any such member or staff person not serving on or employed by
37	any such agency as of January 1, 2026, shall complete such training
38	program (A) not later than one year after such member's election or
39	appointment or such staff person's hiring, and (B) once every four years
40	thereafter, except that any such member may complete such subsequent
41	training program once every term for which such member is elected or
42	appointed, if such term is longer than four years.
43	(4) The commissioner shall [annually] make such training program
44	available [to one person from each town without cost to that person or
45	the town. Each inland wetlands agency shall hold a meeting at least once
46	annually at which information is presented to the members of the
47	agency which summarizes the provisions of the training program] <u>on</u>

48 the Internet web site of the Department of Energy and Environmental 49 Protection to members of and persons employed by municipalities to staff inland wetlands agencies. The commissioner shall develop such 50 51 [information] training program in consultation with interested persons 52 affected by the regulation of inland wetlands. [and shall provide for 53 distribution of video presentations and related written materials which 54 convey such information to inland wetlands agencies.] In addition to 55 [such materials] developing such training program, the commissioner, 56 in consultation with such interested persons, shall prepare materials 57 [which] that provide guidance to municipalities in carrying out the 58 provisions of subsection (f) of section 22a-42a.

59 (5) Not later than March 1, 2027, and annually thereafter, each inland 60 wetlands agency shall submit a statement to the legislative body or 61 board of selectmen of the municipality in which such agency sits, 62 affirming compliance with the training requirement established 63 pursuant to this section by each member and staff person who was 64 required to complete such training in the calendar year ending the 65 preceding December thirty-first.

(6) The failure of any member or staff person to complete such
 training shall not affect the validity of any action of an inlands wetlands
 agency.

Sec. 3. Subsection (a) of section 12-57 of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*,
2025):

72 (a) When it has been determined by the assessors of a municipality 73 that tangible personal property has been assessed when it should not 74 have been, the assessors shall, not later than [three] four years following the tax due date relative to the property, issue a certificate of correction 75 76 removing such tangible personal property from the list of the person 77 who was assessed in error, whether such error resulted from 78 information furnished by such person or otherwise. If such tangible 79 personal property was subject to taxation on the same grand list by such 80 municipality in the name of some other person and was not so 81 previously assessed in the name of such other person, the assessor shall 82 add such tangible personal property to the list of such other person and, 83 in such event, the tax shall be levied upon, and collected from, such 84 other person. If such tangible personal property should have been 85 subject to taxation for the same taxing period on the grand list of another 86 municipality in this state, the assessors shall promptly notify, in writing, 87 the assessors of the municipality where the tangible personal property 88 should be properly assessed and taxed, and the assessors of such 89 municipality shall assess such tangible personal property and shall 90 thereupon issue a certificate of correction adding such tangible personal 91 property to the list of the person owning such property, and the tax 92 thereon shall be levied and collected by the tax collector. Each such 93 certificate of correction shall be made in duplicate, one copy of which 94 shall be filed with the tax collector of such municipality and the other 95 kept by the assessors in accordance with a records retention schedule 96 issued by the Public Records Administrator.

97 Sec. 4. Section 12-60 of the general statutes is repealed and the 98 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

99 Any clerical omission or mistake in the assessment of taxes may be 100 corrected according to the fact by the assessors or board of assessment 101 appeals, not later than [three] four years following the tax due date 102 relative to which such omission or mistake occurred, and the tax shall 103 be levied and collected according to such corrected assessment. In the 104 event that the issuance of a certificate of correction results in an increase 105 to the assessment list of any person, written notice of such increase shall 106 be sent to such person's last-known address by the assessor or board of 107 assessment appeals within ten days immediately following the date 108 such correction is made. Such notice shall include, with respect to each 109 assessment list corrected, the assessment prior to and after such increase 110 and the reason for such increase. Any person claiming to be aggrieved 111 by the action of the assessor under this section may appeal the doings of 112 the assessor to the board of assessment appeals as otherwise provided

113 in this chapter, provided such appeal shall be extended in time to the 114 next succeeding board of assessment appeals if the meetings of such 115 board for the grand list have passed. Any person intending to so appeal 116 to the board of assessment appeals may indicate that taxes paid by him 117 for any additional assessment added in accordance with this section, 118 during the pendency of such appeal, are paid "under protest" and 119 thereupon such person shall not be liable for any interest on the taxes 120 based upon such additional assessment, provided (1) such person shall 121 have paid not less than seventy-five per cent of the amount of such taxes 122 within the time specified, or (2) the board of assessment appeals reduces 123 valuation or removes items of property from the list of such person so 124 that there is no tax liability related to additional assessment.

Sec. 5. Section 12-129 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

127 Any person, firm or corporation who pays any property tax in excess 128 of the principal of such tax as entered in the rate book of the tax collector 129 and covered by his warrant therein, or in excess of the legal interest, 130 penalty or fees pertaining to such tax, or who pays a tax from which the 131 payor is by statute exempt and entitled to an abatement, or who, by 132 reason of a clerical error on the part of the assessor or board of 133 assessment appeals, pays a tax in excess of that which should have been 134 assessed against his property, or who is entitled to a refund because of 135 the issuance of a certificate of correction, may make application in 136 writing to the collector of taxes for the refund of such amount. Such 137 application shall be delivered or postmarked by the later of (1) [three] 138 four years from the date such tax was due, (2) such extended deadline 139 as the municipality may, by ordinance, establish, or (3) ninety days after 140 the deletion of any item of tax assessment by a final court order or 141 pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection (c) of section 12-53, subsection 142 (b) of section 12-57 or section 12-113. Such application shall contain a 143 recital of the facts and shall state the amount of the refund requested. 144 The collector shall, after examination of such application, refer the same, 145 with his recommendations thereon, to the board of selectmen in a town

146 or to the corresponding authority in any other municipality, and shall 147 certify to the amount of refund, if any, to which the applicant is entitled. 148 The existence of another tax delinquency or other debt owed by the 149 same person, firm or corporation shall be sufficient grounds for denying 150 the application. Upon such denial, any overpayment shall be applied to 151 such delinquency or other debt. Upon receipt of such application and 152 certification, the selectmen or such other authority shall draw an order 153 upon the treasurer in favor of such applicant for the amount of refund 154 so certified. Any action taken by such selectmen or such other authority 155 shall be a matter of record, and the tax collector shall be notified in 156 writing of such action. Upon receipt of notice of such action, the collector 157 shall make in his rate book a notation which will date, describe and 158 identify each such transaction. Each tax collector shall, at the end of each 159 fiscal year, prepare a statement showing the amount of each such 160 refund, to whom made and the reason therefor. Such statement shall be 161 published in the annual report of the municipality or filed in the town 162 clerk's office within sixty days of the end of the fiscal year. Any payment 163 for which no timely application is made or granted under this section 164 shall permanently remain the property of the municipality. Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow a refund based upon an error of 165 166 judgment by the assessors. Notwithstanding the provisions of this 167 section, the legislative body of a municipality may, by ordinance, 168 authorize the tax collector to retain payments in excess of the amount 169 due provided the amount of the excess payment is less than five dollars.

170 Sec. 6. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2025) Notwithstanding the 171 provisions of any special act, municipal charter or home rule ordinance, 172 any person who submits an environmental, health, traffic or economic 173 impact study or evaluation in connection with a land use application 174 pending approval by the legislative body, zoning commission, planning 175 commission, planning and zoning commission, inland wetlands agency 176 or zoning board of appeals of a municipality shall include in such 177 submission a statement disclosing (1) the author or authors of such 178 study or evaluation, (2) all costs associated with the completion of such 179 study or evaluation and the name of the person or entity that paid such

180 181 182 183 184 185 186	costs, and (3) any conflict of interest that may impact the ability of such author or authors to provide unbiased data or conclusions in such study or evaluation. In rendering a decision on any such application, such legislative body, commission, agency or board shall consider whether the (A) information disclosed in any such statement, or (B) failure to include such statement impacts the reliability of such study or evaluation.
187 188 189 190 191 192	Sec. 7. ( <i>Effective from passage</i> ) (a) There is established a task force to study (1) the impact of the acquisition of residential real property by large corporate entities, including, but not limited to, the impact on housing affordability, rental prices and homeownership opportunities in the state, and (2) policies to limit the number of such properties acquired by such entities or otherwise regulate such acquisitions.
193	(b) The task force shall consist of the following members:
194	(1) Two appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives;
195	(2) Two appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate;
196 197	(3) One appointed by the majority leader of the House of Representatives;
198	(4) One appointed by the majority leader of the Senate;
199 200	(5) One appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives;
201	(6) One appointed by the minority leader of the Senate; and
202	(7) The Commissioner of Housing, or the commissioner's designee.
203 204 205	(c) Any member of the task force appointed under subdivision (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) or (6) of subsection (b) of this section may be a member of the General Assembly.
206	(d) All initial appointments to the task force shall be made not later

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207	than thirty days after the effective date of this section. Any vacancy shall
208	be filled by the appointing authority.
209	(e) The speaker of the House of Representatives and the president pro
210	tempore of the Senate shall select the chairpersons of the task force from
211	among the members of the task force. Such chairpersons shall schedule
212	the first meeting of the task force, which shall be held not later than sixty
213	days after the effective date of this section.
214	(f) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the
215	General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to housing
216	shall serve as administrative staff of the task force.
217	(g) Not later than January 1, 2026, the task force shall submit a report
218	on its findings and recommendations to the joint standing committee of
219	the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to housing
220	and planning and development, in accordance with the provisions of
221	section 11-4a of the general statutes. The task force shall terminate on
222	the date that it submits such report or January 1, 2026, whichever is later.
223	Sec. 8. Subsection (a) of section 8-2i of the general statutes is repealed
224	and the following is substituted in lieu thereof ( <i>Effective October 1, 2025</i> ):
225	(a) As used in this section, "inclusionary zoning" means any zoning
226	regulation, requirement or condition of development imposed by
227	ordinance, regulation or pursuant to any special permit, special
228	exception or subdivision plan which promotes the development of
229	housing affordable to persons and families of low and moderate income,
230	including, but not limited to, (1) the setting aside of a reasonable number
231	of housing units for long-term retention as affordable housing through
232	deed restrictions or other means; (2) the use of density bonuses; or (3) in
233	lieu of or in addition to such other requirements or conditions, the
234	making of payments into a housing trust fund to be used for <u>acquiring</u> ,
235	constructing, rehabilitating or repairing housing affordable to persons
236	and families of low and moderate income, acquiring real property to be
237	used for such housing or incentivizing deed restrictions that preserve

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238	real property for use as such housing. "Inclusionary zoning" does not
239	include the use of funds from any such housing trust fund to acquire
240	real property by eminent domain regardless of the intended use of such
241	property.
242 243	Sec. 9. Section 47-257 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof ( <i>Effective October 1, 2025</i> ):
244	(a) Until the association makes a common expense assessment, the
245	declarant shall pay all common expenses. After an assessment has been

made by the association, assessments shall be made [at least] <u>not less</u>
<u>than</u> annually, based on a budget adopted [at least] <u>not less than</u>
annually by the association.

(b) Except for assessments under subsections (c), (d), [and] (e) and (h) of this section, or as otherwise provided in this chapter, all common expenses shall be assessed against all the units in accordance with the allocations set forth in the declaration pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of section 47-226. The association may charge interest on any past due assessment or portion thereof at the rate established by the association, not exceeding eighteen per cent per year.

256 (c) To the extent required by the declaration: (1) Any common 257 expense associated with the maintenance, repair or replacement of a 258 limited common element shall be assessed against the units to which 259 that limited common element is assigned, equally, or in any other 260 proportion the declaration provides; (2) any common expense or 261 portion thereof benefiting fewer than all of the units or their owners may 262 be assessed exclusively against the units benefited; and (3) the costs of 263 insurance shall be assessed in proportion to risk and the costs of utilities 264 shall be assessed in proportion to usage.

(d) Assessments to pay a judgment against the association may be
made only against the units in the common interest community at the
time the judgment was rendered, in proportion to their common
expense liabilities.

269 (e) If any common expense is caused by the wilful misconduct, failure 270 to comply with a written maintenance standard [promulgated] adopted 271 by the association or gross negligence of any unit owner or tenant or a 272 guest or invitee of a unit owner or tenant, the association may, after 273 notice and hearing, assess the portion of that common expense [in excess 274 of <u>exceeding</u> any insurance proceeds received by the association under 275 its insurance policy, whether that portion results from the application of 276 a deductible or otherwise, exclusively against that owner's unit.

(f) If common expense liabilities are reallocated, common expense
assessments and any installment thereof not yet due shall be
recalculated in accordance with the reallocated common expense
liabilities.

(g) No unit owner [may exempt himself] <u>shall be exempt</u> from
liability for payment of the common expenses by waiver of the use or
enjoyment of any of the common elements or by abandonment of the
unit against which the assessments are made.

(h) If any addition, alteration or improvement made by, or at the
direction of, a unit owner results in an increase in common expenses,
including, but not limited to, any cost of maintenance, repair or
insurance, the amount of such increase shall be assessed solely against
the unit owned by the unit owner who caused such addition, alteration
or improvement to be made.

Sec. 10. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2026*) (a) For purposes of this section, "single-family detached unit" means a building used as a residence in a common interest community, except for a cooperative, as defined in section 47-202 of the general statutes, that does not contain units divided by horizontal or vertical boundaries that are comprised by, or are located in, common walls between units.

(b) On and after January 1, 2026, any provision of a declaration or the
bylaws of an association that prohibits or unreasonably restricts the
installation or use of a solar power generating system on the roof of a

unit that is a single-family detached unit, or is otherwise in conflict with
the provisions of this section, shall be unenforceable. In any common
interest community where a unit is a parcel of land, this section shall
apply to any single-family detached unit constructed on such unit. This
section shall not apply to any unit that has vertical or horizontal
boundaries that are comprised by, or are located in, common walls
between units.

307 (c) A unit owner shall obtain approval to install a solar power 308 generating system under this section by submitting an application to the executive board of the association in a form and manner prescribed by 309 310 such board. The executive board shall (1) acknowledge, in writing to the 311 unit owner, the receipt of any such application not later than thirty days 312 after such receipt, and (2) process such application in the same manner 313 as an application for an addition, alteration or improvement pursuant 314 to the declaration or bylaws of the association. The executive board shall 315 approve or deny such application or request additional information 316 concerning the proposed installation in writing not later than sixty days 317 after the date of receipt of such application. An application shall be 318 deemed approved sixty days after the date of the executive board's 319 receipt of the application if the executive board has not denied such 320 application or requested additional information in writing. If the 321 executive board requests additional information, the application shall 322 be deemed approved thirty days after the board's receipt of such 323 additional information if the executive board has not denied such 324 application in writing. The executive board shall not unreasonably 325 withhold approval of an application submitted in accordance with this 326 section.

(d) If a unit owner's application to install a solar power generating
system is approved or deemed approved by the executive board, the
unit owner shall enter into a written agreement with the association,
which may be recorded on the land records in every town in which the
common interest community is located, that requires the unit owner to:

332 (1) Comply with the provisions of the declaration or bylaws

regarding an addition, alteration or improvement that are applicable tothe installation of such solar power generating system;

335 (2) Engage a registered and insured contractor licensed pursuant to 336 chapter 393 of the general statutes to install the solar power generating 337 system who shall, within fourteen days of the execution of the written 338 agreement, (A) provide a certificate of insurance that demonstrates 339 liability insurance coverage in an amount not less than one million 340 dollars and names the association, the association's manager, if any, and 341 the unit owner as insured parties, (B) provide evidence of workers' 342 compensation insurance as may be required by law, and (C) submit to 343 the association a mechanic's lien waiver in favor of the association for 344 any work performed on behalf of such unit owner concerning the 345 installation of such solar power generating system;

(3) Pay any cost associated with the installation of the solar power
generating system, including, but not limited to, increased master policy
premiums, attorney's fees incurred by the association, engineering fees,
professional fees, permit fees and fees associated with applicable zoning
compliance requirements;

(4) Indemnify the association, the unit owners of the association and
the association's executive board, officers, directors and manager, as
applicable, for (A) any damage or loss caused by the solar power
generating system, and (B) any financial obligations concerning the
solar power generating system; and

(5) Assume full responsibility for the maintenance, repair and
replacement of the roof over the unit owner's unit at the unit owner's
sole expense.

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) to (d), inclusive,
of this section, an association formed on or before January 1, 2026, may,
not later than January 1, 2028, by an affirmative vote of not less than
seventy-five per cent of the association's board of directors, opt out of
the provisions of said subsections regarding the installation of any solar

364 power generating system. Any association that opts out of the 365 provisions of said subsections shall record on the land records of any 366 municipality in which the real property of such association is located a 367 notice of such affirmative vote opting out of the provisions of said 368 subdivisions not later than thirty days after such vote.

(f) A unit owner that enters into a written agreement pursuant to
subsection (d) of this section, or any successive owner of the unit that
acquires title to the unit and assumes the duties imposed by such
agreement, shall be responsible for:

(1) Any cost to repair damage to the solar power generating system,
common elements of the association or any unit in the association
resulting from the installation, use, maintenance, repair, removal or
replacement of the solar power generating system;

377 (2) Any cost for the maintenance, repair or replacement of the solar378 power generating system until such system is removed;

(3) Any cost for the repair or restoration of the roof upon which the
solar power generating system was installed after such system is
removed;

(4) Any additional common expenses resulting from uninsured losses
related to the solar power generating system not covered by any master
insurance policy held by the association of unit owners; and

385 (5) Disclosing to any prospective buyer of the unit (A) the existence 386 of the solar power generating system, (B) the associated responsibilities 387 of the unit owner under this section, (C) the existence of any agreement 388 between the unit owner and the association concerning a solar power 389 generating system, and (D) the requirement that the buyer takes 390 ownership of the solar power generating system, or assumes all of the 391 responsibilities of the unit owner under any lease agreement or other 392 agreement between the unit owner and the owner of the solar power 393 generating system, unless such system is removed prior to the 394 conveyance of the unit.

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395	(g) A solar power generating system installed pursuant to this section
396	shall meet all applicable health and safety standards and requirements
397	under any state or federal law or local ordinance.
398	(h) An association may:
399	(1) Install a solar power generating system on any common elements
400	of the association for use by the unit owners and develop appropriate
401	rules for such use;
402	(2) Require that a unit owner remove any solar power generating
403	system installed by the unit owner prior to the unit owner's sale of the
404	unit unless the buyer of the unit agrees to (A) take ownership of the solar
405	power generating system, or assumes all of the responsibilities of the
406	unit owner under any lease agreement or other agreement between the
407	unit owner and the owner of the solar power generating system, (B)
408	assume responsibility for the maintenance, repair and replacement of
409	the roof over the unit owner's unit at the unit owner's sole expense, and
410	(C) assume and be bound by any agreement between the unit owner and
411	the association that indemnifies the association, the unit owners of the
412	association and the association's executive board, officers, directors and
413	manager, as applicable, for any damage or losses caused by the solar
414	power generating system; and
415	(3) Assess a unit owner for any uninsured portion of a loss associated
416	with a solar power generating system, whether resulting from a
417	deductible or otherwise, regardless of whether the association submits
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- 418 an insurance claim.
- (i) In any action by an association seeking to enforce compliance with
  this section, the prevailing party shall be awarded reasonable attorney's
  fees.

422 Sec. 11. Subsections (g) to (i), inclusive, of section 47-261b of the 423 general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 424 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*): 425 [(g) In the case of a common interest community that is not a 426 condominium or a cooperative, an association may not adopt or enforce 427 any rules that would have the effect of prohibiting any unit owner from 428 installing a solar power generating system on the roof of such owner's 429 unit, provided such roof is not shared with any other unit owner. An 430 association may adopt rules governing (1) the size and manner of 431 affixing, installing or removing a solar power generating system; (2) the 432 unit owner's responsibilities for periodic upkeep and maintenance of 433 such solar power generating system; and (3) a prohibition on any unit 434 owner installing a solar power generating system upon any common 435 elements of the association.]

436 [(h)] (g) An association's internal business operating procedures need
437 not be adopted as rules.

438 [(i)] (<u>h</u>) Each rule of the association shall be reasonable.

439 Sec. 12. Subdivision (8) of section 32-600 of the general statutes is
440 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*,
441 2025):

(8) "Capital region" means the towns contiguous to the city of
Hartford, including the town of East Hartford <u>and excluding the towns</u>
of Newington and West Hartford.

Sec. 13. (*Effective from passage*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 7-328 of the general statutes, the Millstone Ridge Tax District located in the town of New Milford may apportion costs related to the maintenance of district improvements and administrative costs associated with the management of the district to the owner or owners of each lot within the district on an equal basis."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:

Section 1	October 1, 2025	7-194
Sec. 2	October 1, 2025	22a-42(d)

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## Amendment

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Sec. 3	July 1, 2025	12-57(a)
Sec. 4	July 1, 2025	12-60
Sec. 5	July 1, 2025	12-129
Sec. 6	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	New section
Sec. 7	from passage	New section
Sec. 8	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	8-2i(a)
Sec. 9	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	47-257
Sec. 10	January 1, 2026	New section
Sec. 11	<i>October 1, 2025</i>	47-261b(g) to (i)
Sec. 12	July 1, 2025	32-600(8)
Sec. 13	from passage	New section