

General Assembly

January Session, 2025

Amendment

LCO No. 7787



Offered by: REP. LEEPER, 132nd Dist. SEN. MCCRORY, 2nd Dist.

To: House Bill No. 7009

File No. 317 Cal. No.

Cal. No. 219

"AN ACT CONCERNING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE CONNECTICUT STATE SEAL OF CIVICS EDUCATION AND ENGAGEMENT."

Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
 following in lieu thereof:

"Section 1. Section 10-5 of the general statutes is amended by adding
subsection (g) as follows (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

5 (NEW) (g) The Department of Education shall establish criteria by 6 which a local or regional board of education, or the governing board of 7 any other school that awards diplomas, may affix the Connecticut State 8 Seal of Civics Education and Engagement on a diploma awarded to a 9 student who has achieved a high level of proficiency in civics education 10 and engagement. Such criteria shall include, but need not be limited to, 11 (1) successful completion of history or social science courses for at least 12 two school years, one of which shall be a course on the United States 13 government or civics, (2) participation in at least one civic engagement

14 project, such as community service, participation in student 15 government, internship with an elected official or involvement in a civic 16 organization, and (3) demonstrated proficiency in civics knowledge 17 through a standardized assessment, portfolio of work that includes 18 essays, projects or presentations related to civics or other mastery-based 19 assessment or process.

20 Sec. 2. Section 10-221a of the general statutes is amended by adding 21 subsection (m) as follows (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

22 (NEW) (m) Commencing with classes graduating in 2026, and for 23 each graduating class thereafter, a local or regional board of education 24 may affix the Connecticut State Seal of Civics Education and 25 Engagement, as described in subsection (g) of section 10-5, as amended 26 by this act, to a diploma awarded to a student who has achieved a high 27 level of proficiency in civics education and engagement. The local or 28 regional board of education shall include on such student's transcript a 29 designation that the student received the Connecticut State Seal of 30 Civics Education and Engagement.

Sec. 3. Subsection (c) of section 10-10a of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January*1, 2026):

34 (c) The state-wide public school information system shall:

35 (1) Track and report data relating to student, teacher and school and 36 district performance growth and make such information available to 37 local and regional boards of education for use in evaluating educational 38 performance and growth of teachers and students enrolled in public 39 schools in the state. Such information shall be collected or calculated 40 based on information received from local and regional boards of 41 education and other relevant sources. Such information shall include, 42 but not be limited to:

(A) In addition to performance on state-wide mastery examinationspursuant to subsection (b) of this section, data relating to students shall

include, but not be limited to, (i) the primary language spoken at the
home of a student, (ii) student transcripts, (iii) student attendance and
student mobility, (iv) reliable, valid assessments of a student's readiness
to enter public school at the kindergarten level, [and] (v) data collected,
if any, from the preschool experience survey, described in section 10515, and (vi) data required pursuant to section 10-17m concerning the
academic progress of students in bilingual education programs;

52 (B) Data relating to teachers shall include, but not be limited to, (i) 53 teacher credentials, such as master's degrees, teacher preparation 54 programs completed and certification levels and endorsement areas, (ii) 55 teacher assessments, such as whether a teacher is deemed highly 56 qualified pursuant to the No Child Left Behind Act, P.L. 107-110, or 57 deemed to meet such other designations as may be established by 58 federal law or regulations for the purposes of tracking the equitable 59 distribution of instructional staff, (iii) the presence of substitute teachers 60 in a teacher's classroom, (iv) class size, (v) numbers relating to 61 absenteeism in a teacher's classroom, and (vi) the presence of a teacher's 62 aide. The department shall assign a unique teacher identifier to each 63 teacher prior to collecting such data in the public school information 64 system;

65 (C) Data relating to schools and districts shall include, but not be 66 limited to, (i) school population, (ii) annual student graduation rates, 67 (iii) annual teacher retention rates, (iv) school disciplinary records, such 68 as data relating to suspensions, expulsions and other disciplinary 69 actions, (v) the percentage of students whose primary language is not 70 English, (vi) the number of and professional credentials of support 71 personnel, (vii) information relating to instructional technology, such as 72 access to computers, [and] (viii) disaggregated measures of school-73 based arrests pursuant to section 10-233n, and (ix) the measures and 74 data required pursuant to section 10-17g for the evaluation of bilingual 75 education programs.

(2) Collect data relating to student enrollment in and graduation frominstitutions of higher education for any student who had been assigned

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78 79	a unique student identifier pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, provided such data is available.
80 81	(3) Develop means for access to and data sharing with the data systems of public institutions of higher education in the state.
82 83 84	Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 10-170 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (<i>Effective January 1</i> , 2026):
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(a) The State Board of Education shall draft a written bill of rights for
parents or guardians of students who are multilingual learners to
guarantee that the rights of such parents and students are adequately
safeguarded and protected in the provision of bilingual education under
chapter 164. Such bill of rights shall include, but need not be limited to,
the following declarations:

91 (1) The right of a multilingual learner student to attend a public
92 school in the state regardless of such student's immigration status or the
93 immigration status of such student's parent or guardian;

94 (2) The right of a parent or guardian of a multilingual learner student
95 to enroll such student in a public school without being required to
96 submit immigration documentation, including, but not limited to, a
97 Social Security number, visa documentation or proof of citizenship;

98 (3) The right of a multilingual learner student to have translation 99 services provided (A) by an interpreter who is present in person or 100 available by telephone or through an online technology platform, or (B) 101 through an Internet web site or other electronic application approved by the State Board of Education, during critical interactions with 102 103 teachers and administrators, including, but not limited to, parent-104 teacher conferences, meetings with administrators of the school in 105 which such student is attending, and at properly noticed regular or 106 special meetings of the board of education or scheduled meetings with 107 a member or members of the board of education responsible for 108 educating such student, in accordance with section 10-218b;

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109	(4) The right of a multilingual learner student to participate in a
110	program of bilingual education offered by the local or regional board of
111	education when there are twenty or more eligible students classified as
112	dominant in a language, other than English, as such student, in
113	accordance with the provisions of section 10-17f;
114	(5) The right of a parent or guardian of a multilingual learner student
115	to receive written notice, in both English and the dominant language of
116	such parent or guardian, that such student is eligible to participate in a
117	program of bilingual education or English as a new language program
118	offered by the local or regional board of education;
119	(6) The right of a multilingual learner student and the parent or
120	guardian of such student to receive a high-quality orientation session,
121	in the dominant language of such student and parent or guardian, from
122	the local or regional board of education that provides information
123	relating to state standards, tests and expectations at the school for
124	multilingual learner students, as well as the goals and requirements for
125	programs of bilingual education and English as a new language, prior
126	to participation in such program of bilingual education or English as a
127	new language;
128	(7) The right of the parent or guardian of a multilingual learner
129	student to receive information about the progress of such student's
130	English language development and acquisition;
100	Linghon language acterophient and acquisition,
131	(8) The right of a multilingual learner student and the parent or
132	guardian of such student to meet with school personnel to discuss such
133	student's English language development and acquisition;
134	(9) The right of a multilingual learner student to be placed in a

(9) The right of a multilingual learner student to be placed in a
program of bilingual education or English as a new language, if offered
by the local or regional board of education;

(10) The right of a multilingual learner student to have equal accessto all grade-level school programming;

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139	(11) The right of a multilingual learner student to have equal access		
140	to all core grade-level subject matter;		
141	(12) The right of a multilingual learner student to receive annual		
142	language proficiency testing;		
143	(13) The right of a multilingual learner student to receive support		
144	services aligned with any intervention plan that the school or school		
145	district provides to all students;		
146	(14) The right of a multilingual learner student to be continuously		
147	and annually enrolled in a program of bilingual education or English as		
148	a new language while such student remains an eligible student, as		
149	defined in section 10-17e; [and]		
150	(15) The right of a parent or guardian of a multilingual learner		
151	student to contact the Department of Education with any questions or		
152	concerns regarding such student's right to receive multilingual learner		
153	services or accommodations available to such student or parent or		
154	guardian, including information regarding any recourse for failure of		
155	the board of education to provide or ensure such services or		
156	accommodations <u>; and</u>		
157	(16) The right of a multilingual learner student and a parent or		
158	guardian of a multilingual learner student to access publicly available		
159	data related to the academic progress of students in bilingual education		
160	programs and the quality of bilingual education programs on the state-		
161	wide public school information system implemented pursuant to		
162	section 10-10a, as amended by this act.		
163	Sec. 5. Section 10-233j of the general statutes is repealed and the		
164	following is substituted in lieu thereof (<i>Effective July 1, 2025</i>):		
165	(a) No student in a public school in the state shall possess or use a		
166	remotely activated paging device unless such student obtains the		
167	written permission of the school principal for such possession and use.		
168	The principal shall grant such permission only if the student or his		

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169	parent or guardian establishes to the satisfaction of the principal that a
170	reasonable basis exists for the possession and use of the device.
171	(b) A local or regional board of education may restrict the student
172	possession or use of cellular mobile telephones in the schools under its
173	jurisdiction. In determining whether to restrict such possession or use,
174	the local or regional board of education shall consider the special needs
175	of parents and students.
176	(c) For the school year commencing July 1, 2026, and each school year
177	thereafter, each local and regional board of education shall adopt a
178	policy, in addition to any restrictions pursuant to subsection (b) of this
179	section, limiting the use of smart devices in the schools governed by
180	such board of education using the policy guidance developed by the
181	Department of Education. As used in this subsection, "smart device"
182	means a cellular mobile telephone or other wearable or portable
183	technology that can connect to the Internet, collect, process and transmit
184	data and communicate with other devices and networks.
185	Sec. 6. Subsection (d) of section 10-16b of the general statutes, as
186	amended by section 32 of public act 22-80, section 3 of public act 23-21,
187	section 7 of public act 23-150 and section 19 of public act 23-160, is
188	repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (<i>Effective July 1,</i>
189	2025):
190	(d) The State Board of Education shall make available curriculum
191	materials and such other materials as may assist local and regional
192	boards of education in developing instructional programs pursuant to
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this section. The State Board of Education, within available 193 194 appropriations and utilizing available resource materials, shall assist and encourage local and regional boards of education to include: (1) 195 196 Holocaust and genocide education and awareness; (2) the historical events surrounding the Great Famine in Ireland; (3) African-American 197 198 and black studies; (4) Puerto Rican and Latino studies; (5) Native 199 American studies; (6) Asian American and Pacific Islander studies; (7) 200 personal financial management, including, but not limited to, financial 201 literacy as developed in the plan provided under section 10-16pp; (8) 202 training in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of automatic 203 external defibrillators; (9) labor history and law, including organized 204 labor, the collective bargaining process, existing legal protections in the 205 workplace, the history and economics of free market capitalism and 206 entrepreneurialism, and the role of labor and capitalism in the 207 development of the American and world economies; (10) climate change 208 consistent with the Next Generation Science Standards; (11) topics 209 approved by the state board upon the request of local or regional boards 210 of education as part of the program of instruction offered pursuant to 211 subsection (a) of this section; [and] (12) instruction relating to the Safe 212 Haven Act, sections 17a-57 to 17a-61, inclusive; and (13) Islamic and 213 <u>Arab studies</u>. The Department of Energy and Environmental Protection 214 shall be available to each local and regional board of education for the 215 development of curriculum on climate change as described in this 216 subsection.

217 Sec. 7. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2025*) (a) There is established a working 218 group to address antisemitism in public schools. The working group 219 shall provide assistance and resources to the Department of Education, 220 local and regional boards of education and other education stakeholders 221 and associations, to address issues relating to antisemitism that affect 222 students, families, educators and school personnel. Such assistance and 223 resources may include, but need not be limited to, (1) working with 224 boards of education to amend school district policies to ensure that all 225 students, educators and school personnel feel safe inside and outside of 226 the school setting, (2) offering training relating to antisemitism for 227 educators and administrators, and (3) assisting in the creation or 228 provision of curriculum materials and resources relating to 229 antisemitism and Jewish heritage and Holocaust and genocide 230 education and awareness, in accordance with the provisions of section 231 10-18f of the general statutes.

232 (b) The working group shall consist of the following members:

233 (1) Two appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives,

HB 7009Amendment234one of whom shall be a representative from a national organization with235expertise in the study of global antisemitism and an interdisciplinary236study of antisemitism, and one of whom shall be a representative of the237Jewish Federation Association of Connecticut;

(2) Two appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate, one of
whom shall have knowledge and national and local expertise and
experience in developing innovative and collaborative resources to
address antisemitism in elementary and secondary schools, and one of
whom shall be a representative of the Jewish Federation Association of
Connecticut;

(3) One appointed by the majority leader of the House of
Representatives, who shall be a teacher with professional knowledge
and proven experience in addressing and combatting antisemitism in a
public school in the state;

(4) One appointed by the majority leader of the Senate, who shall
have experience in teaching and school administration and expertise in
addressing and combatting antisemitism and teaching Jewish heritage;

(5) Two appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives, one of whom shall be a current or former faculty member of an institution of higher education with expertise in curriculum development and knowledge and proven experience in addressing antisemitism and teaching Jewish heritage, and one of whom shall have professional experience addressing antisemitism in the state;

(6) Two appointed by the minority leader of the Senate, one of whom
shall be a leader at an institution of higher education in the state with
knowledge and expertise in program development addressing
antisemitism curriculum, and one of whom shall have professional
experience addressing antisemitism in the state; and

263 (7) One appointed by the Governor, who shall be a school 264 administrator with expertise and knowledge in developing and 265 implementing curricula in public schools in the state.

(c) All initial appointments to the working group shall be made notlater than thirty days after the effective date of this section. Any vacancyshall be filled by the appointing authority.

(d) The speaker of the House of Representatives and the president
pro tempore of the Senate shall each select a cochairperson of the
working group from among the members of the working group. Such
cochairpersons shall jointly schedule the first meeting of the working
group, which shall be held not later than sixty days after the effective
date of this section.

(e) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the
General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education
shall serve as administrative staff of the working group.

(f) Not later than February 1, 2026, the working group shall submit a
report on its activities, and any recommendations for legislation, to the
joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of
matters relating to education, in accordance with the provisions of
section 11-4a of the general statutes. The working group may submit
additional reports as needed.

Sec. 8. Section 10-15c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2026*):

286 (a) The public schools shall be open to all children five years of age 287 and over who reach age five on or before the first day of September of 288 any school year, and each such child shall have, and shall be so advised 289 by the appropriate school authorities, an equal opportunity to 290 participate in the activities, programs and courses of study offered in 291 such public schools, at such time as the child becomes eligible to 292 participate in such activities, programs and courses of study, without 293 discrimination on account of race, as defined in section 46a-51, color, 294 sex, gender identity or expression, religion, national origin, sexual 295 orientation or disability; provided a child who has not reached the age

296 of five on or before the first day of September of the school year may be 297 admitted if the local or regional board of education adopts an early 298 admission policy that permits such child to be admitted (1) upon a 299 written request by the parent or guardian of such child to the principal 300 of the school in which such child would be enrolled, and (2) following 301 an assessment of such child, conducted by such principal and an 302 appropriate certified staff member of the school, to ensure that 303 admitting such child is developmentally appropriate.

(b) Nothing in subsection (a) of this section shall be deemed to amend
other provisions of the general statutes with respect to curricula,
facilities or extracurricular activities.

Sec. 9. Subdivision (2) of section 10-76a of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*,
2026):

(2) "Child" means any person twenty-two years of age or younger.
[or, for children requiring special education, until such child is
graduated from high school or at the end of the school year during
which such child reaches age twenty-two, whichever occurs first.]

Sec. 10. Subparagraph (C) of subdivision (9) of subsection (a) of section 10-76d of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2026*):

317 (C) Not later than the planning and placement team meeting that 318 occurs approximately two years prior to a child's anticipated graduation 319 from high school or the end of the school year in which a child will reach 320 [twenty-two] <u>twenty-one</u> years of age, whichever is expected to occur 321 first based on such child's individualized education program, the 322 planning and placement team shall (i) upon the approval of the parent 323 or guardian of such child, or a surrogate parent of such child appointed 324 pursuant to section 10-94g or such child if such child is an emancipated 325 minor or eighteen years of age or older, (I) notify any state agency that 326 provides a program for adults for which such child may be eligible

327 about the potential eligibility of such child, (II) invite a representative 328 from each such agency to attend the planning and placement team 329 meeting for the purpose of establishing contact with and counseling the parent, guardian, surrogate parent or child on the process for the 330 331 anticipated transfer of services upon such child graduating from high 332 school or upon [the end of the school year in which] such child [reaches] 333 reaching twenty-two years of age, whichever is sooner, and (III) permit 334 and facilitate contact and coordination between each such agency and 335 such parent, guardian, surrogate parent or child for the purpose of 336 easing the process for the transfer of services, (ii) provide such parent, 337 guardian, surrogate parent or child a listing of each program for adults 338 for which such child may be eligible that includes, but is not limited to, 339 (I) a plain language description of such program, (II) eligibility 340 requirements for such program, and (III) deadlines and instructions for 341 applications to such programs, and (iii) assist such parent, guardian, 342 surrogate parent or child in completing an application to any such 343 programs.

Sec. 11. Subsection (b) of section 10-76d of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*,
2026):

347 (b) In accordance with the regulations of the State Board of Education, 348 each local and regional board of education shall: (1) Provide special 349 education for school-age children requiring special education who are 350 described in subparagraph (A) of subdivision (5) of section 10-76a. The 351 obligation of the school district under this subsection shall terminate 352 when such child is graduated from high school or [at the end of the 353 school year during which] upon such child [reaches] reaching age 354 twenty-two, whichever occurs first; and (2) provide special education 355 for children requiring special education who are described in 356 subparagraph (A) or (C) of subdivision (5) of section 10-76a. The State 357 Board of Education shall define the criteria by which each local or 358 regional board of education shall determine whether a given child is 359 eligible for special education pursuant to this subdivision, and such

360 determination shall be made by the board of education when requested 361 by a parent or guardian, or upon referral by a physician, clinic or social 362 worker, provided the parent or guardian so permits. To meet its 363 obligations under this subdivision, each local or regional board of 364 education may, with the approval of the State Board of Education, make 365 agreements with any private school, agency or institution to provide the 366 necessary preschool special education program, provided such private 367 facility has an existing program which adequately meets the special 368 education needs, according to standards established by the State Board 369 of Education, of the preschool children for whom such local or regional 370 board of education is required to provide such an education and 371 provided such district does not have such an existing program in its 372 public schools. Such private school, agency or institution may be a 373 facility which has not been approved by the Commissioner of Education 374 for special education, provided such private facility is approved by the 375 commissioner as an independent school or licensed by the Office of 376 Early Childhood as a child care center, group child care home or family 377 child care home, as described in section 19a-77, or be both approved and 378 licensed. The State Board of Education shall adopt or update 379 regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to implement the provisions 380 of this subsection.

Sec. 12. Subsection (b) of section 10-76*ll* of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*,
2026):

384 (b) On or before July 1, 2015, the State Board of Education shall draft 385 a written bill of rights for parents of children receiving special education 386 services to guarantee that the rights of such parents and children are 387 adequately safeguarded and protected during the provision of special 388 education and related services until such children have graduated from 389 high school or [at the end of the school year during which] upon such 390 children [reach] reaching age twenty-two, whichever occurs first, under this chapter. Such bill of rights shall inform parents of: (1) The right to 391 392 request consideration of the provision of transition services for a child

393 receiving special education services who is eighteen years of age until 394 such child has graduated from high school or [at the end of the school 395 year during which] upon such child [reaches] reaching age twenty-two, 396 whichever occurs first, (2) the right to receive transition resources and 397 materials from the department and the local or regional board of 398 education responsible for such child, (3) the requirement that the local 399 or regional board of education responsible for such child shall create a 400 student success plan for each student enrolled in a public school, 401 beginning in grade six, pursuant to subsection (k) of section 10-221a, 402 [and] (4) the right of such child to receive realistic and specific 403 postgraduation goals as part of such child's individualized education 404 program, and (5) the right to an opportunity to establish contact with and receive information about and assistance with applying for 405 406 programs provided by any state agency that provides services in 407 attaining the postgraduation goals in a child's individualized education 408 program, pursuant to subparagraph (C) of subdivision (9) of subsection 409 (a) of section 10-76d, as amended by this act.

410 Sec. 13. Section 10-95p of the general statutes is repealed and the 411 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2026*):

(a) There is established a division of postsecondary educational
programs within the Technical Education and Career System. The
division shall administer any postsecondary educational program that
(1) was offered at a technical education and career school during the
school year commencing July 1, 2016, or (2) is approved by the Technical
Education and Career System board.

(b) Any student admitted for enrollment in a postsecondary
educational program administered by the division shall have a high
school diploma or its equivalent, or have [completed the school year in
which such student reaches] reached twenty-two years of age if such
student was receiving special education and related services and did not
graduate from high school.

424 Sec. 14. Subsection (a) of section 10-253 of the general statutes is

repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*,2026):

427 (a) Children placed out by the Commissioner of Children and 428 Families or by other agencies or persons, including offices of a 429 government of a federally recognized Native American tribe, private 430 child-caring or child-placing agencies licensed by the Department of 431 Children and Families, and eligible residents of facilities operated by the 432 Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services or by the 433 Department of Public Health who are eighteen to twenty-one years of 434 age or, for children requiring special education, when such child is 435 graduated from high school or [at the end of the school year during 436 which] upon such child [reaches] reaching age twenty-two, whichever 437 occurs first, shall be entitled to all free school privileges of the school 438 district where they then reside as a result of such placement, except as 439 provided in subdivision (4) of subsection (e) of section 10-76d. Except as 440 provided in subsection (d) of this section and subdivision (4) of 441 subsection (e) of section 10-76d, payment for such education shall be 442 made by the board of education of the school district under whose 443 jurisdiction such child would otherwise be attending school where such 444 a school district is identified.

445 Sec. 15. Subdivision (3) of subsection (h) of section 10-253 of the 446 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 447 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2026*):

(3) In each district, the liaison shall assist the school district, the Court
Support Services Division of the Judicial Branch and any relevant
educational service providers in ensuring that:

(A) All persons twenty-two years of age or younger in justice system
custody are promptly evaluated for eligibility for special education
services to be provided until such child is graduated from high school
or [at the end of the school year during which] <u>upon</u> such child [reaches]
<u>reaching</u> age twenty-two, whichever occurs first, pursuant to section
17a-65 and any other applicable law;

(B) Students in justice system custody and returning to the
community from justice system custody are promptly enrolled in school
pursuant to this section and section 10-186;

460 (C) Students in justice system custody and returning to the
461 community from justice system custody receive appropriate credit for
462 school work completed in custody, pursuant to this section or section
463 10-220h;

(D) All relevant school records for students who enter justice system
custody and who return to the community from justice system custody
are promptly transferred to the appropriate school district or
educational service provider, pursuant to section 10-220h.

468 Sec. 16. Section 10-226b of the general statutes is repealed and the 469 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

(a) Whenever the State Board of Education finds that racial imbalance
exists in a public school, it shall notify in writing the board of education
having jurisdiction over said school that such finding has been made,
except the State Board of Education shall not notify a board of education
of such finding until July 1, [2025] 2029.

(b) As used in sections 10-226a to 10-226e, inclusive, "racial
imbalance" means a condition wherein the proportion of pupils of racial
minorities in all of the grades of a public school of the secondary level
or below taken together substantially exceeds or falls substantially short
of the proportion of such public school pupils in all of the same grades
of the school district in which said school is situated taken together.

481 Sec. 17. Section 10-226c of the general statutes is repealed and the 482 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

(a) Any board of education receiving notification of the existence of
racial imbalance as specified in section 10-226b, as amended by this act,
shall forthwith prepare a plan to correct such imbalance and file a copy
of said plan with the State Board of Education, except such board of

education shall not be required to prepare and file said plan until July
1, [2025] <u>2029</u>. Said plan may be limited to addressing the imbalance
existing at any school and need not result in a district-wide plan or
district-wide pupil reassignment. A school district may request an
extension of time in cases in which the number of students causing said
imbalance is fewer than five students at a school.

493 (b) Any plan submitted by the board of education of any town under 494 sections 10-226a to 10-226e, inclusive, shall include any proposed 495 changes in existing school attendance districts, the location of proposed 496 school building sites as related to the problem, any proposed additions 497 to existing school buildings and all other means proposed for the 498 correction of said racial imbalance. The plan shall include projections of 499 the expected racial composition of all public schools in the district. The 500 plan may include provision for cooperation with other school districts 501 to assist in the correction of racial imbalance.

502 Sec. 18. Section 10-226d of the general statutes is repealed and the 503 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

504 Upon receipt of any plan required under the provisions of subsection 505 (b) of section 10-226c, as amended by this act, the State Board of 506 Education shall review said plan. If it determines that the plan is 507 satisfactory, it shall approve the plan and shall provide to the board of 508 education such assistance and services as may be available. The board 509 of education shall submit annual reports on the implementation of the 510 approved plan, as the State Board of Education may require. The State 511 Board of Education shall not take action on any plan received on or after 512 July 1, 2024, until July 1, [2025] 2029.

513 Sec. 19. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2025*) For the fiscal year ending June 514 30, 2027, and each fiscal year thereafter, during the preparation of the 515 itemized estimate of the cost of maintenance of public schools for the 516 ensuing year pursuant to section 10-222 of the general statutes, as 517 amended by this act, the superintendent of schools shall provide the 518 members of the local board of education the original amount and actual 519 amount of each line item for the two fiscal years immediately preceding 520 the fiscal year in which such itemized estimate is being prepared and 521 the original amount and current amount of each line item for the fiscal 522 year in which such itemized estimate is being prepared. As used in this 523 section, "itemized estimate" means an estimate in which broad 524 budgetary categories including, but not limited to, salaries, fringe 525 benefits, utilities, supplies and grounds maintenance are divided into 526 one or more line items, "original amount" means the amount of a line 527 item that was appropriated to such line item at the start of the fiscal year, 528 and "actual amount" means the amount of a line item at the conclusion 529 of the fiscal year.

530 Sec. 20. Section 10-222 of the general statutes is repealed and the 531 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

532 Each local board of education shall prepare an itemized estimate of 533 the cost of maintenance of public schools for the ensuing year and shall 534 submit such estimate to the board of finance in each town or city having 535 a board of finance, to the board of selectmen in each town having no 536 board of finance or otherwise to the authority making appropriations 537 for the school district, not later than two months preceding the annual 538 meeting at which appropriations are to be made. Such estimate shall 539 include the original amount and actual amount of each line item for the 540 two fiscal years immediately preceding the fiscal year in which such 541 estimate is being prepared and the original amount and current amount 542 of each line item for the fiscal year in which such estimate is being 543 prepared. The board or authority that receives such estimate shall, not 544 later than ten days after the date the board of education submits such 545 estimate, make spending recommendations and suggestions to such 546 board of education as to how such board of education may consolidate 547 noneducational services and realize financial efficiencies. Such board of 548 education may accept or reject the suggestions of the board of finance, 549 board of selectmen or appropriating authority and shall provide the 550 board of finance, board of selectmen or appropriating authority with a 551 written explanation of the reason for any rejection. The money

552 appropriated by any municipality for the maintenance of public schools 553 shall be expended by and in the discretion of the board of education. 554 Except as provided in this subsection, any such board may transfer any 555 unexpended or uncontracted-for portion of any appropriation for 556 school purposes to any other item of such itemized estimate. Boards 557 may, by adopting policies and procedures, authorize designated 558 personnel to make limited transfers under emergency circumstances if 559 the urgent need for the transfer prevents the board from meeting in a 560 timely fashion to consider such transfer. All transfers made in such 561 instances shall be announced at the next regularly scheduled meeting of 562 the board and a written explanation of such transfer shall be provided 563 to the legislative body of the municipality or, in a municipality where 564 the legislative body is a town meeting, to the board of selectmen. 565 Expenditures by the board of education shall not exceed the 566 appropriation made by the municipality, with such money as may be 567 received from other sources for school purposes. If any occasion arises 568 whereby additional funds are needed by such board, the chairman of 569 such board shall notify the board of finance, board of selectmen or 570 appropriating authority, as the case may be, and shall submit a request 571 for additional funds in the same manner as is provided for departments, 572 boards or agencies of the municipality and no additional funds shall be 573 expended unless such supplemental appropriation shall be granted and 574 no supplemental expenditures shall be made in excess of those granted 575 through the appropriating authority. The annual report of the board of 576 education shall, in accordance with section 10-224, include a summary 577 showing (1) the total cost of the maintenance of schools, (2) the amount 578 received from the state and other sources for the maintenance of schools, 579 and (3) the net cost to the municipality of the maintenance of schools. For purposes of this [subsection] section, "meeting" means a meeting, as 580 defined in section 1-200, [and] "itemized estimate" means an estimate in 581 582 which broad budgetary categories including, but not limited to, salaries, 583 fringe benefits, utilities, supplies and grounds maintenance are divided 584 into one or more line items, "original amount" means the amount of a line item that was appropriated to such line item at the start of the fiscal 585 586 year, and "actual amount" means the amount of a line item at the

587 <u>conclusion of the fiscal year</u>.

588 Sec. 21. Subsection (a) of section 10-51 of the general statutes is 589 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*, 590 2025):

591 (a) The fiscal year of a regional school district shall be July first to June 592 thirtieth. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, not less than 593 two weeks before the annual meeting held pursuant to section 10-47, the 594 board shall hold a public district meeting to present a proposed budget 595 for the next fiscal year. Any public district meeting held pursuant to this 596 section may be accessible to the public by means of electronic equipment 597 or by means of electronic equipment in conjunction with an in-person 598 meeting, in accordance with the provisions of section 1-225a. Such 599 proposed budget shall include the original amount and actual amount 600 of each line item in the budget for the two fiscal years immediately 601 preceding the fiscal year in which such proposed budget is being 602 presented and the original amount and current amount of each line item 603 for the budget of the fiscal year in which such proposed budget is being 604 presented. Any person may recommend the inclusion or deletion of 605 expenditures at such time. After the public hearing, the board shall prepare an annual budget for the next fiscal year, make available on 606 607 request copies thereof and deliver a reasonable number to the town 608 clerk of each of the towns in the district at least five days before the 609 annual meeting. At the annual meeting on the first Monday in May, the 610 board shall present a budget which includes a statement of (1) estimated 611 receipts and expenditures for the next fiscal year, (2) estimated receipts 612 and expenditures for the current fiscal year, (3) estimated surplus or 613 deficit in operating funds at the end of the current fiscal year, (4) bonded 614 or other debt, (5) estimated per pupil expenditure for the current and 615 for the next fiscal year, (6) the original amount and actual amount of 616 each line item in the budget for the two fiscal years immediately 617 preceding the fiscal year in which such budget is being presented and 618 the original amount and current amount of each line item for the budget 619 of the fiscal year in which such budget is being presented, and [(6)] (7) 620 such other information as is necessary in the opinion of the board. 621 Persons present and eligible to vote under section 7-6 may accept or 622 reject the proposed budget except as provided below. No person who is 623 eligible to vote in more than one town in the regional school district is 624 eligible to cast more than one vote on any issue considered at a regional 625 school district meeting or referendum held pursuant to this section. Any 626 person who violates this section by fraudulently casting more than one 627 vote or ballot per issue shall be fined not more than three thousand five 628 hundred dollars and shall be imprisoned not more than two years and 629 shall be disenfranchised. The regional board of education may, in the 630 call to the meeting, designate that the vote on the motion to adopt the 631 budget shall be by paper ballots at the district meeting held on the 632 budget or by a "yes" or "no" vote on the voting tabulators in each of the 633 member towns on the day following the district meeting. If submitted 634 to a vote by voting tabulator, questions may be included on the ballot 635 for persons voting "no" to indicate whether the budget is too high or too 636 low, provided the vote on such questions shall be for advisory purposes 637 only and not binding upon the board. Two hundred or more persons 638 qualified to vote in any regional district meeting called to adopt a 639 budget may petition the regional board, in writing, at least three days 640 prior to such meeting, requesting that any item or items on the call of 641 such meeting be submitted to the persons qualified to vote in the 642 meeting for a vote by paper ballot or on the voting tabulators in each of 643 the member towns on the day following the district meeting and in 644 accordance with the appropriate procedures provided in section 7-7. If 645 a majority of such persons voting reject the budget, the board shall, 646 within four weeks thereafter and upon notice of not less than one week, 647 call a district meeting to consider the same or an amended budget. Such 648 meetings shall be convened at such intervals until a budget is approved. 649 If the budget is not approved before the beginning of a fiscal year, the 650 disbursing officer for each member town, or the designee of such officer, 651 shall make necessary expenditures to such district in amounts equal to 652 the total of the town's appropriation to the district for the previous year 653 and the town's proportionate share in any increment in debt service over 654 the previous fiscal year, pursuant to section 7-405 until the budget is 655 approved. The town shall receive credit for such expenditures once the 656 budget is approved for the fiscal year. After the budget is approved, the 657 board shall estimate the share of the net expenses to be paid by each 658 member town in accordance with subsection (b) of this section and 659 notify the treasurer thereof. With respect to adoption of a budget for the 660 period from the organization of the board to the beginning of the first 661 full fiscal year, the board may use the above procedure at any time 662 within such period. If the board needs to submit a supplementary 663 budget, the general procedure specified in this section shall be used. As 664 used in this section, "original amount" and "actual amount" have the same meanings as provided in section 10-222, as amended by this act. 665

666 Sec. 22. Section 10-233m of the general statutes is repealed and the 667 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

668 Each local or regional board of education that assigns a school 669 resource officer to any school under the jurisdiction of such board shall 670 enter into a memorandum of understanding with a local law 671 enforcement agency regarding the role and responsibility of such school 672 resource officer. [Such] Not later than January 1, 2026, such 673 memorandum of understanding shall (1) be maintained in a central location in the school district and posted on the Internet web site of the 674 675 school district and each school in which such school resource officer is 676 assigned, (2) include provisions addressing daily interactions between 677 students and school personnel with school resource officers, and (3) 678 include a graduated response model for student discipline. Any such 679 memorandum of understanding entered into, extended, updated or 680 amended [(A)] on or after July 1, 2021, shall include a provision that 681 requires all school resource officers to complete, while in the 682 performance of their duties as school resource officers and during 683 periods when such school resource officers are assigned to be at the 684 school, any separate training specifically related to social-emotional 685 learning and restorative practices provided to certified employees of the 686 school pursuant to section 10-148a. [, and (B)] Any such memorandum 687 of understanding entered into, extended, updated or amended on or 688 after July 1, 2023, shall include provisions specifying a school resource 689 officer's duties concerning, and procedures for, the restraint of students, 690 use of firearms, school-based arrests and reporting of any investigations 691 and behavioral interventions of challenging behavior or conflict that 692 escalates to violence or constitutes a crime, pursuant to the provisions 693 of section 10-233p, provided such provisions are in accordance with any 694 laws or policies concerning the duties of police officers. Each such 695 memorandum of understanding shall be updated not less frequently 696 than every three years. For the purposes of this section, "school resource 697 officer" means a sworn police officer of a local law enforcement agency 698 who has been assigned to a school pursuant to an agreement between 699 the local or regional board of education and the chief of police of a local 700 law enforcement agency.

Sec. 23. Subsection (a) of section 1-231 of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*,
2025):

704 (a) At an executive session of a public agency, attendance shall be 705 limited to (1) members of [said] such body, [and] (2) in the case of a local 706 or regional board of education and upon invitation by such board, the 707 superintendent of schools in the superintendent's capacity as chief 708 executive officer of the board, and (3) persons invited by [said] such 709 body to present testimony or opinion pertinent to matters before [said] 710 such body, provided [that] such persons' attendance shall be limited to 711 the period for which their presence is necessary to present such 712 testimony or opinion and, provided further, [that] the minutes of such 713 executive session shall disclose all persons who are in attendance except 714 job applicants who attend for the purpose of being interviewed by such 715 agency.

Sec. 24. Subdivision (2) of subsection (d) of section 10-51 of the
general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

719 (2) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, and each fiscal year

720 thereafter, a regional board of education, by a majority vote of its 721 members, may create a reserve fund for educational expenditures. Such fund shall thereafter be termed "reserve fund for educational 722 723 expenditures". The aggregate amount of annual and supplemental 724 appropriations by a district to such fund shall not exceed two per cent 725 of the annual district budget for such fiscal year. Annual appropriations 726 to such fund shall be included in the share of net expenses to be paid by 727 each member town. Supplemental appropriations to such fund may be 728 made from estimated fiscal year end surplus in operating funds. Interest 729 and investment earnings received with respect to amounts held in the 730 fund shall be credited to such fund. The board shall annually submit a 731 complete and detailed report of the condition of such fund to the 732 member towns. Upon the recommendation and approval by the 733 regional board of education, any part or the whole of such fund may be 734 used for educational expenditures. Upon the approval of any such 735 expenditure an appropriation shall be set up, plainly designated for the 736 educational expenditure for which it has been authorized. Any 737 unexpended portion of such appropriation remaining shall revert to 738 [said] such fund. If any authorized appropriation is set up pursuant to 739 the provisions of this subsection and through unforeseen circumstances 740 the board is unable to expend the total amount of such appropriation, 741 the board, by a majority vote of its members, may terminate such 742 appropriation which then shall no longer be in effect. Such fund may be 743 discontinued, after the recommendation and approval by the regional 744 board of education, and any amounts held in the fund shall be 745 transferred to the general fund of the district. For the fiscal year ending 746 June 30, 2026, and each fiscal year thereafter, a regional board of 747 education may deposit any funds previously appropriated to and 748 currently in a separate reserve fund for capital and nonrecurring 749 expenditures under the control of such board in the reserve fund for 750 educational expenditures.

Sec. 25. Subsection (a) of section 10-214 of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*,
2025):

754 (a) Each local or regional board of education shall provide annually 755 to each pupil in kindergarten and grades one and three to five, inclusive, 756 a vision screening and may additionally provide such vision screening 757 annually to each pupil in preschool and grade two. Such vision 758 screening may be performed using a Snellen chart or an equivalent 759 screening device, or an automated vision screening device. The 760 superintendent of schools shall give written notice to the parent or 761 guardian of each pupil (1) who is found to have any defect of vision or 762 disease of the eyes, with a brief statement describing such defect or 763 disease and a recommendation for the pupil to be examined by an 764 optometrist licensed under chapter 380 or an ophthalmologist licensed 765 under chapter 370, and (2) who did not receive such vision screening, 766 with a brief statement explaining why such pupil did not receive such 767 vision screening.

Sec. 26. Subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of section 10-287 of the
general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

771 (b) (1) All orders and contracts for school building construction 772 receiving state assistance under this chapter, except as provided in 773 subdivisions (2) to (4), inclusive, of this subsection, shall be awarded to 774 the lowest responsible qualified bidder only after a public invitation to 775 bid, except for (A) school building projects for which the town or 776 regional school district is using a state contract pursuant to subsection 777 (d) of section 10-292 or a cooperative purchasing contract offered 778 through a regional education service center, and (B) change orders, 779 those contracts or orders costing less than ten thousand dollars and 780 those of an emergency nature, as determined by the Commissioner of 781 Administrative Services, in which cases the contractor or vendor may be 782 selected by negotiation, provided no local fiscal regulations, ordinances 783 or charter provisions conflict. [Any of the qualified bidders under this 784 subdivision may be a cooperative purchasing contract offered through 785 a regional educational service center or a council of government.]

786 Sec. 27. Subsection (c) of section 10-266aa of the general statutes is

repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*, 2025):

789 (c) The program shall be phased in as provided in this subsection. (1) 790 For the school year commencing in 1998, and for each school year 791 thereafter, the program shall be in operation in the Hartford, New 792 Haven and Bridgeport regions. The Hartford program shall operate as 793 a continuation of the program described in section 10-266j. Students 794 who reside in Hartford, New Haven or Bridgeport may attend school in 795 another school district in the region and students who reside in such 796 other school districts may attend school in Hartford, New Haven or 797 Bridgeport, provided, beginning with the 2001-2002 school year, the 798 proportion of students who are not minority students to the total 799 number of students leaving Hartford, Bridgeport or New Haven to 800 participate in the program shall not be greater than the proportion of 801 students who were not minority students in the prior school year to the 802 total number of students enrolled in Hartford, Bridgeport or New 803 Haven in the prior school year. The regional educational service center 804 operating the program shall make program participation decisions in 805 accordance with the requirements of this subdivision. (2) For the school 806 year commencing in 2000, and for each school year thereafter, the 807 program shall be in operation in New London, provided beginning with 808 the 2001-2002 school year, the proportion of students who are not 809 minority students to the total number of students leaving New London 810 to participate in the program shall not be greater than the proportion of 811 students who were not minority students in the prior year to the total 812 number of students enrolled in New London in the prior school year. 813 The regional educational service center operating the program shall 814 make program participation decisions in accordance with this 815 subdivision. (3) The Department of Education may provide, within 816 available appropriations, grants for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003, 817 to the remaining regional educational service centers to assist school 818 districts in planning for a voluntary program of student enrollment in 819 every priority school district, pursuant to section 10-266p, which is 820 interested in participating in accordance with this subdivision. For the

821 school year commencing in 2003, and for each school year thereafter, the 822 voluntary enrollment program may be in operation in every priority 823 school district in the state. Students from other school districts in the 824 area of a priority school district, as determined by the regional 825 educational service center pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, may 826 attend school in the priority school district, provided such students 827 bring racial, ethnic and economic diversity to the priority school district 828 and do not increase the racial, ethnic and economic isolation in the 829 priority school district. (4) For the school year commencing July 1, 2024, 830 and each school year thereafter, there shall be a pilot program in 831 operation in Danbury and Norwalk. The pilot program shall serve (A) 832 up to fifty students who reside in Danbury, and such students may 833 attend school in the school districts for the towns of New Fairfield, 834 Brookfield, Bethel, Ridgefield and Redding, and (B) up to fifty students 835 who (i) reside in Norwalk, and such students may attend school in the 836 school districts for the towns of Darien, New Canaan, Wilton, Weston 837 and Westport, and (ii) reside in Darien, New Canaan, Wilton, Weston 838 and Westport, and such students may attend school in the school district 839 for the town of Norwalk. School districts which receive students under 840 this subdivision as part of the pilot program shall allow such students 841 to attend school in the district until they graduate from high school. (5) 842 For the school year commencing July 1, 2022, and each school year 843 thereafter, the town of Guilford shall be eligible to participate in the 844 program as a receiving district and a sending district with New Haven. 845 (6) For the school year commencing July 1, 2025, and each school year 846 thereafter, the town of Madison shall be eligible to participate in the 847 program as a receiving district and a sending district with New Haven.

Sec. 28. Section 10-153b of the general statutes is amended by adding
subsection (g) as follows (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

(NEW) (g) For any negotiation with respect to salaries, hours and
other conditions of employment with an organization which has been
designated or elected the exclusive representative of an administrators'
unit or a teachers' unit occurring on or after July 1, 2025, at least one

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854	member of the local or regional board of education which employs such
855	unit shall be present for such negotiations.

Sec. 29. Section 10-206 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

(a) Each local or regional board of education shall require each pupil 858 859 enrolled in the public schools to have health assessments pursuant to 860 the provisions of this section. Such assessments shall be conducted by 861 (1) a legally qualified practitioner of medicine, (2) an advanced practice 862 registered nurse or registered nurse, licensed pursuant to chapter 378, 863 (3) a physician assistant, licensed pursuant to chapter 370, (4) a school 864 medical advisor, or (5) a legally qualified practitioner of medicine, an 865 advanced practice registered nurse or a physician assistant stationed at 866 any military base, to ascertain whether such pupil is suffering from any 867 physical disability tending to prevent such pupil from receiving the full 868 benefit of school work and to ascertain whether such school work should be modified in order to prevent injury to the pupil or to secure 869 870 for the pupil a suitable program of education. No health assessment 871 shall be made of any [child] pupil enrolled in the public schools unless 872 such examination is made in the presence of the parent or guardian or 873 in the presence of another school employee. The parent or guardian of 874 such [child] pupil shall receive prior written notice and shall have a 875 reasonable opportunity to be present at such assessment or to provide 876 for such assessment himself or herself. A local or regional board of 877 education may deny continued attendance in public school to any 878 [child] pupil who fails to obtain the health assessments required under 879 this section.

(b) Each local or regional board of education shall require each [child]
pupil to have a health assessment prior to public school enrollment. The
assessment shall include: (1) A physical examination which shall
include hematocrit or hemoglobin tests, height, weight, blood pressure,
a medical risk assessment for lead poisoning and, when indicated by
such assessment, a test of the [child's] pupil's blood lead level, and,
beginning with the 2003-2004 school year, a chronic disease assessment

887 which shall include, but not be limited to, asthma. The assessment form 888 shall include (A) a check box for the provider conducting the 889 assessment, as provided in subsection (a) of this section, to indicate an 890 asthma diagnosis, (B) screening questions relating to appropriate public 891 health concerns to be answered by the parent or guardian, and (C) 892 screening questions to be answered by such provider; (2) an updating 893 of immunizations as required under section 10-204a, provided a 894 registered nurse may only update said immunizations pursuant to a 895 written order by a physician or physician assistant, licensed pursuant to 896 chapter 370, or an advanced practice registered nurse, licensed pursuant 897 to chapter 378; (3) vision, hearing, speech and gross dental screenings; 898 and (4) such other information, including health and developmental 899 history, as the physician feels is necessary and appropriate. The 900 assessment shall also include tests for tuberculosis, sickle cell anemia 901 and Cooley's anemia where the local or regional board of education 902 determines after consultation with the school medical advisor and the 903 local health department, or in the case of a regional board of education, 904 each local health department, that such tests are necessary, provided a 905 registered nurse may only perform said tests pursuant to the written 906 order of a physician or physician assistant, licensed pursuant to chapter 907 370, or an advanced practice registered nurse, licensed pursuant to 908 chapter 378.

909 (c) Each local or regional board of education shall require each pupil 910 enrolled in the public schools to have health assessments in either grade 911 six or grade seven and in either grade nine or grade ten. The assessment 912 shall include: (1) A physical examination which shall include hematocrit 913 or hemoglobin tests, height, weight, blood pressure, and, beginning 914 with the 2003-2004 school year, a chronic disease assessment which shall 915 include, but not be limited to, asthma as defined by the Commissioner 916 of Public Health pursuant to subsection (c) of section 19a-62a. The 917 assessment form shall include (A) a check box for the provider 918 conducting the assessment, as provided in subsection (a) of this section, 919 to indicate an asthma diagnosis, (B) screening questions relating to 920 appropriate public health concerns to be answered by the parent or

921 guardian, and (C) screening questions to be answered by such provider; 922 (2) an updating of immunizations as required under section 10-204a, 923 provided a registered nurse may only update said immunizations 924 pursuant to a written order of a physician or physician assistant, 925 licensed pursuant to chapter 370, or an advanced practice registered 926 nurse, licensed pursuant to chapter 378; (3) vision, hearing, postural and 927 gross dental screenings; and (4) such other information including a 928 health history as the physician feels is necessary and appropriate. The 929 assessment shall also include tests for tuberculosis and sickle cell 930 anemia or Cooley's anemia where the local or regional board of 931 education, in consultation with the school medical advisor and the local 932 health department, or in the case of a regional board of education, each 933 local health department, determines that said screening or test is 934 necessary, provided a registered nurse may only perform said tests 935 pursuant to the written order of a physician or physician assistant, 936 licensed pursuant to chapter 370, or an advanced practice registered 937 nurse, licensed pursuant to chapter 378.

938 (d) The results of each assessment done pursuant to this section and 939 the results of screenings done pursuant to section 10-214, as amended 940 by this act, shall be recorded on forms supplied by the State Board of 941 Education. Each school nurse may reject such results submitted on 942 forms other than the forms supplied by the State Board of Education and 943 require the resubmission of such results on such forms supplied by the 944 State Board of Education. An asthma action plan shall be included with 945 the assessment form of each pupil that indicates an asthma diagnosis 946 pursuant to subsections (b) and (c) of this section. Such information shall 947 be included in the cumulative health record of each pupil and shall be 948 kept on file in the school such pupil attends. If a pupil permanently 949 leaves the jurisdiction of the board of education, the pupil's original 950 cumulative health record shall be sent to the chief administrative officer 951 of the school district to which such student moves. The board of 952 education transmitting such health record shall retain a true copy. Each 953 physician, advanced practice registered nurse, registered nurse, or 954 physician assistant performing health assessments and screenings pursuant to this section and section 10-214, as amended by this act, shall
completely fill out and sign each form and any recommendations
concerning the pupil shall be in writing.

958 (e) Appropriate school health personnel shall review the results of 959 each assessment and screening as recorded pursuant to subsection (d) 960 of this section. When, in the judgment of such health personnel, a pupil, 961 as defined in section 10-206a, is in need of further testing or treatment, 962 the superintendent of schools shall give written notice to the parent or 963 guardian of such pupil and shall make reasonable efforts to assure that 964 such further testing or treatment is provided. Such reasonable efforts 965 shall include a determination of whether or not the parent or guardian 966 has obtained the necessary testing or treatment for the pupil, and, if not, 967 advising the parent or guardian on how such testing or treatment may 968 be obtained. The results of such further testing or treatment shall be 969 recorded pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, and shall be 970 reviewed by school health personnel pursuant to this subsection.

971 (f) On and after October 1, 2017, each local or regional board of 972 education shall report to the local health department and the 973 Department of Public Health, on an triennial basis, the total number of 974 pupils per school and per school district having a diagnosis of asthma 975 (1) at the time of public school enrollment, (2) in grade six or seven, and 976 (3) in grade nine or ten. The report shall contain the asthma information 977 collected as required under subsections (b) and (c) of this section and 978 shall include pupil age, gender, race, ethnicity and school. Beginning on 979 October 1, 2021, and every three years thereafter, the Department of 980 Public Health shall review the asthma screening information reported 981 pursuant to this section and shall submit a report to the joint standing 982 committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters 983 relating to public health and education concerning asthma trends and 984 distributions among pupils enrolled in the public schools. The report 985 shall be submitted in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a 986 and shall include, but not be limited to, (A) trends and findings based 987 on pupil age, gender, race, ethnicity, school and the education reference

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988	group, as determined by the Department of Education for the town or
989	regional school district in which such school is located, and (B) activities
990	of the asthma screening monitoring system maintained under section
991	19a-62a.
992	Sec. 30. Subsection (g) of section 10-233c of the general statutes is
993	repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (<i>Effective July 1</i> ,
994	2025):
<i>))</i>]	2020).
995	(g) On and after July 1, 2015, all suspensions pursuant to this section
996	shall be in-school suspensions, except a local or regional board of
997	education may authorize the administration of schools under its
998	direction to impose an out-of-school suspension on any pupil in (1)
999	grades three to twelve, inclusive, if, during the hearing held pursuant to
1000	subsection (a) of this section, (A) the administration determines that the
1001	pupil being suspended poses such a danger to persons or property or
1002	such a disruption of the educational process that the pupil shall be
1003	excluded from school during the period of suspension, or (B) the
1004	administration determines that an out-of-school suspension is
1005	appropriate for such pupil based on evidence of (i) previous disciplinary
1006	problems that have led to suspensions or expulsion of such pupil, and
1007	(ii) efforts by the administration to address such disciplinary problems
1008	through means other than out-of-school suspension or expulsion,
1009	including positive behavioral support strategies, or (2) grades preschool
1010	to two, inclusive, if during the hearing held pursuant to subsection (a)
1011	of this section, the administration (A) determines that an out-of-school
1012	suspension is appropriate for such pupil based on evidence that such
1013	pupil's conduct on school grounds is behavior that causes serious
1014	physical harm, (B) requires that such pupil receives services that are
1015	trauma-informed and developmentally appropriate and align with any
1016	behavioral intervention plan, individualized education program or plan
1017	pursuant to Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended
1018	from time to time, for such pupil upon such pupil's return to school
1019	immediately following the out-of-school suspension, and (C) considers
1020	whether to convene a planning and placement team meeting for the

1021	purposes of conducting an evaluation to determine whether such pupil
1022	may require special education or related services. An out-of-school
1023	suspension imposed under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not
1024	exceed ten school days, and an out-of-school suspension imposed under
1025	subdivision (2) of this subsection shall not exceed [five] two school days.
1026	An in-school suspension may be served in the school that the pupil
1027	attends, or in any school building under the jurisdiction of the local or
1028	regional board of education, as determined by such board. Nothing in
1029	this section shall limit a person's duty as a mandated reporter pursuant
1030	to section 17-101a to report suspected child abuse or neglect.

Sec. 31. Subsection (d) of section 10-233d of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*,
2025):

1034 (d) No local or regional board of education is required to offer an 1035 alternative educational opportunity, except in accordance with this 1036 section. Any pupil under sixteen years of age who is expelled shall be 1037 offered an alternative educational opportunity, which shall be (1) 1038 alternative education, as defined by section 10-74i, with an 1039 individualized learning plan, if such board provides such alternative 1040 education, or (2) in accordance with the standards adopted by the State 1041 Board of Education, pursuant to section 10-2330, during the period of 1042 expulsion, provided any parent or guardian of such pupil who does not 1043 choose to have such parent's or guardian's child enrolled in an 1044 alternative educational opportunity shall not be subject to the 1045 provisions of section 10-184. Any pupil expelled for the first time and 1046 the second time, who is between the ages of sixteen and eighteen, and 1047 who wishes to continue such pupil's education shall be offered such an 1048 alternative educational opportunity if such pupil complies with 1049 conditions established by such pupil's local or regional board of 1050 education. Such alternative educational opportunity may include, but 1051 shall not be limited to, the placement of a pupil who is at least seventeen 1052 years of age in an adult education program pursuant to section 10-69. 1053 Any pupil participating in any such adult education program during a

1054 period of expulsion shall not be required to withdraw from school under 1055 section 10-184. A local or regional board of education shall count the 1056 expulsion of a pupil when the pupil was under sixteen years of age for 1057 purposes of determining whether an alternative educational 1058 opportunity is required for such pupil when such pupil is between the 1059 ages of sixteen and eighteen. A local or regional board of education may 1060 offer an alternative educational opportunity to a pupil for whom such 1061 alternative educational opportunity is not required pursuant to this 1062 section.

Sec. 32. Subsection (h) of section 10-236b of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*,
2025):

(h) Each local or regional board of education shall notify a parent or
guardian of a student who is placed in physical restraint or seclusion
[not later than twenty-four hours after] <u>on the day</u> the student was
placed in physical restraint or seclusion and shall make a reasonable
effort to provide such notification immediately after such physical
restraint or seclusion is initiated.

Sec. 33. Subsection (b) of section 10-357b of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*,
2025):

1075 (b) The State Education Resource Center shall establish a Connecticut 1076 School Reform Resource Center [either] within the State Education 1077 Resource Center. [or by contract through a regional educational service 1078 center, established pursuant to section 10-66a.] The Connecticut School 1079 Reform Resource Center shall operate year-round and shall focus on 1080 serving the needs of all public schools. The Connecticut School Reform 1081 Resource Center shall (1) publish and distribute reports on the most effective practices for improving student achievement by successful 1082 1083 schools; (2) provide a program of professional development activities 1084 for (A) school leaders, including curriculum coordinators, principals, 1085 superintendents and board of education members, and (B) teachers to

1086 educate students that includes research-based child development and 1087 reading instruction tools and practices; (3) provide information on 1088 successful models for evaluating student performance and managing 1089 student data; (4) develop strategies for assisting such students who are 1090 in danger of failing; (5) develop culturally relevant methods for 1091 educating <u>multilingual</u> students; [whose primary language is not 1092 English;] and (6) provide other programs and materials to assist in the 1093 improvement of public schools.

1094 Sec. 34. Section 10-357e of the general statutes is repealed and the 1095 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

1096 The Commissioner of Education shall allocate funds, as specified in 1097 the annual budget of the Department of Education, to allow the State 1098 Education Resource Center, established pursuant to section 10-357a, to 1099 provide professional development services, technical assistance and 1100 evaluation activities, policy analysis and other forms of assistance to 1101 local and regional boards of education, the Department of Education, 1102 state and local charter schools, as defined in section 10-66aa, the 1103 Technical Education and Career System, established pursuant to section 1104 10-95, providers of school readiness programs, as defined in section 10-16p, and other educational entities and providers. The State Education 1105 1106 Resource Center shall expend such funds in accordance with procedures 1107 and conditions prescribed by the commissioner.

1108 Sec. 35. Subdivision (3) of subsection (d) of section 10-220 of the 1109 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 1110 thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

(3) (A) For the period commencing July 1, [2026] <u>2022</u>, and ending and including June 30, 2031, each local or regional board of education shall provide for a uniform inspection and evaluation of the heating, ventilation and air conditioning system within each school building under its jurisdiction. During such period, the board shall provide such inspection for at least twenty per cent of the schools under its jurisdiction in each year until each school has been inspected. Each 1118 such school shall be so inspected every five years thereafter. The 1119 Department of Administrative Services may, upon request of a local or 1120 regional board of education, grant a waiver of the provisions of this 1121 subparagraph if the department finds that (i) there is an insufficient 1122 number of certified testing, adjusting and balancing technicians, 1123 industrial hygienists certified by the American Board of Industrial 1124 Hygiene or the Board for Global EHS Credentialing, or mechanical 1125 engineers to perform such inspection and evaluation, or (ii) such board 1126 has scheduled such inspection and evaluation for a date in the 1127 subsequent year. Such waiver shall be valid for a period not to exceed 1128 one year.

1129 (B) Such inspection and evaluation shall be performed by a certified 1130 testing, adjusting and balancing technician, an industrial hygienist 1131 certified by the American Board of Industrial Hygiene or the Board for 1132 Global EHS Credentialing, or a mechanical engineer. Such heating, 1133 ventilation and air conditioning systems inspection and evaluation shall 1134 include, but need not be limited to: (i) Testing for maximum filter 1135 efficiency, (ii) physical measurements of outside air delivery rate, (iii) 1136 verification of the appropriate condition and operation of ventilation 1137 components, (iv) measurement of air distribution through all system 1138 inlets and outlets, (v) verification of unit operation and that required 1139 maintenance has been performed in accordance with the most recent 1140 indoor ventilation standards promulgated by the American Society of 1141 Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, (vi) verification 1142 of control sequences, (vii) verification of carbon dioxide sensors and 1143 acceptable carbon dioxide concentrations indoors, and (viii) collection 1144 of field data for the installation of mechanical ventilation if none exist. 1145 The ventilation systems inspection and evaluation shall identify to what 1146 extent each school's current ventilation system components, including 1147 any existing central or noncentral mechanical ventilation system, are 1148 operating in such a manner as to provide appropriate ventilation to the 1149 school building in accordance with most recent indoor ventilation 1150 standards promulgated by the American Society of Heating, 1151 Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers. The inspection and

1152 evaluation shall result in a written report, and such report shall include 1153 any corrective actions necessary to be performed to the mechanical 1154 ventilation system or the heating, ventilation and air conditioning 1155 infrastructure, including installation of filters meeting the most optimal 1156 level of filtration available for a given heating, ventilation and air 1157 conditioning system, installation of carbon dioxide sensors and 1158 additional maintenance, repairs, upgrades or replacement. Any such 1159 corrective actions shall be performed, where appropriate, by a 1160 contractor, who is licensed in accordance with chapter 393. Any local or 1161 regional board of education conducting an inspection and evaluations 1162 pursuant to this subsection shall (I) make available for public inspection 1163 the results of such inspection and evaluation at a regularly scheduled 1164 meeting of such board and on the Internet web site of such board and 1165 on the Internet web site, if any, of each individual school, and (II) submit 1166 the report and results of such inspection and evaluation to the 1167 Department of Administrative Services using the form developed 1168 pursuant to section 10-231h. A local or regional board of education shall 1169 not be required to provide for a uniform inspection and evaluation 1170 under this subdivision for any school building that will cease to be used 1171 as a school building within the three years from when such inspection 1172 and evaluation is to be performed. Any local or regional board of 1173 education that has provided for an inspection that was performed in a 1174 different format, but is deemed equivalent by the department, may use 1175 such inspection in lieu of a uniform inspection and evaluation under this 1176 subdivision.

1177 Sec. 36. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2025) (a) Not later than April 1, 2026, the Connecticut Center for School Safety and Crisis Prevention at 1178 1179 Western Connecticut State University, in collaboration with the 1180 Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection, shall (1) 1181 develop a clear definition for crisis response drills for purposes of 1182 section 10-231 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, (2) develop 1183 standardized terminology for the administration and review of crisis 1184 response drills, (3) develop guidance on (A) standardized responses to 1185 crises, and (B) standardized debriefing protocols following a crisis, and

(4) develop an evaluation template for crisis response drills that allows
school districts to use feedback from participants of the crisis response
drill to assess the efficacy of the crisis response drill and make
adjustments to subsequent crisis response drills to improve
preparedness while preventing emotional harm and supporting
psychological safety.

- (b) The Connecticut Center for School Safety and Crisis Prevention at
 Western Connecticut State University, in collaboration with the
 Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection, shall conduct
 a study of the impact of crisis response drills on the school community.
- 1196 (c) Not later than July 1, 2028, the Connecticut Center for School 1197 Safety and Crisis Prevention at Western Connecticut State University 1198 shall submit (1) the guidance developed pursuant to subdivision (3) of 1199 subsection (a) of this section, and (2) a report on the study conducted 1200 pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, including any 1201 recommendations, to the joint standing committee of the General 1202 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education, in 1203 accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes.
- 1204 Sec. 37. Section 10-231 of the general statutes is repealed and the 1205 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):
- (a) Each local and regional board of education shall provide for a fire
 drill to be held in the schools of such board not later than thirty days
 after the first day of each school year and at least once each month
 thereafter, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section.
- (b) Each such board shall substitute a crisis response drill for a fire
 drill once every three months and shall develop the format of such crisis
 response drill [in consultation] <u>in accordance with the crisis response</u>
 <u>protocols described in section 38 of this act and</u> with the appropriate
 local law enforcement agency. A representative of such agency may
 supervise and participate in any such crisis response drill.
- 1216 Sec. 38. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2025*) For the school year commencing

1217	July 1, 2026, and each school year thereafter, each crisis response drill
1218	conducted pursuant to section 10-231 of the general statutes, as
1210	amended by this act, shall be conducted as follows: (1) Utilize the (A)
1220	definition for crisis response drills, (B) standardized terminology for the
1221	administration and review of crisis response drills, and (C) guidance on
1222	standardized responses to crises and debriefing protocols following a
1223	crisis, developed by the Department of Emergency Services and Public
1224	Protection pursuant to section 36 of this act, (2) the school security and
1225	safety committee, as described in section 10-222m of the general statutes,
1226	as amended by this act, shall collaborate with the school climate
1227	committee, as described in section 10-222ff of the general statutes, to
1228	plan crisis response drills that prioritize the physical and psychological
1229	safety of students and school personnel, (3) crisis drills shall be trauma-
1230	informed, including utilizing an approach that takes into account prior
1231	traumatic experiences and designed to prevent emotional harm to and
1232	support the psychological safety of students and school personnel, with
1233	mental health professionals' participation integrated throughout the
1234	crisis response drill, (4) prior to conducting a crisis response drill, school
1235	personnel shall provide age-appropriate education for students and
1236	training for school personnel to build knowledge and skills to reduce
1237	the potential for confusion or emotional distress, including a review of
1238	the purpose and procedures for crisis response drills prior to the first
1239	crisis response drill of the school year and notification to students,
1240	school personnel and parents and guardians one week in advance of
1241	conducting a crisis response drill, (5) school personnel shall
1242	communicate, in a clear manner to ensure understanding, the nature
1243	and purpose of crisis response drills to the parents and guardians of
1244	students at the school prior to conducting a crisis response drill, (6) all
1245	communication regarding crisis response drills shall be provided in the
1246	native language of each student, school personnel and parents and
1247	guardians, (7) at the commencement of the crisis response drill, students
1248	and school personnel shall be informed that they are participating in a
1249	crisis response drill to avoid confusion when an actual emergency
1250	situation is occurring, (8) accommodations for students with cognitive,
1251	physical or sensory disability shall be provided, to the extent

1252 practicable, during a crisis response drill to ensure the safety and 1253 participation of such students, (9) crisis response drills conducted with 1254 students shall not include an active assailant simulation or simulated 1255 violence with highly sensorial elements such as fake assailants, firearms, 1256 gunfire sounds, blood or injuries, and a crisis response drill that is 1257 conducted outside of the regular school day and exclusively for school 1258 personnel, first responders and other school volunteers may include an 1259 active assailant simulation or such simulated violence, and (10) evaluate 1260 each crisis response drill using the evaluation template developed 1261 pursuant to section 36 of this act.

Sec. 39. Section 10-222m of the general statutes, as amended by section 63 of public act 23-167, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

1265 (a) For the school year commencing July 1, 2014, and each school year 1266 thereafter, each local and regional board of education shall develop and 1267 implement a school security and safety plan for each school under the 1268 jurisdiction of such board. Such plans shall be based on the school 1269 security and safety plan standards developed by the Department of 1270 Emergency Services and Public Protection, pursuant to section 10-222n. 1271 Each local and regional board of education shall annually review and 1272 update, if necessary, such plans.

(b) For the school year commencing July 1, 2014, and each school year 1273 1274 thereafter, each local and regional board of education shall establish a 1275 school security and safety committee at each school under the 1276 jurisdiction of such board. The school security and safety committee 1277 shall be responsible for assisting in the development of the school 1278 security and safety plan for the school and administering such plan. 1279 Such school security and safety committee shall consist of a local police 1280 officer, a local first responder, a teacher and an administrator employed 1281 at the school, a mental health professional, as defined in section 10-76t, a parent or guardian of a student enrolled in the school and any other 1282 1283 person the board of education deems necessary. Any parent or guardian 1284 serving as a member of a school security and safety committee shall not

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1285	have access to information reported to such committee that would result
1286	in a violation of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974,
1287	20 USC 1232g, as amended from time to time.
1288	(c) Each local and regional board of education shall (1) annually
1289	submit the school security and safety plan for each school under the
1290	jurisdiction of such board, developed pursuant to subsection (a) of this
1291	section, to the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection,
1292	and (2) make any portion of such school security and safety plan that is
1293	not prohibited from disclosure pursuant to section 1-210 available to
1294	members of the school community upon request.

Sec. 40. Section 10-234gg of the general statutes is repealed. (*Effective from passage*)"

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following			
sections:	8		
Section 1	July 1, 2025	10-5(g)	
Sec. 2	July 1, 2025	10-221a(m)	
Sec. 3	January 1, 2026	10-10a(c)	
Sec. 4	January 1, 2026	10-17o(a)	
Sec. 5	July 1, 2025	10-233j	
Sec. 6	July 1, 2025	10-16b(d)	
Sec. 7	July 1, 2025	New section	
Sec. 8	July 1, 2026	10-15c	
Sec. 9	July 1, 2026	10-76a(2)	
Sec. 10	July 1, 2026	10-76d(a)(9)(C)	
Sec. 11	July 1, 2026	10-76d(b)	
Sec. 12	July 1, 2026	10-76ll(b)	
Sec. 13	July 1, 2026	10-95p	
Sec. 14	July 1, 2026	10-253(a)	
Sec. 15	July 1, 2026	10-253(h)(3)	
Sec. 16	July 1, 2025	10-226b	
Sec. 17	July 1, 2025	10-226c	
Sec. 18	July 1, 2025	10-226d	
Sec. 19	July 1, 2025	New section	
Sec. 20	July 1, 2025	10-222	
Sec. 21	July 1, 2025	10-51(a)	

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Sec. 22	July 1, 2025	10-233m
Sec. 23	July 1, 2025	1-231(a)
Sec. 24	July 1, 2025	10-51(d)(2)
Sec. 25	July 1, 2025	10-214(a)
Sec. 26	July 1, 2025	10-287(b)(1)
Sec. 27	July 1, 2025	10-266aa(c)
Sec. 28	July 1, 2025	10-153b(g)
Sec. 29	July 1, 2025	10-206
Sec. 30	July 1, 2025	10-233c(g)
Sec. 31	July 1, 2025	10-233d(d)
Sec. 32	July 1, 2025	10-236b(h)
Sec. 33	July 1, 2025	10-357b(b)
Sec. 34	July 1, 2025	10-357e
Sec. 35	July 1, 2025	10-220(d)(3)
Sec. 36	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 37	July 1, 2025	10-231
Sec. 38	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 39	July 1, 2025	10-222m
Sec. 40	from passage	Repealer section