

General Assembly

January Session, 2025

Amendment

LCO No. 8984



Offered by: SEN. ANWAR, 3rd Dist. REP. MCCARTHY VAHEY, 133rd Dist. SEN. LOONEY, 11th Dist. SEN. DUFF, 25th Dist. SEN. RAHMAN, 4th Dist. SEN. CABRERA, 17th Dist. SEN. GASTON, 23rd Dist. SEN. MAHER, 26th Dist.

SEN. LOPES, 6th Dist.
SEN. SLAP, 5th Dist.
SEN. WINFIELD, 10th Dist.
SEN. GADKAR-WILCOX, 22nd Dist.
SEN. HOCHADEL, 13th Dist.
SEN. COHEN, 12th Dist.
SEN. MARONEY, 14th Dist.
SEN. MILLER P., 27th Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. 7

File No. 604 Cal. No. 329

"AN ACT CONCERNING PROTECTIONS FOR ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE AND THE EQUITABLE DELIVERY OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES IN THE STATE."

Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
 following in lieu thereof:

- "Section 1. Section 19a-38 of the general statutes is repealed and the
 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 5 A water company, as defined in section 25-32a, shall add a measured 6 amount of fluoride to the water supply of any water system that it owns 7 and operates and that serves twenty thousand or more persons so as to 8 maintain an average monthly fluoride content that is not more or less

	sSB 7 Amendment		
9	than [0.15 of a milligram per liter different than the United States		
10	Department of Health and Human Services' most recent		
11	recommendation for optimal fluoride levels in drinking water to		
12	prevent tooth decay] 0.7 of a milligram of fluoride per liter of water		
13	provided such average monthly fluoride content shall not deviate		
14	greater or less than 0.15 of a milligram per liter.		
15	Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) The Commissioner of Public		
16	Health may establish an advisory committee to advise the commissioner		
17	on matters relating to recommendations by the Centers for Disease		
18	Control and Prevention and the federal Food and Drug Administration		
19	using evidence-based data from peer-reviewed literature and studies.		
20	(b) The advisory committee may include, but need not be limited to,		
21	the following members:		
22	(1) The dean of a school of public health at an independent institution		
23	of higher education in the state;		
24	(2) The dean of a school of public health at a public institution of		
25	higher education in the state;		
26	(3) A physician specializing in primary care who (A) has not less than		
27	ten years of clinical practice experience, and (B) is a professor at a		
28	medical school in the state;		
29	(4) An infectious disease specialist who (A) has not less than ten years		
30	of clinical practice experience, and (B) is a professor at an institution of		
31	higher education in the state;		
32	(5) A pediatrician who (A) has not less than ten years of clinical		
33	practice experience and expertise in children's health and vaccinations,		
34	and (B) is a professor at an institution of higher education in the state;		
35	and		
36	(6) Any other individuals determined to be a beneficial member of		
37	the advisory committee by the Commissioner of Public Health.		

38 (c) The advisory committee shall serve in a nonbinding advisory
39 capacity, providing guidance solely at the discretion of the
40 Commissioner of Public Health.

41 Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) (1) In cases in which there is 42 a serious risk to a patient's life or health, each emergency department of 43 a hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 368v of the general statutes shall 44 include as part of the care required of such emergency departments the 45 reproductive health care services related to complications of pregnancy 46 that are legal in this state and necessary to treat the patient, including, 47 but not limited to, services related to miscarriage management and 48 treatment for ectopic pregnancies.

49 (2) When providing emergency care, no such emergency department 50 or health care provider providing care at such emergency department 51 shall discriminate against a patient based upon the following factors or 52 categories: The person's ethnicity, citizenship, age, preexisting medical 53 condition, insurance status, economic status, ability to pay for medical 54 services, sex, race, color, religion, disability, genetic information, marital 55 status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, primary 56 language or immigration status. It shall not be discrimination for a 57 health care provider providing care at an emergency department to 58 consider any such factor or category if the health care provider believes 59 that such factor or category is medically significant to the provision of 60 appropriate medical care to the patient.

61 (b) Each emergency department of a hospital licensed pursuant to 62 chapter 368v of the general statutes shall meet the requirements of (1) 63 the federal Emergency Medical Treatment and Labor Act, 42 USC 64 1395dd, as amended from time to time, including, but not limited to, any 65 federal regulations adopted pursuant to said act governing the transfer 66 of patients by emergency departments, the capabilities of emergency 67 departments and on-call professional staff of emergency departments, 68 or (2) any regulations of Connecticut state agencies adopted pursuant to 69 section 4 of this act.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to impact acceptedmedical standards of care.

(d) Each hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 368v of the general
statutes that provides emergency care shall (1) adopt policies and
procedures to implement the provisions of this section, and (2) make
such policies and procedures available to the Department of Public
Health upon request.

(e) The Commissioner of Public Health may investigate each alleged
violation of this section or section 4 of this act unless the commissioner
concludes that the allegation does not include facts requiring further
investigation or is otherwise unmeritorious.

(f) The Commissioner of Public Health may take any action authorized by sections 19a-494 and 19a-494a of the general statutes against a hospital, or authorized by section 19a-17 of the general statutes against a licensed health provider, for a violation of this section or section 4 of this act.

86 Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) If the federal Emergency 87 Medical Treatment and Labor Act, 42 USC 1395dd, as it existed as of the 88 effective date of this section, in whole or in part, (1) is revoked, (2) fails 89 to be adequately enforced, or (3) otherwise becomes inapplicable in this 90 state, the Commissioner of Public Health shall adopt regulations, in 91 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to 92 implement the provisions of said act concerning operational 93 requirements for hospitals that are set forth in Appendix V to the State 94 Operations Manual for hospitals published by the Centers for Medicare 95 and Medicaid Services, as said manual existed on December 31, 2024. 96 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require the 97 commissioner to request or otherwise involve the participation by any 98 federal government entity in the oversight or enforcement of any 99 regulations adopted pursuant to this subsection. If the commissioner 100 finds, pursuant to subsection (g) of section 4-168 of the general statutes, 101 that adoption of such regulations upon fewer than thirty days' notice is

required due to an imminent peril to the public health, safety or welfare,
the commissioner shall adopt such regulations without prior notice,
public comment period or hearing, or upon any abbreviated notice,
public comment period and hearing, pursuant to said subsection, if
feasible.

107 (b) The Commissioner of Public Health shall have the sole discretion 108 to determine whether an event described in subdivisions (1) to (3), 109 inclusive, of subsection (a) of this section has occurred. The 110 commissioner may consult with the office of the Attorney General in 111 making such determination.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the
commissioner to (1) adopt the regulations described in subsection (a) of
this section based on routine changes to the federal Emergency Medical
Treatment and Labor Act, 42 USC 1395dd, as described in subsection (a)
of this section, that do not result in a material loss of patient rights, or
include provisions in such regulations that conflict with federal law.

(d) If the commissioner adopts regulations pursuant to this section,
the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having
cognizance of matters relating to public health shall annually (1) review
such regulations, and (2) make a recommendation to the commissioner
as to whether the commissioner should maintain or repeal such
regulations.

124 Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2025*) (a) As used in this section:

(1) "Collateral costs" means any out-of-pocket costs, other than the
cost of the procedure itself, necessary to receive reproductive health care
services or gender-affirming health care services in the state, including,
but not limited to, costs for travel, lodging and meals;

(2) "Gender-affirming health care services" means all medical care
relating to the treatment of gender dysphoria, as set forth in the most
recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's "Diagnostic and
Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders", and gender incongruence, as

_	sSB 7 Amendment	
133	defined in the most recent revision of the "International Statistical	
134	Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems";	
135	(2) "Nonprofit organization" means on organization that is even at	
	(3) "Nonprofit organization" means an organization that is exempt	
136	from taxation pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code	
137	of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the	
138	United States, as amended from time to time;	
139 140	(4) "Patient-identifiable data" means any information that identifies, or may reasonably be used as a basis to identify, an individual patient;	
141	and	
142 143 144 145	(5) "Reproductive health care services" means all medical, surgical, counseling or referral services relating to the human reproductive system, including, but not limited to, services relating to fertility, pregnancy, contraception and abortion.	
146	(b) There is established an account to be known as the "safe harbor	
147	account", which shall be a separate, nonlapsing account of the State	
148	Treasurer. The account shall contain any funds received from any	
149	private contributions, gifts, grants, donations, bequests or devises to the	
150	account and all earnings on such funds. The State Treasurer shall invest	
151	the moneys deposited in the account in a manner that is reasonable and	
152	appropriate to achieve the objectives of such account while exercising	
153	the discretion and care of a prudent person in similar circumstances	

1 1 1 1 1 1 154 with similar objectives. The State Treasurer shall give due consideration 155 to the rate of return risk, term or maturity, the diversification of the total 156 portfolio within such account, the liquidity of funds, the projected disbursements and expenditures of funds, and the expected payments, 157 158 deposits, contributions and gifts to be received. The moneys in the 159 account shall be continuously invested and reinvested in a manner 160 consistent with the objectives of the account until disbursed in 161 accordance with this subsection. Any administrative costs associated 162 with maintenance or disbursement of moneys in the account shall be 163 paid from the account and no taxpayer funds shall pay for such administrative costs, except nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the 164

165 State Treasurer from utilizing available staff resources to administer the 166 account. Moneys in the account shall be expended by the board of 167 trustees, established pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, for the purpose of providing grants to (1) nonprofit organizations that provide 168 169 funding for reproductive health care services or gender-affirming health 170 care services or the collateral costs incurred by individuals in receiving such services in the state, or (2) nonprofit organizations that serve 171 172 LGBTQ+ youth or families in the state for the purpose of reimbursing 173 or paying directly to such youth or family members for the collateral 174 costs incurred by such youth or family members in receiving 175 reproductive health care services or gender-affirming health care 176 services in the state.

(c) The safe harbor account shall be administered by a board oftrustees consisting of the following members:

(1) The Treasurer, or the Treasurer's designee, who shall serve aschairperson of the board of trustees; and

181 (2) Four members appointed by the Treasurer, (A) one of whom shall 182 be a provider of reproductive health care services in the state, (B) one of 183 whom shall have experience working with members of the LGBTQ+ 184 community, (C) one of whom shall have experience working with 185 providers of reproductive health care services, and (D) one of whom 186 shall have experience working with providers of health care or mental 187 health services to members of the LGBTQ+ community. When making 188 such appointments, the Treasurer shall use the Treasurer's best efforts 189 to ensure that the board of trustees reflects the racial, gender and 190 geographic diversity of the state.

(d) Not later than September 1, 2025, the board of trustees shall adopt
policies and procedures concerning the awarding of grants pursuant to
the provisions of this section. Such policies and procedures shall
include, but need not be limited to, (1) grant application procedures,
including procedures regarding subgrants, (2) eligibility criteria for
applicant nonprofit organizations, including, but not limited to,

197 subgrantees, and for individuals served by such grants, (3) eligibility 198 criteria for collateral costs, (4) consideration of need of the individuals 199 served by such grants, including, but not limited to, the urgency or time 200 sensitivity of the circumstances and financial need, and (5) procedures 201 to coordinate with any national network created to perform similar 202 functions to those of the safe harbor account, including, but not limited 203 to, procedures for the acceptance of funding transferred to the safe 204 harbor account for a particular use. Such policies and procedures shall 205 not require the collection or retention of patient-identifiable data in 206 order to receive a grant. Such policies and procedures may be updated 207 as deemed necessary by the board of trustees. In the event that the board 208 of trustees determines that the policies and procedures adopted 209 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection are inadequate with respect 210 to (A) determining the eligibility of a certain health care provider or 211 nonprofit organization for a grant, or (B) whether a certain health care 212 service received by or collateral cost incurred by an individual is eligible 213 to be reimbursed or paid by a health care provider or nonprofit 214 organization using grant moneys received pursuant to this section, the 215 board of trustees may make a fact-based determination as to such eligibility. 216

Sec. 6. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) It is hereby declared that opioid use disorder constitutes a public health crisis in this state and will continue to constitute a public health crisis until each goal reported by the Connecticut Alcohol and Drug Policy Council pursuant to subsection (f) of section 17a-667a of the general statutes, as amended by this act, is attained.

Sec. 7. Section 17a-667a of the general statutes is amended by adding
subsection (f) as follows (*Effective from passage*):

(NEW) (f) The Connecticut Alcohol and Drug Policy Council shall convene a working group to establish one or more goals for the state to achieve in its efforts to combat the prevalence of opioid use disorder in the state. Not later than July 1, 2026, the council shall report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
relating to public health regarding each goal established by the working
group.

233 Sec. 8. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) There is established an account 234 to be known as the "public health urgent communication account", 235 which shall be a separate, nonlapsing account. The account shall contain 236 any moneys required by law to be deposited in the account. Moneys in 237 the account shall be expended by the Department of Public Health for 238 the purposes of providing timely, effective communication to members 239 of the general public, health care providers and other relevant 240 stakeholders during a public health emergency, as described in section 241 19a-131a of the general statutes.

242 Sec. 9. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) There is established an account 243 to be known as the "emergency public health financial safeguard 244 account", which shall be a separate, nonlapsing account. The account 245 shall contain any moneys required by law to be deposited in the account. 246 Moneys in the account shall be expended by the Department of Public 247 Health for the purposes of addressing unexpected shortfalls in public 248 health funding and ensuring the Department of Public Health's ability 249 to respond to the health care needs of state residents and provide a 250 continuity of essential public health services. Said department shall not 251 expend any moneys in the account for any of the purposes described in 252 subsection (b) of section 5 of this act.

253 Sec. 10. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2025*) (a) As used in this section:

(1) "Advanced practice registered nurse" means an individual
licensed as an advanced practice registered nurse pursuant to chapter
378 of the general statutes;

(2) "Physician" means an individual licensed as a physician pursuant
to chapter 370 of the general statutes;

(3) "Physician assistant" means an individual licensed as a physicianassistant pursuant to chapter 370 of the general statutes; and

261 (4) "Sudden unexpected death in epilepsy" means the death of a
262 person with epilepsy that is not caused by injury, drowning or other
263 known causes unrelated to epilepsy.

(b) On and after October 1, 2025, each physician, advanced practice registered nurse and physician assistant who regularly treats patients with epilepsy shall provide each such patient with information concerning the risk of sudden unexpected death in epilepsy and methods to mitigate such risk.

269 Sec. 11. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2025*) (a) As used in this section:

(1) "Assisted living services agency" means an entity licensed by the
Department of Public Health pursuant to chapter 368v of the general
statutes that provides, among other things, nursing services and
assistance with activities of daily living in a managed residential
community to a population that is chronic and stable;

275 (2) "Automated external defibrillator" means a device that: (A) Is used 276 to administer an electric shock through the chest wall to the heart; (B) 277 contains internal decision-making electronics, microcomputers or 278 special software that allows it to interpret physiologic signals, make 279 medical diagnoses and, if necessary, apply therapy; (C) guides the user 280 through the process of using the device by audible or visual prompts; 281 and (D) does not require the user to employ any discretion or judgment 282 in its use;

283 (3) "Managed residential community" means a for-profit or not-for-284 profit facility consisting of private residential units that provides a 285 managed group living environment consisting of housing and services 286 for persons who are primarily fifty-five years of age or older. "Managed 287 residential community" does not include (A) any state-funded 288 congregate housing facility, (B) any elderly housing complex receiving 289 assistance and funding through the United States Department of 290 Housing and Urban Development's Assisted Living Conversion 291 Program, or (C) any affordable housing unit subsidized under the assisted living demonstration project established pursuant to section17b-347e of the general statutes; and

(4) "Nursing home" means (A) any chronic and convalescent nursing
home or any rest home with nursing supervision that provides nursing
supervision under a medical director twenty-four hours per day; or (B)
any chronic and convalescent nursing home that provides skilled
nursing care under medical supervision and direction to carry out
nonsurgical treatment and dietary procedures for chronic diseases,
convalescent stages, acute diseases or injuries.

301 (b) Not later than January 1, 2026, the administrator of each nursing 302 home and each managed residential community shall (1) provide and 303 maintain an automated external defibrillator in a central location on the 304 premises of the nursing home or managed residential community, (2) 305 make such central location known and accessible to staff members and 306 residents of the home or community and family members of such 307 residents who visit the home or community, and (3) maintain and test automatic external defibrillator in accordance with 308 the the 309 manufacturer's guidelines.

310 Sec. 12. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2025*) (a) As used in this section:

(1) "Pancreatic cancer screening and referral services" means
necessary pancreatic cancer screening services and referral services for
a procedure intended to treat cancer of the human pancreas, including,
but not limited to, surgery, radiation therapy, chemotherapy and related
medical follow-up services.

(2) "Unserved or underserved populations" means patients who are:
(A) At or below two hundred fifty per cent of the federal poverty level
for individuals; (B) without health coverage for pancreatic cancer
screening services; and (C) of an age at which pancreatic cancer
screening services are deemed appropriate by medical professionals.

321 (b) Not later than January 1, 2026, the Commissioner of Public Health322 shall establish, within available appropriations, a pancreatic cancer

323 screening and treatment referral program within the Department of 324 Public Health, to (1) promote screening, detection and treatment of 325 pancreatic cancer among unserved or underserved populations, while 326 giving priority consideration to patients in minority communities, (2) 327 educate the public regarding pancreatic cancer and the benefits of early 328 detection, and (3) provide counseling and referral services for treatment.

329 (c) The program shall include, but need not be limited to:

(1) The establishment of a public education and outreach initiative to
publicize (A) pancreatic cancer screening services and the extent of
health coverage that may be available for such services; (B) the benefits
of early detection of pancreatic cancer and the recommended frequency
of screening services, including clinical examinations; and (C) the
medical assistance program and any other public or private program
that patients may use to access such services;

337 (2) The provision of pancreatic screening and treatment referral
338 services by providers of such services who register with the Department
339 of Public Health;

(3) The development of professional education programs, including,
but not limited to, education concerning the benefits of early detection
of pancreatic cancer and the recommended frequency of such pancreatic
cancer screenings;

(4) The establishment of a system to track and follow up on all
patients participating in the program who were screened for pancreatic
cancer, which system shall include, but need not be limited to, followup of abnormal screening tests and referral to treatment services when
needed and tracking such patients to be screened at recommended
screening intervals; and

(5) A method of determining whether each participating provider of
pancreatic cancer screening services is in compliance with federal and
state quality assurance requirements.

353 Sec. 13. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) As used in this section:

(1) "Emergency medical services personnel" means (A) any emergency medical responder certified pursuant to sections 20-206*ll* and 20-206mm of the general statutes, (B) any class of emergency medical technician certified pursuant to sections 20-206*ll* and 20-206mm of the general statutes, including, but not limited to, any advanced emergency medical technician, and (C) any paramedic licensed pursuant to sections 20-206*ll* and 20-206mm of the general statutes; and

361 (2) "Glucagon nasal powder" means a class of medications (A)
362 referred to as glycogenolytic agents that cause the liver to reduce stored
363 sugar to the blood and are intended for the treatment of severe
364 hypoglycemia in persons with diabetes who are treated with insulin,
365 and (B) administered intranasally.

366 (b) Any emergency medical services personnel who has been trained, 367 in accordance with national standards recognized by the Commissioner 368 of Public Health, in the administration of glucagon nasal powder may 369 administer glucagon nasal powder when the use of glucagon is deemed 370 necessary by the emergency medical services personnel for the 371 treatment of a patient. All emergency medical services personnel shall 372 receive such training from an organization designated by the 373 commissioner.

(c) All licensed or certified ambulances may be equipped withglucagon nasal powder to be administered as described in subsection(b) of this section.

Sec. 14. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2025*) (a) As used in this section, (1) "hospital" has the same meaning as provided in section 19a-490 of the general statutes; and (2) "hospital financial assistance" means any program administered by a hospital that reduces, in whole or in part, a patient's liability for the cost of providing services, as defined in section 19a-673 of the general statutes.

383 (b) The Office of the Healthcare Advocate shall contract with a

384 vendor to develop an online hospital financial assistance portal for use 385 by patients and family members. Such portal shall serve as a navigation 386 tool to help patients and family members identify and apply for hospital 387 financial assistance at hospitals in the state. The portal may include, but 388 need not be limited to, (1) technical assistance and tools that streamline 389 the application process for hospital financial assistance, (2) a screening 390 tool to help determine whether patients may be eligible for hospital 391 financial assistance, and (3) information to assist patients and family 392 members in avoiding future medical debt.

393 (c) The Office of the Healthcare Advocate may, (1) in consultation 394 with the Office of Policy and Management, publish on the Office of the 395 Healthcare Advocate's Internet web site information regarding the 396 state's medical debt erasure initiative authorized pursuant to section 48 397 of public act 23-204, as amended by section 1 of public act 24-81, and (2) 398 in consultation with relevant organizations, develop recommendations 399 concerning such initiative that may assist patients and family members 400 in avoiding future medical debt, including, but not limited to, methods 401 to streamline the application process for hospital financial assistance.

402 (d) On and after July 1, 2026, any hospital maintaining a financial 403 assistance program shall provide the Office of the Healthcare Advocate 404 with the (1) links for each Internet web site for such program, and (2) 405 telephone number and electronic mail address for the hospital's 406 financial assistance referral contact. If a hospital revises its hospital 407 financial assistance application form, changes its financial assistance 408 referral contact or establishes a new hospital financial assistance 409 program, the hospital shall notify the Office of the Healthcare Advocate 410 of such revisions, changes or new program and provide said office with 411 any new links for each Internet web site or the telephone number and 412 electronic mail address of the new referral contact for such program not 413 later than thirty days after making such revisions or changes or 414 establishing a new program.

415 Sec. 15. Section 19a-36h of the general statutes is repealed and the 416 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) Not later than January 1, 2023, the commissioner shall adopt and
administer by reference the United States Food and Drug
Administration's Food Code [, as amended from time to time,] and <u>any</u>
revision thereto issued on or before December 31, 2024. The
<u>commissioner may adopt</u> any Food Code Supplement published by said
administration as the state's food code for the purpose of regulating
food establishments.

(b) The commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance with the
provisions of chapter 54, to implement the provisions of this section and
sections 19a-36i to 19a-36m, inclusive.

427 Sec. 16. Section 19a-491f of the general statutes is repealed and the 428 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

429 (a) Each home health care agency and home health aide agency, as 430 such terms are defined in section 19a-490, except any such agency that 431 is licensed as a hospice organization by the Department of Public Health 432 pursuant to section 19a-122b or that operates solely as a hospice agency, 433 a hospice program, as defined in subsection (b) of section 19-13-D72 of 434 the regulations of Connecticut state agencies, a hospice-based home care program, as described in subsection (o) of section 19a-495-5b of the 435 436 regulations of Connecticut state agencies, or a hospice inpatient facility, 437 as defined in section 19a-495-6a of the regulations of Connecticut state 438 agencies, shall, during intake of a prospective client who will be 439 receiving services from the agency, collect and provide to any employee 440 assigned to provide services to such client, to the extent feasible and 441 consistent with state and federal laws, information regarding: (1) The 442 client, including, if applicable, (A) the client's history of violence toward 443 health care workers; (B) the client's history of substance use; (C) the 444 client's history of domestic abuse; (D) a list of the client's diagnoses, 445 including, but not limited to, psychiatric history; (E) whether the client's 446 diagnoses or symptoms thereof have remained stable over time; and (F) 447 any information concerning violent acts involving the client that is 448 contained in judicial records or any sex offender registry information 449 concerning the client; and (2) the location where the employee will

450 provide services, including, if known to the agency, the (A) crime rate 451 for the municipality in which the employee will provide services, as 452 determined by the most recent annual report concerning crime in the 453 state issued by the Department of Emergency Services and Public 454 Protection pursuant to section 29-1c, (B) presence of any hazardous 455 materials at the location, including, but not limited to, used syringes, (C) 456 presence of firearms or other weapons at the location, (D) status of the 457 location's fire alarm system, and (E) presence of any other safety hazards 458 at the locations.

(b) To facilitate compliance with subparagraph (A) of subdivision (2)
of subsection (a) of this section, each such agency shall annually review
the annual report issued by the department pursuant to section 29-1c to
collect crime-related data regarding the locations in the state where such
agency's employees provide services.

(c) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (a) or (b) of this section, no such agency shall deny the provision of services to a client solely based on (1) the inability or refusal of the client to provide the information described in subsection (a) of this section, or (2) the information collected from the client pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

470 (d) Any health care provider, as defined in section 19a-17b, who 471 refers or transfers a patient to a home health care agency, home health 472 aide agency or hospice agency shall, at the time of such referral and to 473 the extent feasible and consistent with state and federal laws, provide 474 any documentation or information in such health care provider's 475 possession relating to the topics described in subdivision (1) of 476 subsection (a) of this section.

477 Sec. 17. Section 19a-491g of the general statutes is repealed and the 478 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

(a) Each home health care agency, [and] home health aide agency and
<u>hospice agency</u>, as such terms are defined in section 19a-490, [except any

481 such agency that is licensed as a hospice organization by the 482 Department of Public Health pursuant to section 19a-122b, shall (1) (A) 483 adopt and implement a health and safety training curriculum for home 484 care workers that is consistent with the health and safety training 485 curriculum for such workers that is endorsed by the Centers for Disease 486 Control and Prevention's National Institute for Occupational Safety and 487 Health and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, 488 including, but not limited to, training to recognize hazards commonly 489 encountered in home care workplaces and applying practical solutions 490 to manage risks and improve safety, and (B) provide annual staff 491 training consistent with such health and safety curriculum; and (2) 492 [conduct monthly safety assessments with direct care staff at the 493 agency's monthly staff meeting] establish a system by which staff may 494 promptly report an incidence of violence or potential threat of violence 495 in conjunction with monthly safety assessments conducted with direct 496 care staff, which assessments may occur through in-person or virtual 497 staff meetings or other communication methods, including, but not 498 limited to, electronic mail, text messages, telephone calls, a hotline or a 499 reporting portal.

500 (b) The Commissioner of Social Services shall require any home 501 health care agency, [and] home health aide agency [, except any such 502 agency that is licensed as a hospice organization by the Department of 503 Public Health pursuant to section 19a-122b,] and hospice agency that 504 receives reimbursement for services rendered under the Connecticut 505 medical assistance program, as defined in section 17b-245g, to provide 506 evidence of adoption and implementation of such health and safety 507 training curriculum pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this 508 section, or, at the commissioner's discretion, an alternative workplace 509 safety training program applicable to such agency to obtain 510 reimbursement for services provided under the medical assistance 511 program.

(c) The commissioner may, within available appropriations, providea rate enhancement under the Connecticut medical assistance program

514 515 516 517 518 519 520	for any home health care agency, [or] home health aide agency [, except any such agency that is licensed as a hospice organization by the Department of Public Health pursuant to section 19a-122b,] <u>or hospice</u> <u>agency</u> for timely reporting of any workplace violence incident. For purposes of this section, "timely reporting" means reporting such incident not later than seven calendar days after its occurrence to the Department of Social Services and the Department of Public Health.
521 522 523	Sec. 18. Subsection (a) of section 19a-491h of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (<i>Effective October</i> 1, 2025):
524 525 526 527 528 529 530 531 532 533 534	(a) Not later than January 1, 2025, and annually thereafter, each home health care agency, [and] home health aide agency <u>and hospice agency</u> , as such terms are defined in section 19a-490, [except any such agency that is licensed as a hospice organization by the Department of Public Health pursuant to section 19a-122b,] shall report, in a form and manner prescribed by the Commissioner of Public Health, each instance of verbal abuse that is perceived as a threat or danger by a staff member of such agency, physical abuse, sexual abuse or any other abuse by an agency client <u>or any other person</u> against a staff member [of] <u>relating to such staff member's employment with</u> such agency and the actions taken by the agency to ensure the safety of the staff member.
535 536	Sec. 19. Section 18-81qq of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (<i>Effective October 1, 2025</i>):
537 538 539 540	(a) (1) There is, within the Office of Governmental Accountability established under section 1-300, the Office of the Correction Ombuds for the provision of ombuds services. The Correction Ombuds appointed pursuant to section 18-81jj shall be the head of said office.
541	(2) For purposes of this section, "ombuds services" includes:
542 543	(A) Evaluating the delivery of services to [incarcerated] persons <u>who</u> <u>are incarcerated</u> by the Department of Correction;

(B) Reviewing periodically the nonemergency procedures
established by the department to carry out the provisions of title 18 and
evaluating whether such procedures conflict with the rights of
[incarcerated] persons who are incarcerated;

548 (C) Receiving communications from persons in the custody of the
549 Commissioner of Correction regarding decisions, actions, omissions,
550 policies, procedures, rules or regulations of the department;

(D) Conducting site visits of correctional facilities administered bythe department;

553 (E) Reviewing the operation of correctional facilities and 554 nonemergency procedures employed at such facilities. Nonemergency 555 procedures include, but are not limited to, the department's use of force 556 procedures;

557 (F) Recommending procedure and policy revisions to the 558 department;

(G) Taking all possible actions, including, but not limited to, conducting programs of public education, undertaking legislative advocacy and making proposals for systemic reform and formal legal action in order to secure and ensure the rights of persons in the custody of the commissioner. The Correction Ombuds shall exhaust all other means to reach a resolution before initiating litigation; [and]

(H) Publishing on an Internet web site operated by the Office of the
Correction Ombuds a semiannual summary of all ombuds services and
activities during the six-month period before such publication; and

(I) Evaluating the provision of health care services, including, but not
 limited to, medical care, dental care, mental health care and substance
 use disorder treatment services, to persons who are incarcerated by the
 Department of Correction.

572 (b) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, the

573 Correction Ombuds shall act independently of any department in the 574 performance of the office's duties.

(c) The Correction Ombuds may, within available funds, appoint
such staff as may be deemed necessary. The duties of the staff may
include the duties and powers of the Correction Ombuds if performed
under the direction of the Correction Ombuds.

(d) The General Assembly shall annually appropriate such sums as
necessary for the payment of the salaries of the staff and for the payment
of office expenses and other actual expenses incurred by the Correction
Ombuds in the performance of the Correction Ombuds' duties. Any
legal or court fees obtained by the state in actions brought by the
Correction Ombuds shall be deposited in the General Fund.

585 (e) In the course of investigations, the Correction Ombuds shall rely 586 on a variety of sources to corroborate matters raised by [incarcerated] 587 persons who are incarcerated or others. Where such matters turn on 588 validation of particular incidents, the Correction Ombuds shall 589 endeavor to rely on communications from [incarcerated] persons who 590 are incarcerated who have reasonably pursued a resolution of the 591 complaint through any existing internal grievance procedures of the 592 Department of Correction. In all events, the Correction Ombuds shall 593 make good faith efforts to provide an opportunity to the Commissioner 594 of Correction to investigate and to respond to such concerns prior to 595 making such matters public.

596 (f) All oral and written communications, and records relating to such 597 communications between a person in the custody of the Commissioner 598 of Correction and the Correction Ombuds or a member of the Office of 599 the Correction Ombuds staff, including, but not limited to, the identity 600 of a complainant, the details of the communications and the Correction 601 Ombuds' findings shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed 602 without the consent of such person, except that the Correction Ombuds 603 may disclose without the consent of such person general findings or 604 policy recommendations based on such communications, provided no

sSB 7

individually identifiable information is disclosed. The Correction
Ombuds shall disclose sufficient information to the Commissioner of
Correction or the commissioner's designee as is necessary to respond to
the Correction Ombuds' inquiries or to carry out recommendations, but
such information may not be further disclosed outside of the
Department of Correction.

611 (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (f) of this section, 612 whenever in the course of carrying out the Correction Ombuds' duties, 613 the Correction Ombuds or a member of the Office of the Correction Ombuds staff becomes aware of the commission or planned commission 614 615 of a criminal act or threat that the Correction Ombuds reasonably 616 believes is likely to result in death or substantial bodily harm, the 617 Correction Ombuds shall notify the Commissioner of Correction or an 618 administrator of any correctional facility housing the perpetrator or 619 potential perpetrator of such act or threat and the nature and target of 620 the act or threat.

621 (h) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes concerning 622 the confidentiality of records and information, the Correction Ombuds 623 shall have access to, including the right to inspect and copy, any records 624 necessary to carry out the responsibilities of the Correction Ombuds, as 625 provided in this section. The provisions of this subsection shall not be 626 construed to compel access to any record protected by the attorney-627 client privilege or attorney-work product doctrine or any record related 628 to a pending internal investigation, external criminal investigation or 629 emergency procedures. For purposes of this subsection, "emergency 630 procedures" are procedures the Department of Correction uses to 631 manage control of tools, keys and armories and concerning department 632 emergency plans, emergency response units, facility security levels and 633 standards and radio communications.

(i) In the performance of the responsibilities provided for in this
section, the Correction Ombuds may communicate privately with any
person in the custody of the commissioner. Such communications shall
be confidential except as provided in subsections (e) and (f) of this

638 section.

639 (j) The Correction Ombuds may apply for and accept grants, gifts and 640 bequests of funds from other states, federal and interstate agencies, for 641 the purpose of carrying out the Correction Ombuds' responsibilities. 642 There is established within the General Fund a Correction Ombuds 643 account which shall be a separate, nonlapsing account. Any funds 644 received under this subsection shall, upon deposit in the General Fund, 645 be credited to said account and may be used by the Correction Ombuds 646 in the performance of the Correction Ombuds' duties.

647 (k) The name, address and other personally identifiable information 648 of a person who makes a complaint to the Correction Ombuds, 649 information obtained or generated by the Office of the Correction 650 Ombuds in the course of an investigation and all confidential records 651 obtained by the Correction Ombuds or the office shall be confidential 652 and shall not be subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information 653 Act, as defined in section 1-200, or otherwise except as provided in 654 subsections (f) and (g) of this section.

(1) No state or municipal agency shall discharge, or in any manner
discriminate or retaliate against, any employee who in good faith makes
a complaint to the Correction Ombuds or cooperates with the Office of
the Correction Ombuds in an investigation.

(m) The Correction Ombuds may perform the following functions in
the evaluation of the provision of health care services pursuant to
subparagraph (I) of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section:
(1) Receive, investigate and respond to complaints regarding access

664 (2) Employ or contract with licensed health care professionals to

665 <u>provide independent clinical reviews of such complaints, when</u> 666 <u>necessary;</u>

667 (3) Collect and analyze health-related data across correctional

⁶⁶³ to or quality of health care services within the Department of Correction;

_	sSB 7 Amendment	
668	facilities, including, but not limited to:	
669	(A) Medical appointment wait times;	
670	(B) Mental health care access;	
671	(C) Medication access and continuity; and	
672	(D) Incidences of hospitalizations and mortalities; and	
673	(4) Make recommendations to the Departments of Correction and	
674	Public Health and the joint standing committees of the General	
675	Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health and the	
676	judiciary regarding necessary improvements in the delivery of health	
677		
678 679 680 681 682 683 684 685 686 686 687 688	[(m)] (n) Not later than December [1, 2023, and] first, annually, [thereafter,] the Correction Ombuds shall submit a report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the Department of Correction regarding the conditions of confinement in the state's correctional facilities and halfway houses, including, but not limited to, the delivery of health care services in such facilities and halfway houses. Such report shall detail the Correction Ombuds' findings and recommendations, including, but not limited to, recommendations for any improvements in the delivery of such services.	
689 690 691 692 693	Sec. 20. (<i>Effective from passage</i>) The Probate Court Administrator and the Commissioner of Social Services shall evaluate the feasibility of establishing an expedited process for the appointment of a conservator for patients of hospital emergency departments who lack the capacity to consent to receive health care services from the hospital to ensure such patients receive such services in a timely fashion and help alleviate	

694 patients receive such services in a timely fashion and help alleviate695 emergency department boarding and crowding. Not later than January

696 1, 2026, said administrator and commissioner shall jointly report, in697 accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes,

698 to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having 699 cognizance of matters relating to public health regarding such 700 evaluation and any recommendations for legislation necessary to 701 establish an expedited conservator process for emergency department 702 patients. As used in this section, "emergency department boarding" 703 means holding patients who have been admitted to the hospital after 704 presenting to the emergency department in the emergency department 705 while awaiting an inpatient bed.

Sec. 21. Section 19a-490ii of the general statutes is repealed and thefollowing is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

708 (a) Not later than January 1, 2025, and annually thereafter until 709 January 1, 2029, each hospital in the state with an emergency 710 department shall, and each hospital operated exclusively by the state 711 may, directly or in consultation with a hospital association in the state, 712 analyze the following data from the previous calendar year concerning 713 its emergency department: (1) The number of patients who received 714 treatment in the emergency department; (2) the number of emergency 715 department patients who were admitted to the hospital; (3) for patients 716 admitted to the hospital after presenting to the emergency department, 717 the average length of time from the patient's first presentation to the 718 emergency department until the patient's admission to the hospital; and 719 (4) the percentage of patients who were admitted to the hospital after 720 presenting to the emergency department but were transferred to an 721 available bed located in a physical location other than the emergency 722 department more than four hours after an admitting order for the 723 patient was completed. Each such hospital shall utilize such analysis 724 with the goals of (A) developing policies or procedures to reduce wait 725 times for admission to the hospital after a patient presents to the 726 emergency department, (B) informing potential methods to improve 727 admission efficiencies, and (C) examining root causes for delays in 728 admission times.

(b) Not later than March 1, 2025, and annually thereafter until March1, 2029, each hospital that conducts an analysis pursuant to subsection

731 (a) of this section shall submit a report, in accordance with the 732 provisions of section 11-4a, to the joint standing committee of the 733 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public 734 health and, not later than March 1, 2026, and annually thereafter until 735 March 1, 2029, shall also submit such report to the Commissioners of 736 Public Health and Health Strategy and the Healthcare Advocate, 737 regarding its findings and any recommendations for achieving the goals 738 described in subparagraphs (A) to (C), inclusive, of subdivision (4) of 739 subsection (a) of this section. 740 Sec. 22. (Effective from passage) (a) There is established a working 741 group to evaluate hospital discharge challenges, including, but not 742 limited to, hospital discharge practices, and propose strategies to reduce 743 discharge delays, improve transitions of care and alleviate emergency 744 department boarding. 745 (b) The working group shall consist of the following members, who 746 shall be appointed by the chairpersons and ranking members of the joint 747 standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of 748 matters relating to public health: 749 (1) Two hospital administrators, who shall be a chief operating officer 750 or vice president of care coordination, one of whom shall be from an 751 urban hospital and one of whom shall be from a rural hospital; 752 (2) Two emergency department physicians, who shall be nominated 753 by a college of emergency physicians in the state; 754 (3) One practicing hospitalist with experience in discharge planning; 755 (4) Two executives of health systems, one of whom shall be from a 756 community hospital; 757 (5) One representative of a commercial health insurer licensed in the 758 state; 759 (6) One representative of a care management organization under a

_	sSB 7 Amendment
760	Medicaid care management contract with the state;
761	(7) One representative of a skilled nursing facility;
762 763	(8) One representative of a home health or community-based care organization;
764	(9) One behavioral health provider involved in discharge transitions;
765 766	(10) One primary care physician affiliated with a clinically integrated network;
767 768	(11) One representative of a patient advocacy organization with expertise in transitions of care;
769	(12) One representative of an association of hospitals in the state;
770 771	(13) One academic or public health policy expert from an institution of higher education in the state;
772 773	(14) The Commissioner of Public Health, or the commissioner's designee;
774 775	(15) The Commissioner of Health Strategy, or the commissioner's designee;
776 777	(16) The Commissioner of Social Services, or the commissioner's designee;
778 779	(17) The Insurance Commissioner, or the commissioner's designee; and
780 781 782 783 784	(18) One member of the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health and one member of the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to human services, who shall be nonvoting members of the working group.
785	(c) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the

General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to publichealth shall serve as the administrative staff of the working group.

(d) Not later than January 15, 2026, the working group shall submit a
report of its findings and recommendations, in accordance with the
provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, to the joint standing
committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
relating to public health and human services.

793 Sec. 23. (*Effective from passage*) (a) As used in this section:

794 (1) "Overdose prevention center" means a community-based facility 795 where a person with a substance use disorder may (A) (i) receive 796 substance use disorder and other mental health counseling, (ii) use a test 797 strip or any other drug testing technology to test a substance prior to 798 consuming the substance, (iii) receive educational information 799 regarding opioid antagonists, as defined in section 17a-714a of the 800 general statutes, and the risks of contracting diseases from sharing 801 hypodermic needles and syringes and other drug paraphernalia, (iv) 802 receive referrals to substance use disorder treatment services, and (v) 803 receive access to basic support services, including, but not limited to, 804 laundry machines, a bathroom, a shower and a place to rest, and (B) in 805 a separate location within the facility, safely consume controlled 806 substances under the observation of licensed health care providers who 807 are present to provide necessary medical treatment in the event of an 808 overdose of a controlled substance; and

(2) "Test strip" means a product that a person may use to test any
substance, prior to injection, inhalation or ingestion of the substance, for
traces of any component recognized by the Commissioner of Mental
Health and Addiction Services as having a high risk of causing an
overdose to help prevent an accidental overdose by injection, inhalation
or ingestion of such component.

(b) The Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, inconsultation with the Department of Public Health, may establish a pilot

sSB 7

817 program to prevent drug overdoses through the establishment of 818 overdose prevention centers in four municipalities in the state selected 819 by the Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services, subject 820 to the approval of the governing body of each municipality selected by 821 said commissioner.

822 (c) Each overdose prevention center established pursuant to 823 subsection (b) of this section shall (1) employ persons, who may include, 824 but need not be limited to, licensed health care providers, with 825 experience treating persons with a substance use disorder, in a number 826 determined sufficient by the Commissioner of Mental Health and 827 Addiction Services, to provide substance use disorder or other mental 828 health counseling and monitor persons utilizing the overdose 829 prevention center for the purpose of providing medical treatment to any 830 person who experiences symptoms of an overdose, (2) provide persons 831 with test strips or any other drug testing technology at the request of 832 such persons, and (3) provide (A) referrals for substance use disorder, 833 or (B) other mental health counseling or other mental health or medical 834 treatment services that may be appropriate for persons utilizing the 835 overdose prevention center. A licensed health care provider who is 836 participating in the pilot program may administer an opioid antagonist 837 to any person to treat or prevent an opioid-related drug overdose. Such 838 licensed health care provider who administers an opioid antagonist in 839 accordance with the provisions of this subsection shall not be liable for 840 damages in a civil action or subject to criminal prosecution for 841 administration of such opioid antagonist and shall not be deemed to 842 have violated the standard of care for such licensed health care provider. 843 A licensed health care provider's participation in the pilot program shall 844 not be grounds for disciplinary action by the Department of Public 845 Health pursuant to section 19a-17 of the general statutes or by any board 846 or commission listed in subsection (b) of section 19a-14 of the general 847 statutes.

848 (d) The Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services may849 establish an advisory committee to provide recommendations to the

850 Departments of Mental Health and Addiction Services and Public 851 Health concerning the overdose prevention pilot program in accordance 852 with subsection (e) of this section. If the commissioner establishes the 853 advisory committee, the commissioner shall serve as chairperson of the 854 advisory committee and the advisory committee shall consist of the 855 following additional members: (1) The Attorney General, or the 856 Attorney General's designee; (2) a representative of a medical society in 857 the state; (3) a representative of an association of hospitals in the state; 858 (4) a representative of the Connecticut chapter of a national society of 859 addiction medicine; (5) a person with a substance use disorder; (6) a 860 person working in overdose prevention; (7) two current or former law 861 enforcement officials, one of whom is or was a law enforcement official in the state; (8) a representative of a conference of municipalities in the 862 863 state; (9) a person who has suffered a drug overdose; (10) a family 864 member of a person who suffered a fatal drug overdose; (11) a professor 865 at an institution of higher education in the state with experience 866 researching issues concerning overdose prevention; (12) a person with 867 experience in the establishment or operation of one or more overdose 868 prevention centers located outside of the United States; and (13) a 869 representative of a northeastern coalition of harm reduction centers.

(e) Any advisory committee established pursuant to subsection (d) of
this section shall make recommendations regarding the overdose
prevention pilot program to the Commissioners of Mental Health and
Addiction Services and Public Health concerning the following:

874 (1) Methods of maximizing the public health and safety benefits of875 overdose prevention centers;

876 (2) The proper disposal of hypodermic needles and syringes and877 other drug paraphernalia from the overdose prevention centers;

878 (3) The availability of programs to support persons utilizing the
879 overdose prevention centers in their recovery from a substance use
880 disorder;

_	sSB 7 Amendment
881 882	(4) Any laws impacting the establishment and operation of the overdose prevention centers;
883 884 885	(5) Appropriate guidance to relevant professional licensing boards concerning health care providers who provide services at the overdose prevention centers; and
886 887 888	(6) The consideration of any other factors relevant to the overdose prevention centers that are beneficial to promoting the public health and safety.
889 890 891	(f) The Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services may adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the provisions of this section.
892 893 894 895 896 897 898 899	(g) Not later than January 1, 2027, the Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services shall report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health regarding the operation of the pilot program, if established, and any recommendations from the advisory committee, if established, concerning such pilot program or any legislation necessary to establish overdose prevention centers on a permanent basis.
900 901 902 903 904 905 906	(h) The Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services shall not expend any state funds in the implementation or operation of the pilot program. The department may accept donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services from private sources, and receive, utilize and dispose of such money, equipment, supplies, material and services in the implementation and operation of the pilot program.
907 908 909 910	Sec. 24. Subsection (b) of section 19a-638 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (<i>Effective from passage</i>):(b) A certificate of need shall not be required for:

_	sSB 7 Amendment	
911	(1) Health care facilities owned and operated by the federal	
912	government;	
913	(2) The establishment of offices by a licensed private practitioner,	
914	whether for individual or group practice, except when a certificate of	
915	need is required in accordance with the requirements of section 19a-	
916	493b or subdivision (3), (10) or (11) of subsection (a) of this section;	
917	(3) A health care facility operated by a religious group that	
918	exclusively relies upon spiritual means through prayer for healing;	
919	(4) Residential care homes, as defined in subsection (c) of section 19a-	
920	490, and nursing homes and rest homes, as defined in subsection (o) of	
921	section 19a-490;	
922	(5) An assisted living services agency, as defined in section 19a-490;	
923	(6) Home health agencies, as defined in section 19a-490;	
924	(7) Hospice services, as described in section 19a-122b;	
925	(8) Outpatient rehabilitation facilities;	
926	(9) Outpatient chronic dialysis services;	
927	(10) Transplant services;	
928	(11) Free clinics, as defined in section 19a-630;	
929	(12) School-based health centers and expanded school health sites, as	
930	such terms are defined in section 19a-6r, community health centers, as	
931	defined in section 19a-490a, not-for-profit outpatient clinics licensed in	
932	accordance with the provisions of chapter 368v and federally qualified	
933	health centers;	
934	(13) A program licensed or funded by the Department of Children	
935	and Families, provided such program is not a psychiatric residential	
936	treatment facility;	

937 (14) Any nonprofit facility, institution or provider that has a contract 938 with, or is certified or licensed to provide a service for, a state agency or 939 department for a service that would otherwise require a certificate of 940 need. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to a short-term 941 acute care general hospital or children's hospital, or a hospital or other 942 facility or institution operated by the state that provides services that are 943 eligible for reimbursement under Title XVIII or XIX of the federal Social 944 Security Act, 42 USC 301, as amended;

945 (15) A health care facility operated by a nonprofit educational
946 institution exclusively for students, faculty and staff of such institution
947 and their dependents;

(16) An outpatient clinic or program operated exclusively by or
contracted to be operated exclusively by a municipality, municipal
agency, municipal board of education or a health district, as described
in section 19a-241;

952 (17) A residential facility for persons with intellectual disability
953 licensed pursuant to section 17a-227 and certified to participate in the
954 Title XIX Medicaid program as an intermediate care facility for
955 individuals with intellectual disabilities;

956 (18) Replacement of existing computed tomography scanners, 957 magnetic resonance imaging scanners, positron emission tomography 958 scanners, positron emission tomography-computed tomography 959 scanners, or nonhospital based linear accelerators, if such equipment 960 was acquired through certificate of need approval or a certificate of need 961 determination, provided a health care facility, provider, physician or 962 person notifies the unit of the date on which the equipment is replaced 963 and the disposition of the replaced equipment, including if a 964 replacement scanner has dual modalities or functionalities and the 965 applicant already offers similar imaging services for each of the 966 equipment's modalities or functionalities that will be utilized;

967 (19) Acquisition of cone-beam dental imaging equipment that is to be

sSB 7

968 used exclusively by a dentist licensed pursuant to chapter 379;

(20) The partial or total elimination of services provided by an
outpatient surgical facility, as defined in section 19a-493b, except as
provided in subdivision (6) of subsection (a) of this section and section
19a-639e;

973 (21) The termination of services for which the Department of Public974 Health has requested the facility to relinquish its license;

975 (22) Acquisition of any equipment by any person that is to be used976 exclusively for scientific research that is not conducted on humans;

977 (23) On or before June 30, 2026, an increase in the licensed bed 978 capacity of a mental health facility, provided (A) the mental health 979 facility demonstrates to the unit, in a form and manner prescribed by 980 the unit, that it accepts reimbursement for any covered benefit provided 981 to a covered individual under: (i) An individual or group health insurance policy providing coverage of the type specified in 982 983 subdivisions (1), (2), (4), (11) and (12) of section 38a-469; (ii) a self-984 insured employee welfare benefit plan established pursuant to the 985 federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended 986 from time to time; or (iii) HUSKY Health, as defined in section 17b-290, 987 and (B) if the mental health facility does not accept or stops accepting 988 reimbursement for any covered benefit provided to a covered 989 individual under a policy, plan or program described in clause (i), (ii) or 990 (iii) of subparagraph (A) of this subdivision, a certificate of need for such 991 increase in the licensed bed capacity shall be required; [.]

(24) The establishment [at] <u>of</u> harm reduction centers through the
pilot program established pursuant to section 17a-673c <u>or overdose</u>
prevention centers through the pilot program established pursuant to
<u>section 23 of this act</u>; or

996 (25) On or before June 30, 2028, a birth center, as defined in section
997 19a-490, that is enrolled as a provider in the Connecticut medical
998 assistance program, as defined in section 17b-245g."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following				
sections:				
Section 1	from passage	19a-38		
Sec. 2	from passage	New section		
Sec. 3	from passage	New section		
Sec. 4	from passage	New section		
Sec. 5	July 1, 2025	New section		
Sec. 6	from passage	New section		
Sec. 7	from passage	17a-667a(f)		
Sec. 8	from passage	New section		
Sec. 9	from passage	New section		
Sec. 10	July 1, 2025	New section		
Sec. 11	October 1, 2025	New section		
Sec. 12	October 1, 2025	New section		
Sec. 13	from passage	New section		
Sec. 14	July 1, 2025	New section		
Sec. 15	from passage	19a-36h		
Sec. 16	October 1, 2025	19a-491f		
Sec. 17	October 1, 2025	19a-491g		
Sec. 18	October 1, 2025	19a-491h(a)		
Sec. 19	October 1, 2025	18-81qq		
Sec. 20	from passage	New section		
Sec. 21	from passage	19a-490ii		
Sec. 22	from passage	New section		
Sec. 23	from passage	New section		
Sec. 24	from passage	19a-638(b)		