

General Assembly

January Session, 2025

Amendment

LCO No. 9083



Offered by: SEN. ANWAR, 3<sup>rd</sup> Dist. REP. MCCARTHY VAHEY, 133<sup>rd</sup> Dist. SEN. LOONEY, 11<sup>th</sup> Dist. SEN. DUFF, 25<sup>th</sup> Dist. SEN. RAHMAN, 4<sup>th</sup> Dist. SEN. CABRERA, 17<sup>th</sup> Dist. SEN. GASTON, 23<sup>rd</sup> Dist. SEN. MAHER, 26<sup>th</sup> Dist.

SEN. LOPES, 6<sup>th</sup> Dist.
SEN. SLAP, 5<sup>th</sup> Dist.
SEN. WINFIELD, 10<sup>th</sup> Dist.
SEN. GADKAR-WILCOX, 22<sup>nd</sup> Dist.
SEN. HOCHADEL, 13<sup>th</sup> Dist.
SEN. COHEN, 12<sup>th</sup> Dist.
SEN. MARONEY, 14<sup>th</sup> Dist.
SEN. MILLER P., 27<sup>th</sup> Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. 7

File No. 604 Cal. No. 329

## "AN ACT CONCERNING PROTECTIONS FOR ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE AND THE EQUITABLE DELIVERY OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES IN THE STATE."

Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
 following in lieu thereof:

- "Section 1. Section 19a-38 of the general statutes is repealed and the
  following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 5 A water company, as defined in section 25-32a, shall add a measured 6 amount of fluoride to the water supply of any water system that it owns 7 and operates and that serves twenty thousand or more persons so as to 8 maintain an average monthly fluoride content that is not more or less

	sSB 7 Amendment
9	than [0.15 of a milligram per liter different than the United States
10	Department of Health and Human Services' most recent
11	recommendation for optimal fluoride levels in drinking water to
12	prevent tooth decay] 0.7 of a milligram of fluoride per liter of water
13	provided such average monthly fluoride content shall not deviate
14	greater or less than 0.15 of a milligram per liter.
15	Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) The Commissioner of Public
16	Health may establish an advisory committee to advise the commissioner
17	on matters relating to recommendations by the Centers for Disease
18	Control and Prevention and the federal Food and Drug Administration
19	using evidence-based data from peer-reviewed literature and studies.
20	(b) The advisory committee may include, but need not be limited to,
21	the following members:
22	(1) The dean of a school of public health at an independent institution
23	of higher education in the state;
24	(2) The dean of a school of public health at a public institution of
25	higher education in the state;
26	(3) A physician specializing in primary care who (A) has not less than
27	ten years of clinical practice experience, and (B) is a professor at a
28	medical school in the state;
29	(4) An infectious disease specialist who (A) has not less than ten years
30	of clinical practice experience, and (B) is a professor at an institution of
31	higher education in the state;
32	(5) A pediatrician who (A) has not less than ten years of clinical
33	practice experience and expertise in children's health and vaccinations,
34	and (B) is a professor at an institution of higher education in the state;
35	and
36	(6) Any other individuals determined to be a beneficial member of
37	the advisory committee by the Commissioner of Public Health.

38 (c) The advisory committee shall serve in a nonbinding advisory
39 capacity, providing guidance solely at the discretion of the
40 Commissioner of Public Health.

41 Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) (1) In cases in which there is 42 a serious risk to a patient's life or health, each emergency department of 43 a hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 368v of the general statutes shall 44 include as part of the care required of such emergency departments the 45 reproductive health care services related to complications of pregnancy 46 that are legal in this state and necessary to treat the patient, including, 47 but not limited to, services related to miscarriage management and 48 treatment for ectopic pregnancies.

49 (2) When providing emergency care, no such emergency department 50 or health care provider providing care at such emergency department 51 shall discriminate against a patient based upon the following factors or 52 categories: The person's ethnicity, citizenship, age, preexisting medical 53 condition, insurance status, economic status, ability to pay for medical 54 services, sex, race, color, religion, disability, genetic information, marital 55 status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, primary 56 language or immigration status. It shall not be discrimination for a 57 health care provider providing care at an emergency department to 58 consider any such factor or category if the health care provider believes 59 that such factor or category is medically significant to the provision of 60 appropriate medical care to the patient.

61 (b) Each emergency department of a hospital licensed pursuant to 62 chapter 368v of the general statutes shall meet the requirements of (1) 63 the federal Emergency Medical Treatment and Labor Act, 42 USC 64 1395dd, as amended from time to time, including, but not limited to, any 65 federal regulations adopted pursuant to said act governing the transfer 66 of patients by emergency departments, the capabilities of emergency 67 departments and on-call professional staff of emergency departments, 68 or (2) any regulations of Connecticut state agencies adopted pursuant to 69 section 4 of this act.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to impact acceptedmedical standards of care.

(d) Each hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 368v of the general
statutes that provides emergency care shall (1) adopt policies and
procedures to implement the provisions of this section, and (2) make
such policies and procedures available to the Department of Public
Health upon request.

(e) The Commissioner of Public Health may investigate each alleged
violation of this section or section 4 of this act unless the commissioner
concludes that the allegation does not include facts requiring further
investigation or is otherwise unmeritorious.

(f) The Commissioner of Public Health may take any action authorized by sections 19a-494 and 19a-494a of the general statutes against a hospital, or authorized by section 19a-17 of the general statutes against a licensed health provider, for a violation of this section or section 4 of this act.

86 Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) If the federal Emergency 87 Medical Treatment and Labor Act, 42 USC 1395dd, as it existed as of the 88 effective date of this section, in whole or in part, (1) is revoked, (2) fails 89 to be adequately enforced, or (3) otherwise becomes inapplicable in this 90 state, the Commissioner of Public Health shall adopt regulations, in 91 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to 92 implement the provisions of said act concerning operational 93 requirements for hospitals that are set forth in Appendix V to the State 94 Operations Manual for hospitals published by the Centers for Medicare 95 and Medicaid Services, as said manual existed on December 31, 2024. 96 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require the 97 commissioner to request or otherwise involve the participation by any 98 federal government entity in the oversight or enforcement of any 99 regulations adopted pursuant to this subsection. If the commissioner 100 finds, pursuant to subsection (g) of section 4-168 of the general statutes, 101 that adoption of such regulations upon fewer than thirty days' notice is

required due to an imminent peril to the public health, safety or welfare,
the commissioner shall adopt such regulations without prior notice,
public comment period or hearing, or upon any abbreviated notice,
public comment period and hearing, pursuant to said subsection, if
feasible.

107 (b) The Commissioner of Public Health shall have the sole discretion 108 to determine whether an event described in subdivisions (1) to (3), 109 inclusive, of subsection (a) of this section has occurred. The 110 commissioner may consult with the office of the Attorney General in 111 making such determination.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the
commissioner to (1) adopt the regulations described in subsection (a) of
this section based on routine changes to the federal Emergency Medical
Treatment and Labor Act, 42 USC 1395dd, as described in subsection (a)
of this section, that do not result in a material loss of patient rights, or
include provisions in such regulations that conflict with federal law.

(d) If the commissioner adopts regulations pursuant to this section,
the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having
cognizance of matters relating to public health shall annually (1) review
such regulations, and (2) make a recommendation to the commissioner
as to whether the commissioner should maintain or repeal such
regulations.

124 Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2025*) (a) As used in this section:

(1) "Collateral costs" means any out-of-pocket costs, other than the
cost of the procedure itself, necessary to receive reproductive health care
services or gender-affirming health care services in the state, including,
but not limited to, costs for travel, lodging and meals;

(2) "Gender-affirming health care services" means all medical care
relating to the treatment of gender dysphoria, as set forth in the most
recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's "Diagnostic and
Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders", and gender incongruence, as

_	sSB 7 Amendment
133	defined in the most recent revision of the "International Statistical
134	Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems";
135	(3) "Nonprofit organization" means an organization that is exempt
136	from taxation pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code
137	of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the
138	United States, as amended from time to time;
139	(4) "Patient-identifiable data" means any information that identifies,
140	or may reasonably be used as a basis to identify, an individual patient;
141	and
140	
142	(5) "Reproductive health care services" means all medical, surgical,
143	counseling or referral services relating to the human reproductive
144	system, including, but not limited to, services relating to fertility,
145	pregnancy, contraception and abortion.
146	(b) There is established an account to be known as the "safe harbor
147	account", which shall be a separate, nonlapsing account of the State
148	Treasurer. The account shall contain any funds received from any
149	private contributions, gifts, grants, donations, bequests or devises to the
150	account and all earnings on such funds. The State Treasurer shall invest
151	the moneys deposited in the account in a manner that is reasonable and
152	appropriate to achieve the objectives of such account while exercising
153	the discretion and care of a prudent person in similar circumstances

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 154 with similar objectives. The State Treasurer shall give due consideration 155 to the rate of return risk, term or maturity, the diversification of the total 156 portfolio within such account, the liquidity of funds, the projected 157 disbursements and expenditures of funds, and the expected payments, 158 deposits, contributions and gifts to be received. The moneys in the 159 account shall be continuously invested and reinvested in a manner 160 consistent with the objectives of the account until disbursed in 161 accordance with this subsection. Any administrative costs associated 162 with maintenance or disbursement of moneys in the account shall be 163 paid from the account and no taxpayer funds shall pay for such 164 administrative costs, except nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the

165 State Treasurer from utilizing available staff resources to administer the 166 account. Moneys in the account shall be expended by the board of 167 trustees, established pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, for the 168 purpose of providing grants to (1) nonprofit organizations that provide 169 funding for reproductive health care services or gender-affirming health 170 care services or the collateral costs incurred by individuals in receiving such services in the state, or (2) nonprofit organizations that serve 171 172 LGBTQ+ youth or families in the state for the purpose of reimbursing 173 or paying directly to such youth or family members for the collateral 174 costs incurred by such youth or family members in receiving 175 reproductive health care services or gender-affirming health care 176 services in the state.

(c) The safe harbor account shall be administered by a board oftrustees consisting of the following members:

(1) The Treasurer, or the Treasurer's designee, who shall serve aschairperson of the board of trustees; and

181 (2) Four members appointed by the Treasurer, (A) one of whom shall 182 be a provider of reproductive health care services in the state, (B) one of 183 whom shall have experience working with members of the LGBTQ+ 184 community, (C) one of whom shall have experience working with 185 providers of reproductive health care services, and (D) one of whom 186 shall have experience working with providers of health care or mental 187 health services to members of the LGBTQ+ community. When making 188 such appointments, the Treasurer shall use the Treasurer's best efforts 189 to ensure that the board of trustees reflects the racial, gender and 190 geographic diversity of the state.

(d) Not later than September 1, 2025, the board of trustees shall adopt
policies and procedures concerning the awarding of grants pursuant to
the provisions of this section. Such policies and procedures shall
include, but need not be limited to, (1) grant application procedures,
including procedures regarding subgrants, (2) eligibility criteria for
applicant nonprofit organizations, including, but not limited to,

197 subgrantees, and for individuals served by such grants, (3) eligibility 198 criteria for collateral costs, (4) consideration of need of the individuals 199 served by such grants, including, but not limited to, the urgency or time 200 sensitivity of the circumstances and financial need, and (5) procedures 201 to coordinate with any national network created to perform similar 202 functions to those of the safe harbor account, including, but not limited 203 to, procedures for the acceptance of funding transferred to the safe 204 harbor account for a particular use. Such policies and procedures shall 205 not require the collection or retention of patient-identifiable data in 206 order to receive a grant. Such policies and procedures may be updated 207 as deemed necessary by the board of trustees. In the event that the board 208 of trustees determines that the policies and procedures adopted 209 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection are inadequate with respect 210 to (A) determining the eligibility of a certain health care provider or 211 nonprofit organization for a grant, or (B) whether a certain health care 212 service received by or collateral cost incurred by an individual is eligible 213 to be reimbursed or paid by a health care provider or nonprofit 214 organization using grant moneys received pursuant to this section, the 215 board of trustees may make a fact-based determination as to such eligibility. 216

Sec. 6. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) It is hereby declared that opioid use disorder constitutes a public health crisis in this state and will continue to constitute a public health crisis until each goal reported by the Connecticut Alcohol and Drug Policy Council pursuant to subsection (f) of section 17a-667a of the general statutes, as amended by this act, is attained.

Sec. 7. Section 17a-667a of the general statutes is amended by adding
subsection (f) as follows (*Effective from passage*):

(NEW) (f) The Connecticut Alcohol and Drug Policy Council shall convene a working group to establish one or more goals for the state to achieve in its efforts to combat the prevalence of opioid use disorder in the state. Not later than July 1, 2026, the council shall report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
relating to public health regarding each goal established by the working
group.

233 Sec. 8. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) There is established an account 234 to be known as the "public health urgent communication account", 235 which shall be a separate, nonlapsing account. The account shall contain 236 any moneys required by law to be deposited in the account. Moneys in 237 the account shall be expended by the Department of Public Health for 238 the purposes of providing timely, effective communication to members 239 of the general public, health care providers and other relevant 240 stakeholders during a public health emergency, as described in section 241 19a-131a of the general statutes.

242 Sec. 9. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) There is established an account 243 to be known as the "emergency public health financial safeguard 244 account", which shall be a separate, nonlapsing account. The account 245 shall contain any moneys required by law to be deposited in the account. 246 Moneys in the account shall be expended by the Department of Public 247 Health for the purposes of addressing unexpected shortfalls in public 248 health funding and ensuring the Department of Public Health's ability 249 to respond to the health care needs of state residents and provide a 250 continuity of essential public health services. Said department shall not 251 expend any moneys in the account for any of the purposes described in 252 subsection (b) of section 5 of this act.

253 Sec. 10. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2025*) (a) As used in this section:

(1) "Advanced practice registered nurse" means an individual
licensed as an advanced practice registered nurse pursuant to chapter
378 of the general statutes;

(2) "Physician" means an individual licensed as a physician pursuant
to chapter 370 of the general statutes;

(3) "Physician assistant" means an individual licensed as a physicianassistant pursuant to chapter 370 of the general statutes; and

261 (4) "Sudden unexpected death in epilepsy" means the death of a262 person with epilepsy that is not caused by injury, drowning or other263 known causes unrelated to epilepsy.

(b) On and after October 1, 2025, each physician, advanced practice registered nurse and physician assistant who regularly treats patients with epilepsy shall provide each such patient with information concerning the risk of sudden unexpected death in epilepsy and methods to mitigate such risk.

269 Sec. 11. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2025*) (a) As used in this section:

270 (1) "Automated external defibrillator" means a device that: (A) Is used 271 to administer an electric shock through the chest wall to the heart; (B) 272 contains internal decision-making electronics, microcomputers or 273 special software that allows it to interpret physiologic signals, make 274 medical diagnoses and, if necessary, apply therapy; (C) guides the user 275 through the process of using the device by audible or visual prompts; 276 and (D) does not require the user to employ any discretion or judgment 277 in its use;

278 (2) "Managed residential community" means a for-profit or not-for-279 profit facility consisting of private residential units that provides a 280 managed group living environment consisting of housing and services 281 for persons who are primarily fifty-five years of age or older. "Managed 282 residential community" does not include (A) any state-funded 283 congregate housing facility, (B) any elderly housing complex receiving 284 assistance and funding through the United States Department of 285 Housing and Urban Development's Assisted Living Conversion 286 Program, or (C) any affordable housing unit subsidized under the 287 assisted living demonstration project established pursuant to section 288 17b-347e of the general statutes; and

(3) "Nursing home" means (A) any chronic and convalescent nursing
home or any rest home with nursing supervision that provides nursing
supervision under a medical director twenty-four hours per day; or (B)

any chronic and convalescent nursing home that provides skilled
nursing care under medical supervision and direction to carry out
nonsurgical treatment and dietary procedures for chronic diseases,
convalescent stages, acute diseases or injuries.

296 (b) Not later than January 1, 2026, the administrator of each nursing 297 home and each managed residential community shall (1) provide and 298 maintain an automated external defibrillator in a central location on the 299 premises of the nursing home or managed residential community, (2) 300 make such central location known and accessible to staff members and 301 residents of the home or community and family members of such 302 residents who visit the home or community, and (3) maintain and test 303 defibrillator in accordance with the automatic external the 304 manufacturer's guidelines.

305 Sec. 12. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2025*) (a) As used in this section:

306 (1) "Pancreatic cancer screening and referral services" means
307 necessary pancreatic cancer screening services and referral services for
308 a procedure intended to treat cancer of the human pancreas.

309 (2) "Unserved or underserved populations" means patients who are:
310 (A) At or below two hundred fifty per cent of the federal poverty level
311 for individuals; (B) without health coverage for pancreatic cancer
312 screening services; and (C) of an age at which pancreatic cancer
313 screening services are deemed appropriate by medical professionals.

314 (b) Not later than January 1, 2026, the Commissioner of Public Health 315 shall establish, within available appropriations, a pancreatic cancer 316 screening and treatment referral program within the Department of 317 Public Health to (1) promote screening and detection of pancreatic 318 cancer among persons who may be susceptible to the disease due to 319 higher risk factors, (2) educate the public, including unserved and 320 underserved populations, regarding pancreatic cancer and the benefits 321 of early detection, and (3) provide referrals to appropriate pancreatic 322 screening and counseling services and treatment referral services.

323 (c) The program shall include, but need not be limited to:

(1) The establishment of a public education and outreach initiative to publicize (A) pancreatic cancer screening services and the extent of health coverage that may be available for such services; (B) the benefits of early detection of pancreatic cancer and the recommended frequency of screening services, including clinical examinations; and (C) the medical assistance program and any other public or private program that patients may use to access such services;

(2) Linkage to and coordination with pancreatic screening and
counseling services and treatment referral services offered by health
systems, health care entities and providers of such services that are
recognized by the Department of Public Health; and

(3) The use and dissemination of professional education programs
concerning the benefits of early detection of pancreatic cancer and the
recommended frequency of pancreatic cancer screenings.

338 Sec. 13. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) As used in this section:

(1) "Emergency medical services personnel" means (A) any
emergency medical responder certified pursuant to sections 20-206*ll*and 20-206mm of the general statutes, (B) any class of emergency
medical technician certified pursuant to sections 20-206*ll* and 20-206mm
of the general statutes, including, but not limited to, any advanced
emergency medical technician, and (C) any paramedic licensed
pursuant to sections 20-206*ll* and 20-206mm of the general statutes; and

(2) "Glucagon nasal powder" means a class of medications (A)
referred to as glycogenolytic agents that cause the liver to reduce stored
sugar to the blood and are intended for the treatment of severe
hypoglycemia in persons with diabetes who are treated with insulin,
and (B) administered intranasally.

(b) Any emergency medical services personnel who has been trainedin the administration of injectable glucagon may administer glucagon

nasal powder when the use of glucagon is deemed necessary by the
emergency medical services personnel for the treatment of a patient. All
emergency medical services personnel shall receive such training from
an organization designated by the commissioner.

357 (c) All licensed or certified ambulances may be equipped with358 glucagon nasal powder to be administered as described in subsection359 (b) of this section.

Sec. 14. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2025*) (a) As used in this section, (1) "hospital" has the same meaning as provided in section 19a-490 of the general statutes; and (2) "hospital financial assistance" means any program administered by a hospital that reduces, in whole or in part, a patient's liability for the cost of providing services, as defined in section 19a-673 of the general statutes.

366 (b) The Office of the Healthcare Advocate shall contract with a 367 vendor to develop an online hospital financial assistance portal for use 368 by patients and family members. Such portal shall serve as a navigation 369 tool to help patients and family members identify and apply for hospital 370 financial assistance at hospitals in the state. The portal may include, but 371 need not be limited to, (1) technical assistance and tools that streamline 372 the application process for hospital financial assistance, (2) a screening 373 tool to help determine whether patients may be eligible for hospital 374 financial assistance, and (3) information to assist patients and family 375 members in avoiding future medical debt.

376 (c) The Office of the Healthcare Advocate may, (1) in consultation 377 with the Office of Policy and Management, publish on the Office of the 378 Healthcare Advocate's Internet web site information regarding the 379 state's medical debt erasure initiative authorized pursuant to section 48 380 of public act 23-204, as amended by section 1 of public act 24-81, and (2) 381 in consultation with relevant organizations, develop recommendations 382 concerning such initiative that may assist patients and family members 383 in avoiding future medical debt, including, but not limited to, methods 384 to streamline the application process for hospital financial assistance.

385 (d) On and after July 1, 2026, any hospital maintaining a financial 386 assistance program shall provide the Office of the Healthcare Advocate 387 with the (1) links for each Internet web site for such program, and (2) 388 telephone number and electronic mail address for the hospital's 389 financial assistance referral contact. If a hospital revises its hospital 390 financial assistance application form, changes its financial assistance 391 referral contact or establishes a new hospital financial assistance 392 program, the hospital shall notify the Office of the Healthcare Advocate 393 of such revisions, changes or new program and provide said office with 394 any new links for each Internet web site or the telephone number and 395 electronic mail address of the new referral contact for such program not 396 later than thirty days after making such revisions or changes or 397 establishing a new program.

Sec. 15. Section 19a-36h of the general statutes is repealed and thefollowing is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) Not later than January 1, 2023, the commissioner shall adopt and
administer by reference the United States Food and Drug
Administration's Food Code [, as amended from time to time,] and <u>any</u>
revision thereto issued on or before December 31, 2024. The
<u>commissioner may adopt</u> any Food Code Supplement published by said
administration as the state's food code for the purpose of regulating
food establishments.

(b) The commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance with the
provisions of chapter 54, to implement the provisions of this section and
sections 19a-36i to 19a-36m, inclusive.

410 Sec. 16. Section 19a-491f of the general statutes is repealed and the 411 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

(a) Each home health care agency and home health aide agency, as
such terms are defined in section 19a-490, except any such agency that
is licensed as a hospice organization by the Department of Public Health
pursuant to section 19a-122b <u>or that operates solely as a hospice agency</u>,

416 a hospice program, as defined in subsection (b) of section 19-13-D72 of 417 the regulations of Connecticut state agencies, a hospice-based home care program, as described in subsection (o) of section 19a-495-5b of the 418 419 regulations of Connecticut state agencies, or a hospice inpatient facility, 420 as defined in section 19a-495-6a of the regulations of Connecticut state 421 agencies, shall, during intake of a prospective client who will be 422 receiving services from the agency, collect and provide to any employee 423 assigned to provide services to such client, to the extent feasible and 424 consistent with state and federal laws, information regarding: (1) The 425 client, including, if applicable, (A) the client's history of violence toward 426 health care workers; (B) the client's history of substance use; (C) the 427 client's history of domestic abuse; (D) a list of the client's diagnoses, 428 including, but not limited to, psychiatric history; (E) whether the client's 429 diagnoses or symptoms thereof have remained stable over time; and (F) 430 any information concerning violent acts involving the client that is 431 contained in judicial records or any sex offender registry information 432 concerning the client; and (2) the location where the employee will 433 provide services, including, if known to the agency, the (A) crime rate 434 for the municipality in which the employee will provide services, as 435 determined by the most recent annual report concerning crime in the 436 state issued by the Department of Emergency Services and Public 437 Protection pursuant to section 29-1c, (B) presence of any hazardous 438 materials at the location, including, but not limited to, used syringes, (C) 439 presence of firearms or other weapons at the location, (D) status of the 440 location's fire alarm system, and (E) presence of any other safety hazards 441 at the locations.

(b) To facilitate compliance with subparagraph (A) of subdivision (2)
of subsection (a) of this section, each such agency shall annually review
the annual report issued by the department pursuant to section 29-1c to
collect crime-related data regarding the locations in the state where such
agency's employees provide services.

(c) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (a) or (b) of thissection, no such agency shall deny the provision of services to a client

450	information described in subsection (a) of this section, or (2) the		
451	information collected from the client pursuant to subsection (a) of this		
452	section.		
453	(d) Any health care provider, as defined in section 19a-17b, who		
454	refers or transfers a patient to a home health care agency, home health		
455	aide agency or hospice agency shall, at the time of such referral and to		
456	the extent feasible and consistent with state and federal laws, provide		
457	any documentation or information in such health care provider's		
458	possession relating to the topics described in subdivision (1) of		
459	subsection (a) of this section.		
460	Sec. 17 Section 102 401 g of the general statutes is repealed and the		
	Sec. 17. Section 19a-491g of the general statutes is repealed and the		
461	following is substituted in lieu thereof ( <i>Effective October 1, 2025</i> ):		
462	(a) Each home health care agency, [and] home health aide agency and		
463	hospice agency, as such terms are defined in section 19a-490, [except any		
464	such agency that is licensed as a hospice organization by the		
465	Department of Public Health pursuant to section 19a-122b,] shall (1) (A)		
466	adopt and implement a health and safety training curriculum for home		
467	care workers that is consistent with the health and safety training		
468	curriculum for such workers that is endorsed by the Centers for Disease		
469	Control and Prevention's National Institute for Occupational Safety and		
470	Health and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration,		
471	including, but not limited to, training to recognize hazards commonly		
472	encountered in home care workplaces and applying practical solutions		
473	to manage risks and improve safety, and (B) provide annual staff		
474	training consistent with such health and safety curriculum; and (2)		
475	[conduct monthly safety assessments with direct care staff at the		
476	agency's monthly staff meeting] establish a system by which staff may		
477	promptly report an incidence of violence or potential threat of violence		
478	in conjunction with monthly safety assessments conducted with direct		
479	care staff, which assessments may occur through in-person or virtual		
480	staff meetings or other communication methods, including, but not		

solely based on (1) the inability or refusal of the client to provide the

481 limited to, electronic mail, text messages, telephone calls, a hotline or a

sSB 7

## sSB 7

## 482 <u>reporting portal</u>.

483 (b) The Commissioner of Social Services shall require any home 484 health care agency, [and] home health aide agency [, except any such 485 agency that is licensed as a hospice organization by the Department of 486 Public Health pursuant to section 19a-122b, and hospice agency that 487 receives reimbursement for services rendered under the Connecticut 488 medical assistance program, as defined in section 17b-245g, to provide 489 evidence of adoption and implementation of such health and safety 490 training curriculum pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this 491 section, or, at the commissioner's discretion, an alternative workplace 492 safety training program applicable to such agency to obtain 493 reimbursement for services provided under the medical assistance 494 program.

495 (c) The commissioner may, within available appropriations, provide 496 a rate enhancement under the Connecticut medical assistance program 497 for any home health care agency, [or] home health aide agency [, except 498 any such agency that is licensed as a hospice organization by the 499 Department of Public Health pursuant to section 19a-122b,] or hospice 500 agency for timely reporting of any workplace violence incident. For 501 purposes of this section, "timely reporting" means reporting such 502 incident not later than seven calendar days after its occurrence to the 503 Department of Social Services and the Department of Public Health.

Sec. 18. Subsection (a) of section 19a-491h of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*1, 2025):

(a) Not later than January 1, 2025, and annually thereafter, each home
health care agency, [and] home health aide agency <u>and hospice agency</u>,
as such terms are defined in section 19a-490, [except any such agency
that is licensed as a hospice organization by the Department of Public
Health pursuant to section 19a-122b,] shall report, in a form and manner
prescribed by the Commissioner of Public Health, each instance of
verbal abuse that is perceived as a threat or danger by a staff member of

_	sSB 7 Amendment	
514	such agency, physical abuse, sexual abuse or any other abuse by an	
515	agency client <u>or any other person</u> against a staff member [of] <u>relating to</u>	
516	such staff member's employment with such agency and the actions	
517	taken by the agency to ensure the safety of the staff member.	
518	Sec. 19. Section 18-81qq of the general statutes is repealed and the	
519	following is substituted in lieu thereof ( <i>Effective October 1,</i> 2025):	
520	(a) (1) There is, within the Office of Governmental Accountability	
521	established under section 1-300, the Office of the Correction Ombuds for	
522 522	the provision of ombuds services. The Correction Ombuds appointed	
523	pursuant to section 18-81jj shall be the head of said office.	
524	(2) For purposes of this section, "ombuds services" includes:	
525	(A) Evaluating the delivery of services to [incarcerated] persons <u>who</u>	
525 526	<u>are incarcerated</u> by the Department of Correction;	
520	are incarcerated by the Department of Correction,	
527	(B) Reviewing periodically the nonemergency procedures	
528	established by the department to carry out the provisions of title 18 and	
529	evaluating whether such procedures conflict with the rights of	
530	[incarcerated] persons who are incarcerated;	
531	(C) Receiving communications from persons in the custody of the	
532	Commissioner of Correction regarding decisions, actions, omissions,	
533	policies, procedures, rules or regulations of the department;	
50.4		
534	(D) Conducting site visits of correctional facilities administered by	
535	the department;	
536	(E) Reviewing the operation of correctional facilities and	
537	nonemergency procedures employed at such facilities. Nonemergency	
538	procedures include, but are not limited to, the department's use of force	
539	procedures;	
540	(F) Recommending procedure and policy revisions to the	
	(1) recommending procedure and policy revisions to the	

541 department;

(G) Taking all possible actions, including, but not limited to,
conducting programs of public education, undertaking legislative
advocacy and making proposals for systemic reform and formal legal
action in order to secure and ensure the rights of persons in the custody
of the commissioner. The Correction Ombuds shall exhaust all other
means to reach a resolution before initiating litigation; [and]

(H) Publishing on an Internet web site operated by the Office of the
Correction Ombuds a semiannual summary of all ombuds services and
activities during the six-month period before such publication; and

(I) Evaluating the provision of health care services, including, but not
limited to, medical care, dental care, mental health care and substance
use disorder treatment services, to persons who are incarcerated by the
Department of Correction.

555 (b) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, the 556 Correction Ombuds shall act independently of any department in the 557 performance of the office's duties.

(c) The Correction Ombuds may, within available funds, appoint
such staff as may be deemed necessary. The duties of the staff may
include the duties and powers of the Correction Ombuds if performed
under the direction of the Correction Ombuds.

(d) The General Assembly shall annually appropriate such sums as
necessary for the payment of the salaries of the staff and for the payment
of office expenses and other actual expenses incurred by the Correction
Ombuds in the performance of the Correction Ombuds' duties. Any
legal or court fees obtained by the state in actions brought by the
Correction Ombuds shall be deposited in the General Fund.

(e) In the course of investigations, the Correction Ombuds shall rely
on a variety of sources to corroborate matters raised by [incarcerated]
persons <u>who are incarcerated</u> or others. Where such matters turn on
validation of particular incidents, the Correction Ombuds shall
endeavor to rely on communications from [incarcerated] persons <u>who</u>

573 <u>are incarcerated</u> who have reasonably pursued a resolution of the 574 complaint through any existing internal grievance procedures of the 575 Department of Correction. In all events, the Correction Ombuds shall 576 make good faith efforts to provide an opportunity to the Commissioner 577 of Correction to investigate and to respond to such concerns prior to 578 making such matters public.

579 (f) All oral and written communications, and records relating to such 580 communications between a person in the custody of the Commissioner 581 of Correction and the Correction Ombuds or a member of the Office of 582 the Correction Ombuds staff, including, but not limited to, the identity 583 of a complainant, the details of the communications and the Correction 584 Ombuds' findings shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed 585 without the consent of such person, except that the Correction Ombuds 586 may disclose without the consent of such person general findings or 587 policy recommendations based on such communications, provided no 588 individually identifiable information is disclosed. The Correction 589 Ombuds shall disclose sufficient information to the Commissioner of 590 Correction or the commissioner's designee as is necessary to respond to 591 the Correction Ombuds' inquiries or to carry out recommendations, but 592 such information may not be further disclosed outside of the 593 Department of Correction.

594 (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (f) of this section, 595 whenever in the course of carrying out the Correction Ombuds' duties, 596 the Correction Ombuds or a member of the Office of the Correction 597 Ombuds staff becomes aware of the commission or planned commission 598 of a criminal act or threat that the Correction Ombuds reasonably 599 believes is likely to result in death or substantial bodily harm, the 600 Correction Ombuds shall notify the Commissioner of Correction or an 601 administrator of any correctional facility housing the perpetrator or 602 potential perpetrator of such act or threat and the nature and target of 603 the act or threat.

(h) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes concerningthe confidentiality of records and information, the Correction Ombuds

606 shall have access to, including the right to inspect and copy, any records 607 necessary to carry out the responsibilities of the Correction Ombuds, as 608 provided in this section. The provisions of this subsection shall not be 609 construed to compel access to any record protected by the attorney-610 client privilege or attorney-work product doctrine or any record related 611 to a pending internal investigation, external criminal investigation or 612 emergency procedures. For purposes of this subsection, "emergency 613 procedures" are procedures the Department of Correction uses to 614 manage control of tools, keys and armories and concerning department 615 emergency plans, emergency response units, facility security levels and 616 standards and radio communications.

(i) In the performance of the responsibilities provided for in this
section, the Correction Ombuds may communicate privately with any
person in the custody of the commissioner. Such communications shall
be confidential except as provided in subsections (e) and (f) of this
section.

622 (j) The Correction Ombuds may apply for and accept grants, gifts and 623 bequests of funds from other states, federal and interstate agencies, for 624 the purpose of carrying out the Correction Ombuds' responsibilities. 625 There is established within the General Fund a Correction Ombuds 626 account which shall be a separate, nonlapsing account. Any funds 627 received under this subsection shall, upon deposit in the General Fund, 628 be credited to said account and may be used by the Correction Ombuds 629 in the performance of the Correction Ombuds' duties.

630 (k) The name, address and other personally identifiable information 631 of a person who makes a complaint to the Correction Ombuds, 632 information obtained or generated by the Office of the Correction 633 Ombuds in the course of an investigation and all confidential records 634 obtained by the Correction Ombuds or the office shall be confidential 635 and shall not be subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information 636 Act, as defined in section 1-200, or otherwise except as provided in 637 subsections (f) and (g) of this section.

-	sSB 7 Amendment	
638	(l) No state or municipal agency shall discharge, or in any manner	
639	discriminate or retaliate against, any employee who in good faith makes	
640	a complaint to the Correction Ombuds or cooperates with the Office of	
641	the Correction Ombuds in an investigation.	
642	(m) The Correction Ombuds may perform the following functions in	
643	the evaluation of the provision of health care services pursuant to	
644 644	subparagraph (I) of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section:	
011	subparagraph (1) of subarvision (2) of subsection (a) of this section.	
645	(1) Receive, investigate and respond to complaints regarding access	
646	to or quality of health care services within the Department of Correction;	
647	(2) Employ or contract with licensed health care professionals to	
648	provide independent clinical reviews of such complaints, when	
649	necessary;	
650	(3) Collect and analyze health-related data across correctional	
651	facilities, including, but not limited to:	
652	(A) Medical appointment wait times;	
653	(B) Mental health care access;	
654	(C) Medication access and continuity; and	
655	(D) Insideness of hospitalizations and martalities, and	
655	(D) Incidences of hospitalizations and mortalities; and	
656	(4) Make recommendations to the Departments of Correction and	
657	Public Health and the joint standing committees of the General	
658	Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health and the	
659	judiciary regarding necessary improvements in the delivery of health	
660	care services within correctional facilities.	
661	[(m)] (n) Not later than December [1, 2023, and] first, annually,	
662	[thereafter,] the Correction Ombuds shall submit a report, in accordance	
663	with the provisions of section 11-4a, to the joint standing committee of	
664	the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the	
665	Department of Correction regarding the conditions of confinement in	

the state's correctional facilities and halfway houses, including, but not
limited to, the delivery of health care services in such facilities and
halfway houses. Such report shall detail the Correction Ombuds'
findings and recommendations, including, but not limited to,
recommendations for any improvements in the delivery of such
services.

672 Sec. 20. (Effective from passage) The Probate Court Administrator and 673 the Commissioner of Social Services shall evaluate the feasibility of 674 establishing an expedited process for the appointment of a conservator 675 for patients of hospital emergency departments who lack the capacity to 676 consent to receive health care services from the hospital to ensure such 677 patients receive such services in a timely fashion and help alleviate 678 emergency department boarding and crowding. Not later than January 679 1, 2026, said administrator and commissioner shall jointly report, in 680 accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, 681 to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having 682 cognizance of matters relating to public health regarding such 683 evaluation and any recommendations for legislation necessary to 684 establish an expedited conservator process for emergency department 685 patients. As used in this section, "emergency department boarding" 686 means holding patients who have been admitted to the hospital after 687 presenting to the emergency department in the emergency department 688 while awaiting an inpatient bed.

689 Sec. 21. Section 19a-490ii of the general statutes is repealed and the 690 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

691 (a) Not later than January 1, 2025, and annually thereafter until 692 January 1, 2029, each hospital in the state with an emergency 693 department shall, and each hospital operated exclusively by the state 694 may, directly or in consultation with a hospital association in the state, 695 analyze the following data from the previous calendar year concerning 696 its emergency department: (1) The number of patients who received 697 treatment in the emergency department; (2) the number of emergency 698 department patients who were admitted to the hospital; (3) for patients

699 admitted to the hospital after presenting to the emergency department, 700 the average length of time from the patient's first presentation to the 701 emergency department until the patient's admission to the hospital; and 702 (4) the percentage of patients who were admitted to the hospital after 703 presenting to the emergency department but were transferred to an 704 available bed located in a physical location other than the emergency 705 department more than four hours after an admitting order for the 706 patient was completed. Each such hospital shall utilize such analysis 707 with the goals of (A) developing policies or procedures to reduce wait 708 times for admission to the hospital after a patient presents to the

emergency department, (B) informing potential methods to improve
admission efficiencies, and (C) examining root causes for delays in
admission times.

712 (b) Not later than March 1, 2025, and annually thereafter until March 713 1, 2029, each hospital that conducts an analysis pursuant to subsection 714 (a) of this section shall submit a report, in accordance with the 715 provisions of section 11-4a, to the joint standing committee of the 716 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public 717 health and, not later than March 1, 2026, and annually thereafter until 718 March 1, 2029, shall also submit such report to the Commissioners of 719 Public Health and Health Strategy and the Healthcare Advocate, 720 regarding its findings and any recommendations for achieving the goals 721 described in subparagraphs (A) to (C), inclusive, of subdivision (4) of 722 subsection (a) of this section.

Sec. 22. (*Effective from passage*) (a) There is established a working group to evaluate hospital discharge challenges, including, but not limited to, hospital discharge practices, and propose strategies to reduce discharge delays, improve transitions of care and alleviate emergency department boarding.

(b) The working group shall consist of the following members, who
shall be appointed by the chairpersons and ranking members of the joint
standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of
matters relating to public health:

_	sSB 7 Amendment
732 733	(1) Two hospital administrators, who shall be a chief operating officer or vice president of care coordination, one of whom shall be from an
734 735	urban hospital and one of whom shall be from a rural hospital; (2) Two emergency department physicians, who shall be nominated
736	by a college of emergency physicians in the state;
737	(3) One practicing hospitalist with experience in discharge planning;
738 739	(4) Two executives of health systems, one of whom shall be from a community hospital;
740 741	(5) One representative of a commercial health insurer licensed in the state;
742 743	(6) One representative of a care management organization under a Medicaid care management contract with the state;
744	(7) One representative of a skilled nursing facility;
745 746	(8) One representative of a home health or community-based care organization;
747	(9) One behavioral health provider involved in discharge transitions;
748 749	(10) One primary care physician affiliated with a clinically integrated network;
750 751	(11) One representative of a patient advocacy organization with expertise in transitions of care;
752	(12) One representative of an association of hospitals in the state;
753 754	(13) One academic or public health policy expert from an institution of higher education in the state;
755 756	(14) The Commissioner of Public Health, or the commissioner's designee;

_	sSB 7 Amendment
757	(15) The Commissioner of Health Strategy, or the commissioner's
758	designee;
759	(16) The Commissioner of Social Services, or the commissioner's
760	designee;
761	(17) The Insurance Commissioner, or the commissioner's designee;
762	and
763	(18) One member of the joint standing committee of the General
764	Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health and
765	one member of the joint standing committee of the General Assembly
766	having cognizance of matters relating to human services, who shall be
767	nonvoting members of the working group.
768	(a) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the
769	(c) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public
770	health shall serve as the administrative staff of the working group.
110	nearth shan serve as the administrative stan of the working group.
771	(d) Not later than January 15, 2026, the working group shall submit a
772	report of its findings and recommendations, in accordance with the
773	provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, to the joint standing
774	committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
775	relating to public health and human services.
776	Sec. 23. ( <i>Effective from passage</i> ) (a) As used in this section:
777	(1) "Overdose prevention center" means a community-based facility
778	where a person with a substance use disorder may (A) (i) receive
779	substance use disorder and other mental health counseling, (ii) use a test
780	strip or any other drug testing technology to test a substance prior to
781	consuming the substance, (iii) receive educational information
782	regarding opioid antagonists, as defined in section 17a-714a of the
783	general statutes, and the risks of contracting diseases from sharing
784	hypodermic needles and syringes and other drug paraphernalia, (iv)
785	receive referrals to substance use disorder treatment services, and (v)
786	receive access to basic support services, including, but not limited to,

laundry machines, a bathroom, a shower and a place to rest, and (B) in
a separate location within the facility, safely consume controlled
substances under the observation of licensed health care providers who
are present to provide necessary medical treatment in the event of an
overdose of a controlled substance; and

(2) "Test strip" means a product that a person may use to test any
substance, prior to injection, inhalation or ingestion of the substance, for
traces of any component recognized by the Commissioner of Mental
Health and Addiction Services as having a high risk of causing an
overdose to help prevent an accidental overdose by injection, inhalation
or ingestion of such component.

(b) The Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, in
consultation with the Department of Public Health, may establish a pilot
program to prevent drug overdoses through the establishment of
overdose prevention centers in four municipalities in the state selected
by the Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services, subject
to the approval of the governing body of each municipality selected by
said commissioner.

805 (c) Each overdose prevention center established pursuant to 806 subsection (b) of this section shall (1) employ persons, who may include, 807 but need not be limited to, licensed health care providers, with 808 experience treating persons with a substance use disorder, in a number 809 determined sufficient by the Commissioner of Mental Health and 810 Addiction Services, to provide substance use disorder or other mental 811 health counseling and monitor persons utilizing the overdose 812 prevention center for the purpose of providing medical treatment to any 813 person who experiences symptoms of an overdose, (2) provide persons 814 with test strips or any other drug testing technology at the request of 815 such persons, and (3) provide (A) referrals for substance use disorder, 816 or (B) other mental health counseling or other mental health or medical 817 treatment services that may be appropriate for persons utilizing the 818 overdose prevention center. A licensed health care provider who is 819 participating in the pilot program may administer an opioid antagonist

820 to any person to treat or prevent an opioid-related drug overdose. Such 821 licensed health care provider who administers an opioid antagonist in 822 accordance with the provisions of this subsection shall not be liable for 823 damages in a civil action or subject to criminal prosecution for 824 administration of such opioid antagonist and shall not be deemed to 825 have violated the standard of care for such licensed health care provider. 826 A licensed health care provider's participation in the pilot program shall 827 not be grounds for disciplinary action by the Department of Public 828 Health pursuant to section 19a-17 of the general statutes or by any board 829 or commission listed in subsection (b) of section 19a-14 of the general 830 statutes.

831 (d) The Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services may 832 establish an advisory committee to provide recommendations to the 833 Departments of Mental Health and Addiction Services and Public 834 Health concerning the overdose prevention pilot program in accordance 835 with subsection (e) of this section. If the commissioner establishes the 836 advisory committee, the commissioner shall serve as chairperson of the 837 advisory committee and the advisory committee shall consist of the 838 following additional members: (1) The Attorney General, or the 839 Attorney General's designee; (2) a representative of a medical society in 840 the state; (3) a representative of an association of hospitals in the state; 841 (4) a representative of the Connecticut chapter of a national society of 842 addiction medicine; (5) a person with a substance use disorder; (6) a 843 person working in overdose prevention; (7) two current or former law 844 enforcement officials, one of whom is or was a law enforcement official 845 in the state; (8) a representative of a conference of municipalities in the 846 state; (9) a person who has suffered a drug overdose; (10) a family 847 member of a person who suffered a fatal drug overdose; (11) a professor 848 at an institution of higher education in the state with experience 849 researching issues concerning overdose prevention; (12) a person with 850 experience in the establishment or operation of one or more overdose 851 prevention centers located outside of the United States; and (13) a 852 representative of a northeastern coalition of harm reduction centers.

_	sSB 7 Amendment
853 854 855 856	(e) Any advisory committee established pursuant to subsection (d) of this section shall make recommendations regarding the overdose prevention pilot program to the Commissioners of Mental Health and Addiction Services and Public Health concerning the following:
857 858	(1) Methods of maximizing the public health and safety benefits of overdose prevention centers;
859 860	(2) The proper disposal of hypodermic needles and syringes and other drug paraphernalia from the overdose prevention centers;
861 862 863	(3) The availability of programs to support persons utilizing the overdose prevention centers in their recovery from a substance use disorder;
864 865	(4) Any laws impacting the establishment and operation of the overdose prevention centers;
866 867 868	(5) Appropriate guidance to relevant professional licensing boards concerning health care providers who provide services at the overdose prevention centers; and
869 870 871	(6) The consideration of any other factors relevant to the overdose prevention centers that are beneficial to promoting the public health and safety.
872 873 874	(f) The Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services may adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the provisions of this section.
875 876 877 878 878 879 880 881	(g) Not later than January 1, 2027, the Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services shall report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health regarding the operation of the pilot program, if established, and any recommendations from the advisory committee, if established, concerning such pilot program or any legislation necessary to establish

sSB 7

882 overdose prevention centers on a permanent basis.

(h) The Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services shall
not expend any state funds in the implementation or operation of the
pilot program. The department may accept donations and grants of
money, equipment, supplies, materials and services from private
sources, and receive, utilize and dispose of such money, equipment,
supplies, material and services in the implementation and operation of
the pilot program.

Sec. 24. Subsection (b) of section 19a-638 of the general statutes is
repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(b) A certificate of need shall not be required for:

894 (1) Health care facilities owned and operated by the federal895 government;

(2) The establishment of offices by a licensed private practitioner,
whether for individual or group practice, except when a certificate of
need is required in accordance with the requirements of section 19a493b or subdivision (3), (10) or (11) of subsection (a) of this section;

900 (3) A health care facility operated by a religious group that 901 exclusively relies upon spiritual means through prayer for healing;

(4) Residential care homes, as defined in subsection (c) of section 19a490, and nursing homes and rest homes, as defined in subsection (o) of
section 19a-490;

905 (5) An assisted living services agency, as defined in section 19a-490;

906 (6) Home health agencies, as defined in section 19a-490;

907 (7) Hospice services, as described in section 19a-122b;

908 (8) Outpatient rehabilitation facilities;

_	sSB 7 Amendment
909	(9) Outpatient chronic dialysis services;
910	(10) Transplant services;
911	(11) Free clinics, as defined in section 19a-630;
912	(12) School-based health centers and expanded school health sites, as
913	such terms are defined in section 19a-6r, community health centers, as
914	defined in section 19a-490a, not-for-profit outpatient clinics licensed in
915	accordance with the provisions of chapter 368v and federally qualified
916	health centers;
917	(13) A program licensed or funded by the Department of Children
918	and Families, provided such program is not a psychiatric residential
919	treatment facility;
920	(14) Any nonprofit facility, institution or provider that has a contract
921	with, or is certified or licensed to provide a service for, a state agency or
922	department for a service that would otherwise require a certificate of
923	need. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to a short-term
924	acute care general hospital or children's hospital, or a hospital or other
925	facility or institution operated by the state that provides services that are
926	eligible for reimbursement under Title XVIII or XIX of the federal Social
927	Security Act, 42 USC 301, as amended;
928	(15) A health care facility operated by a nonprofit educational
929	institution exclusively for students, faculty and staff of such institution
930	and their dependents;
931	(16) An outpatient clinic or program operated exclusively by or
932	contracted to be operated exclusively by a municipality, municipal
933	agency, municipal board of education or a health district, as described
934	in section 19a-241;
935	(17) A residential facility for persons with intellectual disability
936	licensed pursuant to section 17a-227 and certified to participate in the
937	Title XIX Medicaid program as an intermediate care facility for

sSB 7

938 individuals with intellectual disabilities;

939 (18) Replacement of existing computed tomography scanners, 940 magnetic resonance imaging scanners, positron emission tomography 941 scanners, positron emission tomography-computed tomography 942 scanners, or nonhospital based linear accelerators, if such equipment 943 was acquired through certificate of need approval or a certificate of need 944 determination, provided a health care facility, provider, physician or 945 person notifies the unit of the date on which the equipment is replaced 946 and the disposition of the replaced equipment, including if a 947 replacement scanner has dual modalities or functionalities and the 948 applicant already offers similar imaging services for each of the 949 equipment's modalities or functionalities that will be utilized;

950 (19) Acquisition of cone-beam dental imaging equipment that is to be951 used exclusively by a dentist licensed pursuant to chapter 379;

(20) The partial or total elimination of services provided by an
outpatient surgical facility, as defined in section 19a-493b, except as
provided in subdivision (6) of subsection (a) of this section and section
19a-639e;

(21) The termination of services for which the Department of PublicHealth has requested the facility to relinquish its license;

958 (22) Acquisition of any equipment by any person that is to be used959 exclusively for scientific research that is not conducted on humans;

960 (23) On or before June 30, 2026, an increase in the licensed bed 961 capacity of a mental health facility, provided (A) the mental health 962 facility demonstrates to the unit, in a form and manner prescribed by 963 the unit, that it accepts reimbursement for any covered benefit provided 964 to a covered individual under: (i) An individual or group health 965 insurance policy providing coverage of the type specified in 966 subdivisions (1), (2), (4), (11) and (12) of section 38a-469; (ii) a self-967 insured employee welfare benefit plan established pursuant to the 968 federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended

_	sSB 7 Amendment	
969	from time to time; or (iii) HUSKY Health, as defined in section 17b-290,	
970	and (B) if the mental health facility does not accept or stops accepting	
971	reimbursement for any covered benefit provided to a covered	
972	individual under a policy, plan or program described in clause (i), (ii) or	
973	(iii) of subparagraph (A) of this subdivision, a certificate of need for such	
974	increase in the licensed bed capacity shall be required; [.]	
975	(24) The establishment [at] <u>of</u> harm reduction centers through the	

- 975 (24) The establishment [at] <u>of</u> harm reduction centers through the
  976 pilot program established pursuant to section 17a-673c <u>or overdose</u>
  977 <u>prevention centers through the pilot program established pursuant to</u>
- 978 <u>section 23 of this act</u>; or

979 (25) On or before June 30, 2028, a birth center, as defined in section
980 19a-490, that is enrolled as a provider in the Connecticut medical
981 assistance program, as defined in section 17b-245g."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following

sections:		and shan anend the following
Section 1	from passage	19a-38
Sec. 2	from passage	New section
Sec. 3	from passage	New section
Sec. 4	from passage	New section
Sec. 5	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 6	from passage	New section
Sec. 7	from passage	17a-667a(f)
Sec. 8	from passage	New section
Sec. 9	from passage	New section
Sec. 10	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 11	October 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 12	October 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 13	from passage	New section
Sec. 14	July 1, 2025	New section
Sec. 15	from passage	19a-36h
Sec. 16	October 1, 2025	19a-491f
Sec. 17	October 1, 2025	19a-491g
Sec. 18	October 1, 2025	19a-491h(a)
Sec. 19	October 1, 2025	18-81qq
Sec. 20	from passage	New section

Sec. 21	from passage	19a-490ii
Sec. 22	from passage	New section
Sec. 23	from passage	New section
Sec. 24	from passage	19a-638(b)