

## General Assembly

## **Amendment**

January Session, 2025

LCO No. 9137



Offered by:

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To: Subst. House Bill No. 6846

File No. 143

Cal. No. 117

"AN ACT CONCERNING THE USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND OTHER MEANS TO GENERATE DECEPTIVE SYNTHETIC MEDIA AND AFFECT ELECTIONS."

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
- 2 following in lieu thereof:
- 3 "Section 1. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2025) (a) As used in this section:
- 4 (1) "Candidate" means any individual who seeks nomination for
- 5 election, or election to public office whether or not such individual is
- 6 elected;
- 7 (2) "Deceptive synthetic media" means any image, audio or video of
- 8 an individual, and any representation of such individual's speech or
- 9 conduct that is substantially derived from any such image, audio or
- 10 video, which a reasonable person would believe depicts the speech or
- 11 conduct of such individual when such individual did not in fact engage
- 12 in such speech or conduct;

13 (3) "Election" has the same meaning as provided in section 9-1 of the 14 general statutes;

- 15 (4) "Individual" means a human being;
- 16 (5) "Person" has the same meaning as provided in section 9-601 of the 17 general statutes; and
- 18 (6) "Primary" has the same meaning as provided in section 9-372 of 19 the general statutes.
- 20 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, no person shall 21 distribute, or enter into any agreement to distribute, a communication 22 containing any image, audio or video of an individual during the 23 ninety-day period preceding any election or primary if:
- (1) Such person (A) knows or should reasonably know that such image, audio or video is deceptive synthetic media, or (B) in the case where the individual depicted therein is a public official or public figure, acts with reckless disregard as to whether such image, audio or video is deceptive synthetic media;
- 29 (2) The communication containing such deceptive synthetic media is 30 distributed without the consent of such individual; and
- 31 (3) Such distribution is intended to injure a candidate or influence the result of such election or primary.
- 33 (c) A person may distribute, or enter into an agreement to distribute, 34 a communication containing deceptive synthetic media during the 35 ninety-day period preceding a primary or election if:
- 36 (1) For such deceptive synthetic media that:
- (A) Is an image or consists only of an image, (i) a disclaimer stating
  "This communication contains an image that has been manipulated" or
  "This image has been manipulated", as applicable, or using substantially
  the same words, appears in text that is clearly visible to and easily

readable by the average viewer, and (ii) in the case of any such image that was generated by editing or manipulating an existing image, a citation directing such viewer to the original source from which the unedited or unmanipulated version of such existing image was obtained;

- (B) Consists only of audio, (i) a disclaimer stating "This communication contains audio that has been manipulated", or using substantially the same words, is read in a clearly spoken manner, in a pitch that can be easily heard by the average listener and in the same language as the deceptive synthetic media and any other language such person should reasonably expect such listener to speak or understand, and which disclaimer is read at the beginning of such communication, at the end of such communication and, if such communication is greater than one minute in length, interspersed within such communication at not less frequently than thirty-second intervals, and (ii) in the case of any such audio that was generated by editing or manipulating existing audio, a citation directing such listener to the original source from which the unedited or unmanipulated version of such existing audio was obtained; or
- (C) Is a video, (i) a disclaimer stating "This communication contains video that has been manipulated", or using substantially the same words, appears in text that is clearly visible to and easily readable by the average viewer and is in the same language as the deceptive synthetic media and any other language such person should reasonably expect such viewer to speak or understand, and which disclaimer appears for the duration of such communication, and (ii) in the case of any such video that was generated by editing or manipulating an existing video, a citation directing such viewer to the original source from which the unedited or unmanipulated version of such existing video was obtained; or
- 71 (2) Such person is:
- 72 (A) A radio station or television station, whether broadcast, cable or

satellite and including, but not limited to, any producer or programmer or any certified competitive video service provider, community antenna television company, holder of a certificate of cable franchise authority or holder of a certificate of video franchise authority, as those terms are defined in section 16-1 of the general statutes, or a streaming or other digital broadcast service provider, that (i) broadcasts communication containing deceptive synthetic media as part of a bona fide newscast, news interview, news documentary or other on-the-spot coverage of bona fide news events, (ii) (I) retains the disclaimer upon such communication required under subdivision (1) of this subsection, or (II) except in the case of any such on-the-spot coverage, adds such a disclaimer at the time of such broadcast if such communication did not previously include such a disclaimer, and (iii) except in the case of any such on-the-spot coverage for which such person does not have reason to believe that such communication contains deceptive synthetic media, clearly states in the content of such broadcast that such communication contains deceptive synthetic media; or

(B) An Internet web site or regularly published newspaper, magazine or other periodical of general circulation, including, but not limited to, any regularly published periodical of general circulation that is published electronically or on the Internet, that (i) publishes such communication containing deceptive synthetic media as part of such person's routine carriage of news and commentary of general interest, (ii) (I) retains the disclaimer upon such communication required under subdivision (1) of this subsection, or (II) adds such a disclaimer at the time of such publication if such communication did not previously include such a disclaimer, and (iii) clearly states in the content of such publication that such communication contains deceptive synthetic media.

(d) Whenever a person purchases advertising space for the broadcast of a communication described in section 9-621 of the general statutes, which broadcast is by an entity described in subparagraph (A) of subdivision (2) of subsection (c) of this section, such entity may require

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that such person attest, under penalties of false statement, that such communication does not contain any deceptive synthetic media. If such entity obtains such attestation from such person, such entity shall not be liable under this section, unless such entity (1) develops knowledge that such communication contains deceptive synthetic media, and (2) with such knowledge, proceeds to distribute, continue to distribute or enter into an agreement to distribute such communication containing deceptive synthetic media.

- (e) (1) Any person who violates the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, with knowledge that such person is distributing or entering into an agreement to distribute a communication containing deceptive synthetic media, shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor, except that:
- 118 (A) If such violation was committed with the intent to cause violence 119 or bodily harm, or to distribute deceptive synthetic media to an 120 audience and such audience exceeds ten thousand individuals, such person shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and
  - (B) If such violation was committed less than five years after a prior conviction under subsection (b) of this section, such person shall be guilty of a class D felony.
  - (2) Any penalty imposed under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be in addition to any injunctive or other equitable relief or any general or special damages ordered under subsection (f) of this section.
  - (f) (1) (A) The Attorney General, an individual described in subsection (b) of this section, or a candidate who alleges that such candidate has been or is likely to be injured by the distribution of a communication containing deceptive synthetic media in violation of the provisions of said subsection, may commence a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction seeking to permanently enjoin any person whose violation of the provisions of said subsection is reasonably believed to be imminent, or who is in the course of violating the provisions of said subsection, and other equitable relief.

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(B) An individual described in subsection (b) of this section, or a candidate who has been injured by the distribution of a communication containing deceptive synthetic media in violation of the provisions of said subsection, may commence a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction seeking to recover general or special damages resulting from such distribution.

- (2) In any civil action commenced under subdivision (1) of this subsection, the plaintiff shall bear the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that the defendant distributed, or will imminently distribute, a communication containing deceptive synthetic media in violation of the provisions of subsection (b) of this section.
- (3) Any party, other than the Attorney General, who prevails in a civil action commenced under subdivision (1) of this subsection may be awarded reasonable attorney's fees and costs to be taxed by the court.
- (g) (1) The provisions of subsections (a) to (f), inclusive, of this section shall not apply to (A) any image, audio or video of an individual, or any representation of an individual's speech or conduct that is substantially derived from an image, audio or video, that constitutes parody or satire, provided a reasonable person would not believe that such individual in fact engaged in speech or conduct as depicted in such image, audio or video, or (B) any political advertising or campaign communication the distribution of which is required by law, including, but not limited to, 47 USC 315 and any rule or regulation prescribed thereunder, as amended from time to time.
- (2) It shall not be a violation of the provisions of subsection (b) of this section for a person who is required to distribute, or who is required to enter into an agreement to distribute, any communication containing deceptive synthetic media to do so for the purpose of complying with the prohibition set forth in 47 USC 315, or any rule or regulation prescribed thereunder, as amended from time to time, against censorship over the material broadcast by a legally qualified candidate, as defined in 47 CFR 73.1940, as amended from time to time.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to impose liability on a person engaged in the provision of (A) broadband Internet service, as defined in 47 CFR 8, as amended from time to time, or a telecommunications service, as defined in section 16-247a of the general statutes, for the transmission of content provided by another person or for the routine delivery of an electronic mail message, as defined in section 53-454 of the general statutes, (B) direct-to-home satellite services, as defined in 47 USC 303, as amended from time to time, or any affiliate of a person providing the services described in this subparagraph, or (C) cable service, as defined in 47 USC 522, as amended from time to time, for the transmission of content provided by another person."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	July 1, 2025	New section