

General Assembly

Amendment

January Session, 2025

LCO No. 10153



Offered by:

REP. PARKER, 101st Dist. REP. BUMGARDNER, 41st Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. **6917**

File No. 884

Cal. No. 578

"AN ACT CONCERNING THE MANAGEMENT OF SOLID WASTE IN THE STATE."

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
- 2 following in lieu thereof:
- 3 "Section 1. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2027) (a) For purposes of this
- 4 section:
- 5 (1) "Single-use plastic" means any disposable plastic stirrer, splash
- 6 stick or foodware accessory intended for one-time use. "Single-use
- 7 plastic" does not include any beverage container, as defined in section
- 8 22a-243 of the general statutes;
- 9 (2) "Food vendor" means any facility licensed as a food vendor
- 10 pursuant to chapter 417 of the general statutes, including, but not
- limited to, restaurants, food trucks, cafeterias and other establishments
- 12 engaged in the sale or distribution of prepared food and beverages; and
- 13 (3) "Polystyrene" means any blown polystyrene, expanded foam or

extruded foam that is a thermoplastic petrochemical material that utilizes a styrene monomer and that is processed by any number of techniques, including, but not limited to, the fusion of polymer spheres, injection molding, foam molding or extrusion-blown molding. "Polystyrene" does not include any meat tray used for prepared foods or any egg carton.

- (b) On and after July 1, 2028, no state or municipal agency, vendor with a government contract, school, business or food vendor shall sell, use, purchase or provide any: (1) Foodware or beverage product composed, in whole or in part, of polystyrene, including, but not limited to, takeout containers, trays and cups, (2) packaging product composed of polystyrene, except packaging peanuts, (3) plastic stirrer or splash stick, following the expiration of any such contract that provides for the sale, use, purchase or provision of any such product, packaging product, plastic stirrer, splash stick or foodware accessory as of such date.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit any municipality from adopting and enforcing ordinances that impose stricter restrictions on single-use plastics than those set forth in this section.
 - (d) The provisions of this section shall not be construed to apply to any packaging product composed of polystyrene or that contains polystyrene loose fill that: (1) Is used for prepackaged food that was filled and sealed prior to receipt by a retail establishment, business or food vendor, (2) is used to contain or store raw or frozen meat or seafood sold from a butcher case or similar retail appliance, (3) is a cooler or ice chest, provided such polystyrene is fully encased in another material, or (4) is a reusable polystyrene for agricultural use. Additionally, the provisions of this section shall not be construed to apply to any patient care unit in a hospital, including a chronic disease hospital, or rehabilitation facility if such facility determines that there is a legitimate need to use polystyrene foodware or beverage products to serve such patients.
- 45 Sec. 2. (Effective from passage) (a) There is established a task force to

study the reduction in single-use plastics in the state. Such study shall

- 47 identify sustainable alternatives to such single-use plastics, develop
- 48 recommendations for single-use plastics reduction, propose a plan and
- 49 identify resources for the enforcement of section 1 of this act, including
- 50 by school districts, develop an implementation plan for the elimination
- of single-use plastics, including appropriate alternatives, disposal and
- 52 budgeting, develop options for enforcement of such elimination and
- 53 determine reasonable time frames for the implementation of additional
- 54 reductions in single-use plastics in the state.
- (b) The task force shall consist of the following members who shall
- 56 have experience or expertise in the areas of school nutrition programs,
- 57 business interests, restaurant operations, recycling, municipal
- 58 operations, plastics reduction, industries that utilize single-use plastics
- 59 or hospital operations:
- 60 (1) Two appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives;
- 61 (2) Two appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate;
- 62 (3) Two appointed by the majority leader of the House of
- 63 Representatives;
- 64 (4) Two appointed by the majority leader of the Senate;
- 65 (5) Two appointed by the minority leader of the House of
- 66 Representatives;
- 67 (6) Two appointed by the minority leader of the Senate;
- 68 (7) The Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection, or
- 69 the commissioner's designee;
- 70 (8) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection, or the commissioner's
- 71 designee;
- 72 (9) The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, or the
- 73 secretary's designee; and

74 (10) The Commissioner of the Department of Education, or the commissioner's designee.

- (c) Any member of the task force appointed under subdivision (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) or (6) of subsection (b) of this section may be a member of the General Assembly.
- (d) All initial appointments to the task force shall be made not later
 than thirty days after the effective date of this section. Any vacancy shall
 be filled by the appointing authority.
- (e) The speaker of the House of Representatives and the president pro tempore of the Senate shall select the chairpersons of the task force from among the members of the task force. Such chairpersons shall schedule the first meeting of the task force, which shall be held not later than sixty days after the effective date of this section.
- (f) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the environment shall serve as administrative staff of the task force.
 - (g) Not later than February 1, 2026, the task force shall submit a report on its findings and recommendations to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the environment, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes. The task force shall terminate on the date that it submits such report or February 1, 2026, whichever is later.
- 96 Sec. 3. Section 22a-226e of the general statutes is amended by adding 97 subsections (f) and (g) as follows (*Effective October 1, 2025*):
 - (NEW) (f) Each commercial food wholesaler or distributor, industrial food manufacturer or processor, supermarket, institution, other than a restaurant, resort or conference center that generates an average projected volume of not less than twenty-six tons per year of source-separated organic material, including any source-separated organic material subject to the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) of this

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section, shall, on or before January 1, 2026, adopt a written policy pertaining to a food donation program that: (1) Describes how the distributor, manufacturer, wholesaler, processor, supermarket, institution, resort or conference center will make best efforts to donate excess edible food, as determined by such entity, using acceptable industry standards; (2) is designed to (A) reduce such wholesaler's, distributor's, manufacturer's, processor's, supermarket's, institution's, resort's or conference center's food waste, (B) support the operations of food relief organizations, and (C) ensure that all food donated by such wholesaler, distributor, manufacturer, processor, supermarket, resort or conference center under such policy is safe and fit for human consumption; (3) provides for the education of such wholesaler's, distributor's, manufacturer's, processor's, supermarket's, institution's, resort's or conference center's management, employees and third-party vendors who manage food for such facility regarding the food distribution process and the relationship between such process and food waste; (4) requires such wholesaler, distributor, manufacturer, processor, supermarket, institution, resort or conference center to make reasonable efforts to identify, and partner with, not less than two food relief organizations for the purpose of donating excess edible food to such food relief organizations prior to any such food becoming sourceseparated organic material, as described in subsections (a) and (b) of this section; and (5) includes a framework to formalize and streamline such wholesaler's, distributor's, manufacturer's, processor's, supermarket's, institution's, resort's or conference center's protocols concerning food donation.

(NEW) (g) If multiple wholesalers, distributors, manufacturers, processors, supermarkets, institutions, resorts or conference centers subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section are under common ownership, such wholesalers, distributors, manufacturers, processors, supermarkets, institutions, resorts or conference centers may adopt a common written policy for the purpose of compliance with the provisions of subsection (f) of this section."

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This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the follow	ving
sections:	

Section 1	July 1, 2027	New section
Sec. 2	from passage	New section
Sec. 3	October 1, 2025	22a-226e(f) and (g)