

General Assembly

Amendment

January Session, 2025

LCO No. 10506



Offered by:

SEN. SAMPSON, 16th Dist. SEN. BERTHEL, 32nd Dist.

To: House Bill No. 7287

File No.

Cal. No.

(As Amended)

"AN ACT CONCERNING THE STATE BUDGET FOR THE BIENNIUM ENDING JUNE 30, 2027, AND MAKING APPROPRIATIONS THEREFOR, AND PROVISIONS RELATED TO REVENUE AND OTHER ITEMS IMPLEMENTING THE STATE BUDGET."

- 1 Strike section 162 in its entirety and renumber the remaining sections
- 2 and internal references accordingly
- 3 After the last section, add the following and renumber sections and
- 4 internal references accordingly:
- 5 "Sec. 501. Section 31-53 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 6 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):
- 7 (a) Each contract for the construction, remodeling, refinishing,
- 8 refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair of any public works
- 9 project by the state or any of its agents [, or by any political subdivision
- of the state or any of its agents, shall contain the following provision:

"The wages paid on an hourly basis to any person performing the work of any mechanic, laborer or worker on the work herein contracted to be done and the amount of payment or contribution paid or payable on behalf of each such person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (i) of this section, shall be at a rate equal to the rate customary or prevailing for the same work in the same trade or occupation in the town in which such public works project is being constructed. Any contractor who is not obligated by agreement to make payment or contribution on behalf of such persons to any such employee welfare fund shall pay to each mechanic, laborer or worker as part of such person's wages the amount of payment or contribution for such person's classification on each pay day."

(b) If the commissioner, upon inspection or investigation of a complaint, believes that a contractor or subcontractor has knowingly or wilfully employed any mechanic, laborer or worker in the construction, remodeling, refinishing, refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair of any public works project for or on behalf of the state or any of its agents [, or any political subdivision of the state or any of its agents,] at a rate of wage on an hourly basis that is less than the rate customary or prevailing for the same work in the same trade or occupation in the town in which such public works project is being constructed, remodeled, refinished, refurbished, rehabilitated, altered or repaired, or who has failed to pay the amount of payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each such person to any employee welfare fund, or in lieu thereof to the person, as provided by subsection (a) of this section, such contractor or subcontractor shall be issued a citation and may be fined five thousand dollars for each offense. The commissioner shall maintain a list of any contractor or subcontractor that, during the three preceding calendar years, violates this section or enters into a settlement with the commissioner to resolve any claim brought by the commissioner pursuant to this section. For each contractor or subcontractor placed on such list, the commissioner shall record the following information: (1) The nature of the violation; (2) the total amount of wages and fringe benefits making up the violation or agreed upon in any settlement with

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

the commissioner; and (3) the total amount of civil penalties and fines agreed upon by the commissioner. The commissioner shall review the list on the first day of May each year for the preceding rolling three-year period and may refer for debarment any contractor or subcontractor that committed a violation of this section during the rolling three-year period. The commissioner shall refer for debarment any contractor or subcontractor that entered into one or more settlement agreements with the commissioner where the sum total of all settlements within such period exceeds fifty thousand dollars in back wages or fringe benefits, or entered into one or more settlement agreements with the commissioner where the sum total of all settlements within such period exceeds fifty thousand dollars in civil penalties or fines agreed upon by the commissioner. Any contractor or subcontractor the commissioner refers for debarment may request a hearing before the commissioner. Such hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54. In addition, if it is found by the contracting officer representing the state [or political subdivision of the state] that any mechanic, laborer or worker employed by the contractor or any subcontractor directly on the site for the work covered by the contract has been or is being paid a rate of wages less than the rate of wages required by the contract to be paid as required by this section, the state [or contracting political subdivision of the state] may (A) by written or electronic notice to the contractor, terminate such contractor's right to proceed with the work or such part of the work as to which there has been a failure to pay said required wages and to prosecute the work to completion by contract or otherwise, and the contractor and the contractor's sureties shall be liable to the state [or the contracting political subdivision] for any excess costs occasioned the state [or the contracting political subdivision] thereby, or (B) withhold payment of money to the contractor or subcontractor. The contracting department of the state [or the political subdivision of the state] shall, not later than two days after taking such action, notify the Labor Commissioner, in writing or electronically, of the name of the contractor or subcontractor, the project involved, the location of the work, the violations involved, the date the contract was terminated, and steps taken to collect the

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70 71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

80 required wages.

81

82

83

84

85

86

87

88

89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

98

99

100

101

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

(c) The Labor Commissioner may make complaint to the proper prosecuting authorities for the violation of any provision of subsection (b) of this section.

(d) For the purpose of predetermining the prevailing rate of wage on an hourly basis and the amount of payment, contributions and member benefits paid or payable on behalf of each person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (i) of this section, in each town where such contract is to be performed, the Labor Commissioner shall adopt the rate of wages on an hourly basis in accordance with the provisions of this section and section 31-76c and the amount of payment, contributions and member benefits, including health, pension, annuity and apprenticeship funds, as recognized by the United States Department of Labor and the Labor Commissioner paid or payable on behalf of each person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (i) of this section, as established in the collective bargaining agreements or understandings between employers or employer associations and bona fide labor organizations for the same work in the same trade or occupation in the town in which the applicable public works project, as defined in section 31-56a, is being constructed. For each trade or occupation for which more than one collective bargaining agreement is in effect for the town in which such project is being constructed, the collective bargaining agreement of historical jurisdiction shall prevail. For each trade or occupation for which there is no collective bargaining agreement in effect for the town in which the public works project is being constructed, the Labor Commissioner shall adopt and use such appropriate and applicable prevailing wage rate determinations as have been made by the Secretary of Labor of the United States under the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act, as amended.

(e) The Labor Commissioner shall determine the prevailing rate of wages on an hourly basis and the amount of payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of such person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (i) of this section, in each locality where any

such public work is to be constructed, and the agent empowered to let such contract shall contact the Labor Commissioner, at least ten but not more than twenty days prior to the date such contracts will be advertised for bid, to ascertain the proper rate of wages and amount of employee welfare fund payments or contributions and shall include such rate of wage on an hourly basis and the amount of payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (i) of this section, or in lieu thereof the amount to be paid directly to each person for such payment or contributions as provided in subsection (a) of this section for all classifications of labor in the proposal for the contract. The rate of wage on an hourly basis and the amount of payment or contributions to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (i) of this section, or cash in lieu thereof, as provided in subsection (a) of this section, shall, at all times, be considered as the minimum rate for the classification for which it was established. Prior to the award of any contract, purchase order, bid package or other designation subject to the provisions of this section, such agent shall certify to the Labor Commissioner, either in writing or electronically, the total dollar amount of work to be done in connection with such public works project, regardless of whether such project consists of one or more contracts. Upon the award of any contract subject to the provisions of this section, the contractor to whom such contract is awarded shall certify, under oath, to the Labor Commissioner the pay scale to be used by such contractor and any of the contractor's subcontractors for work to be performed under such contract.

(f) Each employer subject to the provisions of this section, section 31-53c, subsection (f) of section 31-53d or section 31-54 shall (1) keep, maintain and preserve such records relating to the wages and hours worked by each person performing the work of any mechanic, laborer and worker and a schedule of the occupation or work classification at which each person performing the work of any mechanic, laborer or worker on the project is employed during each work day and week in such manner and form as the Labor Commissioner establishes to assure

113

114

115

116117

118

119

120

121

122

123

124

125

126

127

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138

139

140

141

142

143

144145

the proper payments due to such persons or employee welfare funds under this section, section 31-53c, subsection (f) of section 31-53d or section 31-54, regardless of any contractual relationship alleged to exist between the contractor and such person, provided such employer shall have the option of keeping, maintaining and preserving such records in an electronic format, and (2) submit monthly to the contracting agency or the Department of Economic and Community Development pursuant to section 31-53c or to the developer of a covered project, as defined in section 31-53d, as applicable, by mail, electronic mail or other method accepted by such agency, the Department of Economic and Community Development or such developer, a certified payroll that shall consist of a complete copy of such records accompanied by a statement signed by the employer that indicates (A) such records are correct; (B) the rate of wages paid to each person performing the work of any mechanic, laborer or worker and the amount of payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each such person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (i) of this section, are not less than the prevailing rate of wages and the amount of payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each such person to any employee welfare fund, as determined by the Labor Commissioner pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, and not less than those required by the contract to be paid; (C) the employer has complied with the applicable provisions of this section, section 31-53c, subsection (f) of section 31-53d and section 31-54; (D) each such person is covered by a workers' compensation insurance policy for the duration of such person's employment, which shall be demonstrated by submitting to the contracting agency the name of the workers' compensation insurance carrier covering each such person, the effective and expiration dates of each policy and each policy number; (E) the employer does not receive kickbacks, as defined in 41 USC 52, from any employee or employee welfare fund; and (F) pursuant to the provisions of section 53a-157a, the employer is aware that filing a certified payroll which the employer knows to be false is a class D felony for which the employer may be fined up to five thousand dollars, imprisoned for up to five years, or both. This subsection shall not be construed to prohibit a general contractor

147

148

149

150151

152

153

154

155

156

157158

159

160

161

162

163

164

165

166

167

168169

170

171

172

173

174

175

176

177

178

179

180

from relying on the certification of a lower tier subcontractor, provided the general contractor shall not be exempted from the provisions of section 53a-157a if the general contractor knowingly relies upon a subcontractor's false certification. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1-210, the certified payroll shall be considered a public record and every person shall have the right to inspect and copy such records in accordance with the provisions of section 1-212. The provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of section 31-59 and sections 31-66 and 31-69 that are not inconsistent with the provisions of this section, section 31-53c or 31-54 apply to this section. Failing to file a certified payroll pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection is a class D felony for which the employer may be fined up to five thousand dollars, imprisoned for up to five years, or both.

- (g) Any contractor who is required by the Labor Department to make any payment as a result of a subcontractor's failure to pay wages or benefits, or any subcontractor who is required by the Labor Department to make any payment as a result of a lower tier subcontractor's failure to pay wages or benefits, may bring a civil action in the Superior Court to recover no more than the damages sustained by reason of making such payment, together with costs and a reasonable attorney's fee.
- (h) (1) The provisions of this section shall not apply where (A) the combined total cost or total bond authorization for all work to be performed by all contractors and subcontractors in connection with new construction of any public works project is less than one million dollars, or (B) the combined total cost of all work to be performed by all contractors and subcontractors in connection with any remodeling, refinishing, refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair of any public works project is less than one hundred thousand dollars.
- (2) On and after October 31, 2017, and prior to July 1, 2019, the provisions of this subdivision shall not apply where the work to be performed by any contractor or subcontractor in connection with new construction, remodeling, refinishing, refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair of any public works project funded in whole or in

part by any private bequest that is greater than nine million dollars but less than twelve million dollars for a municipality in New Haven County with a population of not less than twelve thousand and not more than thirteen thousand, as determined by the most recent population estimate by the Department of Public Health.

- (3) On and after July 1, 2019, and prior to January 1, 2020, the provisions of this subdivision shall not apply where the work to be performed by any contractor or subcontractor in connection with new construction, remodeling, refinishing, refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair of any public works project funded in whole or in part by any private bequest that is greater than nine million dollars but less than twenty-two million dollars for a municipality in New Haven County with a population of not less than twelve thousand and not more than thirteen thousand, as determined by the most recent population estimate by the Department of Public Health.
- (i) As used in this section and sections 31-53c and 31-54, "employee welfare fund" means any trust fund established by one or more employers and one or more labor organizations or one or more other third parties not affiliated with the employers to provide from moneys in the fund, whether through the purchase of insurance or annuity contracts or otherwise, benefits under an employee welfare plan; provided such term shall not include any such fund where the trustee, or all of the trustees, are subject to supervision by the Banking Commissioner of this state or any other state or the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States or the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and "benefits under an employee welfare plan" means one or more benefits or services under any plan established or maintained for persons performing the work of any mechanics, laborers or workers or their families or dependents, or for both, including, but not limited to, medical, surgical or hospital care benefits; benefits in the event of sickness, accident, disability or death; benefits in the event of unemployment, or retirement benefits.
- Sec. 502. Section 7-112 of the general statutes is repealed and the

220

221

222

223

224

225

226

227

228

229

230

231

232

233

234

235

236

237

238

239

240

241

242

243

244

245

- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):
- 249 The provisions of [sections 31-52, 31-53 and 31-54] <u>section 31-52</u> shall
- apply to the construction, remodeling or repair of any public building
- by any political subdivision of this state or any of its agents.
- Sec. 503. Section 7-502 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):
- [(a) The provisions of section 31-53 shall apply to contractual arrangements for the construction, reconstruction or rehabilitation of development property.]
- [(b)] (a) The provisions of sections 49-41 to 49-43, inclusive, shall apply to any construction, reconstruction or rehabilitation of development property undertaken by a municipality or a governmental unit or nonprofit corporation to which a municipality has delegated powers pursuant to section 7-486.
 - [(c)] (b) The provisions of sections 7-467 to 7-473c, inclusive, 7-474 to 7-477, inclusive, and of chapter 561 and any provisions of any special act, municipal charter or ordinance granting to employees rights of organization, representation and collective bargaining shall apply to any powers exercised or actions undertaken pursuant to this chapter by a municipality or a governmental unit or nonprofit corporation to which a municipality has delegated powers pursuant to section 7-486."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Sec. 501	July 1, 2025	31-53
Sec. 502	July 1, 2025	7-112
Sec. 503	July 1, 2025	7-502

262

263

264

265

266

267