2013 Program Report Card: Birth to Three System, Department of Developmental Services

Quality of Life Result: All Connecticut children are healthy and ready for school success at age 5, contributing to a reduction in Connecticut's achievement gap

Contribution to the Results: The program strengthens the capacity of Connecticut's families to meet the developmental and health-related needs of their infants and toddlers who have significant delays or disabilities, ensuring that more of these children are ready for Kindergarten.

Program Expenditures	State Funding	Federal Funding	Other Funding	Total Funding
Actual SFY12	\$38,840,094*	\$5,432,721	\$5,922,014	\$50,194,829
Estimated SFY 13	\$36,686,949*	\$6,977,715**	\$6,679,592	\$50,344,256

* Medicaid federal reimbursement projection of \$6M will offset state funding. FY12 reimbursement was \$6,230,795 ** Includes \$2M in carryover from FY12

Partners: Local school districts, physicians, hospitals, Office of Policy and Management; the Departments of Public health, Insurance, Education, Children and Families, Rehabilitation Services, Administrative Services, and Social Services; The University of Connecticut, State and Local Interagency Coordinating Councils, Early Childhood Cabinet, HMO Association and Anthem; and United Way.

How Much Did We Do?

Performance Measure 1: The number of children under three enrolled



Story behind the baseline:

The Birth to Three System enrollment is based upon the number of referrals received, the percentage of those referred who are eligible (Connecticut has very narrow eligibility criteria) and those whose parents decide to accept services (some decline due to the fee schedule or for other reasons.)

The above graph shows the unduplicated number of eligible children who received services during any part of each fiscal year. The drop in 2005-2008 can be attributed to eligibility changes made in July 2003 plus the requirement of fees that began in January 2004.

Although Connecticut's birth rate continues to decline, 10% of children born each year are enrolled in Birth to Three by age three.

How Well Did We Do It?

Performance Measure 2: The percentage of infants enrolled

% Enrolled by 12 Months of Age by Fiscal Year



Story behind the baseline:

The earlier a child with a disability can be identified and enrolled, the more months of early intervention services and supports their families can receive. Birth to Three data compared with Dept. of Public Health data indicates that there are children who would be automatically eligible for services from birth who are not being enrolled or whose enrollment is delayed until they are older. In 2011, the Birth to Three System began an initiative to identify the root causes of delayed enrollment and to address them.

The above graph shows the percentage of children in Connecticut under age one that are enrolled based on a one-day count divided by Census Bureau estimates of the number of children under age one. The census data used for the 2012 calculation is provisional.

Trend: ◀►

Trend: ◀►

Trend: ▼ Feb. 4, 2013

Trend Going in Right Direction? ▲Yes; ▼ No; ↔ Flat/ No Trend

Is Anyone Better Off?

Performance Measure 3: The percentage of children not requiring special education services as they enter Kindergarten

% Not Requiring Special Education Entering Kindergarten



Story behind the baseline:

Using state assigned student identifiers, (SASIDs) children who were enrolled in Birth to Three can be tracked longitudinally. Department of Education data from the fall of 2000 through 2011 indicates that about 51% of children do not require special education if they have received Birth to Three services. For those children who remain in Birth to Three until age three, approximately 80% are eligible to receive special education services at age three. The trend shows a slightly increased percentage from 49% in 2000 to 51% in 2011 (the most recent SDE data available). This translates to some increased savings in special education costs to the state and to municipalities.

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